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BRITAIN RESOLVES TO HOLD SEA MASTERY BUT OPPOSES CONSCRIPT ARMIES IN EUROPE

HOLLAND CLAIMS RIGHT TO SHELTER W. HOHENZOLLERN

Right of Former Emperor to Sanctuary Maintained During Debate in the Dutch Parliament.

EX-KAISER IS SILENT REGARDING THE WAR

He Says That if He Is to Be Tried He Prefers to Postpone His Statement Until That Time.

The Hague, December 11.—The former German emperor is entitled to the right of sanctuary in Holland and t! efore his return to Germany cannot be demanded, according to a statement made today by Jonkheer Beerenbruck, in the lower chamber of parliament during a debate on the visit of the former emperor to Holland.

The premier said the government would have preferred that the former emperor had not chosen Holland as a refuge, but that he came as a private individual after renouncing his throne, without direct or indirect notification of his intended arrival.

No Question of Internment.

After renunciation of his throne, Jonkheer Beerenbruck continued, there could not be a question of internment, nor could the former emperor's return to Germany be demanded in view of the immemorial tradition of right of sanctuary. The Netherlands government could adopt no line of conduct but that of granting "the right of sanctuary" and accepting it as a fact accomplished.

The government, the premier continued, must repudiate every effort to see in this step an unneutral attitude. Nevertheless, he said the once emperor's stay in Holland was only regarded as temporary. Up to the present no power had protested against his visit, but any eventual demand for extradition must pass the test of law and of treaty. The government, the premier concluded, would not allow the former emperor to exercise any influence in another country.

William Hohenzollern crossed the Dutch frontier from Germany November 10. His formally issued notice of abdication was "made and executed and signed by our own hand with the imperial seal at Amerongen, November 28." Amerongen is in Holland and therefore the former emperor had been in that country nineteen days when he formally laid down the sceptre and relinquished the throne.

HERR HOHENZOLLERN SILENT ABOUT WAR.

London, December 11.—William Hohenzollern will not make any statement as to his efforts to prevent the outbreak of war in 1914, according to the Amerongen correspondent of The Express. The correspondent has finally succeeded in having submitted to Herr Hohenzollern questions as to his pacific attitude before the war and his steps to prevent hostilities. Count von Bentinck, the host of the former emperor, received the correspondent after the question had been laid before Herr Hohenzollern and is reported to have said:

"The kaiser much appreciates your message and thanks you. He says 'Tell him if there is any possibility of my becoming a defendant

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Facing the Turk Across Suvla Bay

OWEN COBB HOLLERAN.

Atlantan who fought through four campaigns in the British army, kept a diary throughout his life as a private in the Royal Dublin Fusiliers.

Through the horrors of the Gallipoli campaign, through the freezing days in the mountains of Macedonia, he wrote the intimate, dramatic details of his day-to-day life. He doesn't gloss over the horror, but he transmits to the reader his own nonchalant, "devil-may-care" Irish spirit.

The publication of this diary and the full story of Owen Cobb Holleran will commence in next Sunday's Constitution.

It is the greatest, most graphic personal experience story yet written from the war.

IN SUNDAY'S CONSTITUTION

Pope Will Accord President Wilson Sovereign Honors

Papal Under Secretary of State Goes to London to Arrange for Interview With President.

Paris, December 11.—Telegraphing from Rome, The Temps correspondent says:

"President Wilson's reception by Pope Benedict probably will take place the afternoon of December 23 as the pontiff will receive the sacred college in the morning for the Christmas reception.

Assurance has been given that no obstacle of any kind will be raised with regard to the visit of President Wilson. He may leave the quirinal, where he is to be the king's guest, and go direct to the vatican, where he will be received with sovereign honors.

"The Messaggero says that the visit of Monsignor Bonaventura Cerretti, papal under secretary of state, to London to meet President Wilson and his desire to arrange an interview with President Wilson can have no political meaning in the president's eyes."

France Redeemed Clemenceau Feels Life Journey Ends

Remarkable Speech by the French Premier After His Return From Visit to Alsace-Lorraine.

Paris, December 11.—Returning from redeemed Alsace-Lorraine today, Premier Clemenceau delivered one of the most remarkable speeches ever heard in the chamber of deputies. The speech dealt with Alsace and Lorraine, and the premier was greeted with enthusiasm.

The chamber was quietly discussing the question of mining privileges in Algeria when the aged premier made his appearance. There was hearty applause from all sides of the house as the "old tiger" ascended the tribune and began his address in a low voice.

"For me in this life, which at times has seemed mesirably long," said M. Clemenceau, "it has been permitted that I should travel over the stage of crime which has been committed between Bordeaux and Strasbourg. What has been accomplished surpasses anything history has ever registered before.

"The redemption of Alsace-Lorraine has been the goal of my life. A young girl to whom I spoke in Strasbourg said to me: 'We may now smile, M. Clemenceau. We have wept long enough.'

"I am speechless. Silence alone could cope with such a situation. Many times have I felt life not worth living, but since young girls from Alsace-Lorraine in the exuberance of their joy kiss me, saying, 'savior,' my journey of life is finished.

"Some day, some one will tell about these heroic sacrifices which have lasted half a century. We must go to the homes of the Alsatians and Lorrainians."

Leaving the chamber, M. Clemenceau hurried to his office in the ministry of war in St. Dominque street, walking spiritedly over the court of Bourbon palace and ascending the fifty-four steps leading to his office with youthful agility. When seen by the correspondent immediately on his arrival the premier showed not the slightest sign of exertion as a result of his quick trip from the chamber to his desk.

Scant Garb for Women Knocked and Boosted By Women Physicians

Chicago, December 11.—Arguments for and against scanty attire for women by woman doctors occupied the attention of the American public health association today.

Dr. Jeannette Throckmorton, of Charlton, Iowa, who made the address which started the discussion, declared the customary street dress of women last summer was an offense to public decency. She blamed the good women of the country for allowing their daughters to "defy pneumonia and influenza with a lavallere for protection."

Dr. Effie L. Lobdell, of Chicago, indorsed the wearing of fewer clothes by women from both moral and hygienic standpoints.

"Women are cleaner now because they have to be to wear these thin clothes," Dr. Lobdell said, "and the character of our art and the spread of education about sex hygiene remove any tendency to indecency in the public mind. I favor, also, a uniform dress for each industry, which a girl can put on at her office or workshop."

Dr. Lee K. Frankel, of New York, was elected president of the association tonight. The next meeting will be held in New Orleans.

BULGAR REVOLUTION REPORTED FAILURE

London, December 11.—Nothing is known officially in London regarding the reported abdication of King Boris, of Bulgaria, Reuter's limited is officially informed. The revolution there was unsuccessful, it is stated.

The report of the abdication of King Boris was received by way of Copenhagen early in November. It was said that a peasant government had been established under the leadership of M. Stambuliwsky, who had been the chief of the peasants and Agrarians of Bulgaria for some time. No news has been received since to substantiate this report, which apparently had reached Copenhagen from a German source.

BEARING SCARS, AMERICA'S SONS BACK FROM WAR

7,740 Soldiers, Sailors, Marines and Aviators, Representing Nearly Every State, Land at New York.

HUNDREDS OF THE MEN ARE CRIPPLED FOR LIFE

And Some Were Unable to Discern Torch Which Liberty Statue Holds High Above N. Y. Harbor--Incidents of Doughboy Grit Recited.

New York, December 11.—Welcomed home as heroic sons of the nation, 7,740 more soldiers, sailors, marines and aviators, representing virtually every state in the union, entered fog-bound New York harbor today on six large transports from Europe. The tales these men told about one another were narrations of American high courage on French battlefields, on the open seas and in the air above France and England. Hundreds of the men, maimed for life, by wounds received in some of the war's heaviest fighting, were hurried to hospitals, and the others went to camps, where they will be demobilized.

Some had left America as scarcely more than boys, but they came back as men, either wounded or sound. The wounded included soldiers who had walked with crutches when their ships sailed from Europe, and who, made exultant by their homecoming, tossed their props aside and declared themselves "cured" as if by the miracle of their return. Here was a man with a jaw shot away and happy in his expectation of rejoining his wife and children. There was a man with both feet gone, amputated by surgeons after the bones had been splintered by German shells, in the bloody Argonne forest, but glad, he said, that he had served country and flag regardless of the cost to himself.

Some Blinded Men.

Other men had met with a different misfortune; these were unable to discern the torch which the statue of libery held high above the busy harbor and moving transports. As there were others who could not hear the port's whistles and the air raid sirens which shrieked their welcoming demonstration. Many of these

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WAR RELIEF FUND WORKERS REPORT SUCCESSFUL DAY

Meeting in the office of Harold Hirsch, chairman of the local committee, workers for the Jewish War Relief fund on Wednesday morning reported $10,000 of the $30,000 yet required to fill the quota subscribed.

The three-day campaign, which opened on Tuesday, has met with gratifying success, stated the workers, and it is felt certain that the final reports for the last day's work will undoubtedly show the full quota on hand.

Atlanta's quota in this drive was set at $100,000, but before the opening of the actual canvass over $70,000 had been voluntarily subscribed. Fifty-five thousand dollars of this came on Wednesday of last week at the banquet tendered to Henry Morgenthau, former ambassador to Turkey, and the remainder was phoned or mailed in by individuals and business houses, which desired to join in this noble work for the benefit of the war sufferers in Europe.

Similar reports of success are coming in daily to Victor H. Kriegshaber, chairman of the general executive committee for the state campaign. Georgia's entire quota, including Atlanta, is $300,000, and local chairmen from practically every town in the state have already reported heavy proportions of their allotments filled. Quite a number have, in fact, already heavily oversubscribed, and it is thought probable that the result for the entire state will show a general oversubscription.

The needs of the six million homeless and starving people in Europe, wo can now, by reason of the cessatio nof hostilities, be reached by the relief workers, have touched a responsive chord in the hearts of Americans and all classes, Jew and Gentile alike, have hastened to aid this fund collected under the auspices of the Jews, but as broad as human sympathy i- its appeal.

Many hundreds of thousands of these innocent sufferers from war's ravages have died of starvation during the past four years, and it is the determination of the leaders in charge of the Jewish War Relief fund that not one more shall unnecessarily perish. Hence this campaign for funds.

U. S. CONTROL OF RAILROADS TO CONTINUE FOR FIVE YEARS IF CONGRESS MINDS WILSON

RAILROAD MEN NOT SURPRISED

They Have Had Intimation That Wilson Wanted to Prolong U. S. Control--Rail Advisory Committee in Session.

Philadelphia, December 11.—Recommendation by Director General McAdoo that government control of railroads continue until January, 1924, was no surprise to the railroad executives of the country, it was learned tonight. The railroad executives advisory committee, which is in conference here on problems relating to the return of the roads to private operation, had intimations from Washington that the administration was considering the advisability of recommending an extension of government control.

Despite the fact that they said the news was no surprise, railroad heads tonight read with great interest the Washington dispatches, especially the reasons given by Director General McAdoo for recommending the continuance, but none of them would express his views.

The advisory committee is made up of 24 members, representing 125 railroads throughout the country. This committee, at a meeting in New York on December 4, adopted resolutions that government ownership and operation of American railways "is not conducive to the highest economic efficiency of the country."

Among the problems the advisory committee is under instructions to consider at its Philadelphia meeting is a system of governmental regulation when the properties are returned which, while safeguarding the public, will provide uniformity of regulation in essential matters, insure a business treatment of the interests involved, attract adequate capital and assure the commercial, manufacturing and agricultural interest of the country of their facilities which shall keep pace with their necessities. This system which congress will be asked to adopt, should aim, the committee has declared, to deal equitably with questions affecting wages and working conditions of railroad employees.

The sessions are executive and it was stated that probably nothing will be made public until the committee finishes its work.

It was pointed out tonight that the recommendation of Director General McAdoo extends government control of railroad three years beyond the maximum estimate by President Wilson in his recent address to congress.

COMPLETING PLANS ROLL CALL DRIVE

Chairman Rambo Stresses Necessity of Energetic Work of Ward Organizations Until Beginning of Red Cross Membership Campaign.

The necessity for effilcent and energetic work between now and Monday night, when the great Red Cross Christmas roll call will open, was stressed at Wednesday's meeting of the executive committee and ward chairmen, by R. K. Rambo, chairman of the committee.

"There will not be, I feel sure," said Mr. Rambo, "much difficulty about securing members for the Red Cross—every individual is anxious for the opportunity to join this magnificent organization—the only difficulty I anticipate is in securing sufficient workers to accept the applications for membership and to get the organization completely ready by Monday night."

In line with this idea every ward chairman has been instructed to hold a meeting tonight, either at his residence or some other convenient place, with his ten team captains and detail with them the final plans for the house-to-house canvass which these men will conduct on Monday night. One member of the executive committee has been detailed to each ward and they will be held responsible for these meetings and for the attendance of all captains.

Assignment of each captain to the specific territory in his ward that he is to cover on the Monday night canvass will be made at these meet-

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Youtsey Paroled After Years in Pen For Killing Goebel

Congressman Caleb Powers and Others Involved With Youtsey — Goebel Was Murdered in 1900.

Frankfort, Ky., December 11.—Henry Youtsey, who has been serving a life term sentence on a charge of complicity in the murder of former Governor William Goebel, of Kentucky, was paroled tonight by the Kentucky board of prison control, according to an announcement made by Herbert Carr, member of the board. Youtsey will leave the penitentiary tomorrow.

After Governor Goebel was murdered, as a result of a bitter political contest, Youtsey, Congressman Caleb Powers and several other persons, were arrested.

Many prominent persons have attempted for years to obtain the release of Youtsey.

Former Governor Goebel was murdered in 1900.

SIX MEN KILLED ON U. S. WARSHIP

31 Others Also Injured by Coal Dust Explosion on Cruiser Brooklyn — Explosion Occurred at Yokohama.

Washington, December 11.—Six men of the armored cruiser Brooklyn were killed and 31 others injured, some seriously, in an explosion of coal dust aboard the vessel last Monday at Yokohama, Japan, where she was coaling. The navy department was so informed today in a dispatch from the commanding officer of the Asiatic fleet, of which the Brooklyn was the flagship.

The dead are:

Chief Watertender William B. Redmond, Red Bank, N. J.; Firemen: John W. Shaw, Tishomingo, Okla.; Wane M. Johnson, Pastura, N. M.; Roscoe W. Morris, Houston, Tex.; Homer Sherwood, Comptche, Cal.; Theodore T. Thevinin, Shoshone, Idaho.

The southern men injured are:

Ernest L. Dunlap, Baird, Texas; Alvin L. Greer, Sparta, La.; Thomas D. Kerley, Blowing Rock, N. C.

The navy department's announcement said the Brooklyn was not damaged and that a court of inquiry had been called to investigate the explosion, which was in several compartments of the berth deck and in the ship's bunkers. No cause was assigned. One of the men was killed outright, while the other five died of their injuries.

The Brooklyn has been stationed at Vladivostok since the American expeditionary force landed there after decision was reached to have a joint expedition into Siberia, participated in by the associated nations. She was the flagship of Rear Admiral Schley at the battle of Santiago in 1898, and is one of the most famous ships in the navy.

DOZEN SPIES SHOT IN LONDON TOWER DURING WORLD WAR

London, December 11.—During the war twelve spies were shot in the Tower of London, according to the report now current. Carl Hans Lody, alias Charles A. Inglis, who, at one time, was a resident of Omaha, Neb., was the first to be executed.

Two women spies were sentenced to death, but both were reprieved, the sentences being commuted to long prison terms. One of the women, Lizzie Werthe, regarded as very dangerous, was tried in company with a man named Rowlands. Rowlands was executed. This couple made frequent journeys between London and Rosyth, Scotland, and obtained information regarding the movements of the British fleet. This information, however, it is declared, never reached Germany. The other woman spy was Eva De Bournouville, who is now undergoing penal servitude for life.

One spy hanged himself in Brixton prison, while many others convicted of espionage escaped the extreme penalty.

GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS LEADS COSSACK FORCE

London, December 11.—Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaivietch, former commander-in-chief of the Russian army, is now in command of a force of Cossacks in southern Russia, according to a Russian wireless message received here today. His staff headquarters is at Katerinovka station, southeast of Ekaterinoslav.

SPEND $500,000 ON FT. M'PHERSON

Base Hospital Will Be Made One of Most Complete in Country—New Buildings to Be Constructed and Present Ones Remodeled.

Approximately $500,000 will be expended by the government in the near future in the construction of new buildingsfl erpaids and the completion of the heating system at the general hospital at Fort McPherson, according to an official announcement made here yesterday.

This will be done in accordance with a plan to make this hospital modern and complete as was announced by the war department in an inquiry to Colonel Bratton as to just what was needed to place the hospital on this basis. In answer to this inquiry, which was received some time ago, Colonel Bratton submitted plans for several new buildings and extensive remodelling of old ones, at the cost of approximately $250,000. It has not been ascertained whether the government will carry out these plans in detail, but the hospital authorities have been assured that the hospital was soon to be made modern and complete.

Approximately $250,000 is now being expended on three heating systems which are now being installed in the northern, central and southern part of the fort.

2,000-Bed Capacity.

The present capacity of the hospital is 1,300 beds and when the plans outlined are completed the capacity will be increased to 2,000 beds.

In connection with the work, Major Simonds, of Camp Cody, New Mexico, has been assigned to take charge of the construction division of the quartermaster's corps at the fort. This work was formerly under the supervision of Major P. A. Larned, of the quartermaster's corps.

The new buildings will include a laboratory, three new hospital buildings, one of which will be a psychiatric ward for the treatment of shell shocked men. It is probable that a motor repair shop, which will be used as a place where the disabled men will be instructed in motor repairing and a large garage for the motor transportation of the post will be added to the list of new buildings. It is also probable that the gas system will be extended to the new diet kitchens.

The four buildings which have been occupied by the guards, and which were vacated yesterday when the guards were sent to Camp Gordon to be mustered out, will be remodeled and used for wards for wounded men.

Experiment Laboratory.

The laboratory department, which is the experimenting headquarters for the southeastern division of the army, and which is now occupying very crowded and inadequate headquarters, will be greatly benefited by the new building which is planned to accommodate this department. When the new building is complete all the laboratory equipment which was used while the headquarters was located in the Hurt building will be brought into use. At present onl yhalf of the equipment is being used and Captain George R. Moffet, the expert bacteriologist, who is in charge of this department, states that larger and more commodious headquarters is all needed to bring this department up to the standard set by the government. This department is now housed in five small rooms with a corps of thirty-eight bacteriologists and chemists

SILVER CHEVRON GIVEN SOLDIERS KEPT AT HOME

Washington, December 11.—Officers and men of the army who failed to reach the fighting front by reason of the duties imposed upon them in this country will not be denied recognition of their service in the winning of the war. By direction of President Wilson, as commander-in-chief of the army, General March, chief of staff, today issued an order that hereafter such men shall be entitled to wear a silver chevron similar to the gold one authorized for service overseas.

"The president," said the order, "desires, on behalf of the nation, to express his appreciation of the vitally essential and self-sacrificing service given by officers and men whom military necessity has held and is holding for performance of duties outside the theater of active operations. Their contributions to military success is no less than that of those who have had opportunity for service at the front. On them developed the creation of the great armies of the nation and their supply with the equipment and stores weer indispensable to military operations.

"Without them, the troops abroad could have accomplished nothing. In many instances their retention on home duty has been due to their exceptional military and administrative efficency. They have been in readiness for any service which the interests of the government required them to perform and have been cheerful and without thought of self when given duties not in accordance with their own desires. The country holds in grateful appreciation the fundamental service they have rendered in winning the war."

The officers and men will be entitled to wear one silver chevron for each six months of service.

Secretary McAdoo, Acting for the President, Urges That Period of Government Control Be Extended to January 1, 1924.

EXTENSION WILL TEST VALUE OF U. S. CONTROL

McAdoo Says Such Extension Would Also Take Railroad Question Out of Politics — Secretary Says People Have Right to Test Federal Operation.

Washington, December 11.—Extension of the period of government control of railroads for five years, until January 1, 1924, was recommended to congress tonight by Director General McAdoo. Advantages of this, Mr. McAdoo said, are that it would take the railroad question out of politics for the present, give time for carrying out an extensive program of improvements, and provide the opportunity for a fair test of unified control to indicate the permanent solution of the railroad problem.

"The president has given me permission to say that this conclusion accords with his own view of the matter," Mr. McAdoo concluded.

The letter was addressed to Senator Smith, of South Carolina, and Representative Sims, chairmen, respectively, of the senate and house interstate commerce committees. Mr. McAdoo explained that to continue government operation for twenty-one months after formal declaration of peace under present conditions would mean disruption of morale among employees and officers, and could not enable the government to go ahead with improvements and purchase of equipment. Another alternative, the prompt return of the railroads to private control, without legislation to permit elimination of the old wasteful competition, would be "hurtful alike to the public interest and to the railroads themselves," he said, and the difficulty of obtaining immediate legislation providing a permanent solution, is apparent.

Extend Period of Control.

"There is one, and to my mind only one, practicable and wise alternative," Mr. McAdoo continued, "and that is to extend the period of federal control from the one year and nine months provided by the present law to five years, or until the first day of January, 1924. This extension would take the railroad question out of politics for a reasonable period. It would give composure to railroad officers and employees. It would admit of the preparation and carrying out of a comprehensive program of improvements to the railroads and their terminal facilities which would immensely increase the efficiency of the transportation machine. It would put back of the railroads the credit of the United States during the five-year period so that the financing of these improvements could be successfully carried out. It would offer the necessary opportunity under proper conditions to test the value of unified control, and the experience thus gained would of itself indicate the permanent solution of the railroad problem.

"The American people have a right to have this test. They should not be denied it. It is to their interest that it should be done. In my opinion it is the only practicable and reasonable method of determining the right solution of this grave economic problem.

Experience Beats Theory.

"I am not now and have not been for the past year interested in proving or disproving the theory of government ownership or any other kind of theory. The railroads have been operated for the past year with the purpose of serving efficiently the paramount needs of the war and at the same time furnishing the best possible service to the public, whether such operation tended to prove or to disprove any theory of railroad control, no matter what it might be. I have formed no opinion myself as to what is the best disposition of the railroad problem because the test has not been sufficient to prove conclusively the right solution of the problem. I believe that a five-year test will give the American people the right answer. An ounce of experience is worth a ton of theory.

"There are those who may say that an extension of five years for such a test will mean government

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NOTICE IS SERVED BY LLOYD-GEORGE THAT BRITISH NAVY REMAINS SUPREME

"Watch Wilson!" Cried Voice When Premier Made Statement--Lloyd-George Says War Was Caused by Great Conscript Armies in Europe, and Conscription Must Go if Peace Is to Endure.

SUM OF $120,000,000,000 SOUGHT FROM GERMANY BY ALLIED NATIONS

And Debt Must Be Paid to Extent of German Ability, Says Premier. Allies Also Resolved to Punish Kaiser and Accomplices, and Hope America Will Agree. Lloyd-George Says British Fleet Is Purely for Defense, and Its Protection Won't Be Yielded.

Bristol, December 11.—The war bill of the allies against Germany is £24,000,000,000 ($120,000,000,000), according to the British prime minister, David Lloyd-George, who presented this and other interesting facts before a large gathering here today. The cost of the war to Great Britain was £8,000,000,000 ($40,000,000,000).

Before the war the estimated wealth of Germany, said the premier, was between £15,000,000,000 and £20,000,000,000 ($75,000,000,000 and $100,000,000,000) sterling. So, if the whole wealth of Germany were taken there would not be enough to pay the account. Therefore he had used the words: "Germany should pay to the utmost limit of her capacity."

When the prime minister was addressing an overflow meeting, he said Great Britain would be guilty of great folly if she gave up her navy.

"Watch Wilson!" Cried Briton.

A voice interrupted:

"Then watch Wilson!"

The premier replied:

"Well, I hope to meet him in a fortnight. I will tell him what you say."

"Wherever the request comes from, we are not going to give up the protection of the navy, so far as Great Britain is concerned."

Premier Lloyd-George said the English military service act was passed in order to meet a great emergency. When that emergency was passed the need was passed and the act would lapse. He added there was no intention to renew it. Whether Great Britain would require conscription in the future in any shape or form, Mr. Lloyd-George said, depended not upon the opinion which he now expressed, but upon the peace terms which were made.

Conscription Made for War.

Continuing, the prime minister said:

"What drove us to conscription

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Washington—Forecast:

Georgia—Fair Thursday, except rain near coast; slightly colder; Friday fair.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	60
Lowest temperature	51
Mean temperature	56
Normal temperature	45
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches.	.12
Deficiency since 1st of mo., ins.	1.30
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches.	4.31

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High.	Rain 24 hrs Inches
ATLANTA, foggy	51	60	.12
Birmingham, p c	64	70	.01
Boston, rain	34	34	.08
Charleston, cldy.	58	62	.16
Chicago, clear	42	46	.00
Des Moines, clear	38	44	.00
Galveston, cldy.	62	66	.01
Jacksonville, clr	66	72	.06
Kansas City, clr	48	52	.00
Miami, clear	74	76	.00
Mobile, pt. cldy.	66	72	.00
Montgomery, clr	66	72	.00
New Orleans, cly	66	70	.00
North Platte, clr	38	46	.00
Oklahoma, cldy.	50	56	.00
Phoenix, cldy.	54	54	.58
Pittsburg, clear.	46	52	.56
Raleigh, cldy	42	44	.04
San Francisco clr	48	50	.00
St. Louis, clear.	50	54	.00
S. Lake City, p c	30	36	.00
Tampa, clear	70	82	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN, Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

was the existence of conscript armies on the continent that inevitably rushed the world into war. They could not have great military machines there without tempting the men at the head of them to try their luck with those machines. The Germans always felt there was nothing to resist their perfect military machine.

"If you want a permanent peace: if you want to prevent the horrors of this war being repeated you must put an end to conscript armies on the continent of Europe.

"The first thing to do is to prevent the repetition of blunders of the past by making it impossible to have those great conscript armies in the future.

"We did not have the machinery for an offensive war. Our navy is a defensive weapon and not an offensive one; and that is why we do not mean to give it up. We have kept these islands free from invasion for centuries, and we mean to take no risk in the future."

Mr. Lloyd-George declared that the decision which would be taken in the next few months in the peace conference was going to leave a mark upon the world. The ages to come, he said, would be able to reap the fruits of it.

Germany Must Pay for War.

The premier next dealt with the question of indemnity. He declared the war had cost Germany less than it had cost Great Britain. It had cost Great Britain, he declared, £8,000,000,000, a gigantic sum. The German bill, he believed, was £6,000,000,000, or £7,000,000,000. He contended it was indefensible that the person who was in the wrong and had lost should pay less than the person who was declared to be in the right and had won.

The premier said a British imperial commission had been appointed to investigate the capacity of Germany (to pay) and that he had received its report. He summarized his remarks on this point as follows:

"First—As far as justice is concerned, we have an absolute right to demand the whole cost of the war from Germany.

"Second—We propose to demand the whole cost of the war from Germany.

"Third—When you come to the exacting of it we must exact in such a way that it does not do more harm to the country that receives it than the country that is paying it.

"Fourth—The commission appointed by the British cabinet believes it can be done.

"The allies are in exactly the same boat. We shall put in our demands all together and whatever they are they must come in front of the German war debt."

The prime minister continued:

"The first consideration in the minds of the allies will be the interests of the people upon whom the Germans have made war, and not in the interests of the German people who have made war and have been guilty of that crime."

Kaiser Should Be Punished.

With regard to the former German emperor, the premier said:

"There is absolutely no doubt that he has committed a crime against international right, and there is absolutely no doubt that he ought to be held responsible for it so far as the European allies are concerned."

The premier said he hoped that America would take the same view when President Wilson arrived as to the demand that would be put forward on the part of the European allies "to make the kaiser and his accomplices responsible for this terrible crime."

Referring to a letter said to have been written by a British general to a French general in which the British officer was quoted as saying it was proposed to establish a British national army of twenty divisions based on conscription, but that the cabinet would not touch this until after the elections and then not "until this league of nations nonsense has been discussed at the peace conference," premier Lloyd-George declared:

"The cabinet never heard of the scheme. So far as the cabinet is concerned, it is purely an expression of the opinion of some general."

MASTERY OF SEAS WILL BE RETAINED BY GREAT BRITAIN

London, December 11.—As a result of informal conversations regarding President Wilson's freedom of the seas proposals, the British government now is in possession of concrete suggestions which are more understandable than the "free seas" clause in Mr. Wilson's "fourteen points," according to The Express.

President Wilson, the newspaper says, has information showing definitely that Great Britain cannot surrender the right of search, the contraband law and the right to enforce blockade. It is understood that Mr. Wilson's proposals do not include the abandonment of these rights and that they are generally in nowise antagonistic to British interests, as has been supposed.

Expounding the British view of the freedom of the seas, the legal correspondent of The Times, after dealing among other things with the lessons of the war regarding naval operations as they appear to him, describes the main British position on the question as follows:

"A readiness to continue as heretofore the freedom of the seas in times of peace, which has been carried out by England, for example as to the admission of foreign vessels to coastwise trade, more than by any other important commercial country, and to agree to the conversion into a free sea of any sea now treated as a closed sea.

"A strong conviction, greatly strengthened and hardened by the lessons of this war to maintain the minimum of safety for our people and empire and to be no party to any agreement conflicting or tampering with it;

"A belief that the conditions of warfare are so changing that we must be careful to protect ourselves against perils ahead;

"A readiness to consider any changes put forward by neutrals consistent with these essentials;

"A desire to co-operate in rendering impossible hideous crimes committed at sea;

"A readiness as far as is compatible with safety in the full sense to promote any practicable scheme for a league of nations.

"In short—a firm resolution as to essentials and an open mind as to secondary matters."

GERMAN SEA FREEDOM NOT LIKED BY NORWAY.

London, December 11.—Professor Christian Collin, of Christiania university, writing on "The Freedom of the Seas" in the Norwegian paper, Tidens Tegn, says:

"A voice is heard in Norway—a voice from Germany loudly pleading for freedom of the seas. No human being will deny that Germany has indeed done her best to free the seas; that is to say, free them from carrying living men and ships.

"Those who really liberated the seas from being a place of ceaseless agony, from whose depths rose like bubbles the last dying breath of those sunk 'without a trace' by the most destructive band of brigands ever known—these were not the Germans, but England and her colonies, France, Italy and the United States, and it is they alone who have the right to speak loudly of 'fredom of the seas.'

"Those others who have scattered broadcast the fruit of a million labors should be silent. The very seas themselves might well pray for deliverance from these hypocrites who dare speak of the freedom of the seas."

AMERICA'S SONS BACK FROM WAR

Continued from First Page

men had eaten their Thanksgiving dinners on shipboard and were glad they were home in time to have their Christmas dinners in their homes.

All who returned today were not in military or naval service as actual fighters. There were Y. W. C. A. girls, who had suffered from gas poisoning; Y. M. C. A. workers, who had strengthened soldiers' morale while under fire, and chaplains who had risked their lives and aided American contingents in destroying German machine gun nests. Of these, stories without number were told by troops who themselves had survived the war's dangers and spoke modestly of that fact.

Illustrative of Yankee heroism was the account given of Captain C. E. Glazebrook, of Washington, D. C., a member of the 120th Field artillery. Shot in the lung, gassed, wounded in the leg, removed to a hospital, Captain Glazebrook, arrivals said, stole away from his cot, assembled a uniform, attached a captain's bars, climbed through a window, rode 36 hours on an army truck without letting his companions know of his condition and entered action in the American advance on the St. Mihiel salient. Four days later, once more gassed, he was back in the same hospital.

Asked about the accident, Captain Glazebrook said: "The chief surgeon gave me hell. 'If you don't die,' he said, 'and you probably will, you will be court-martialed.' But outside the dor I heard him laugh and I knew it was all right."

Incidents of Doughboy Grit.

Behind the crosses of war which many of the returned soldiers wore—gifts from the French government—lie incidents of doughboy grit and sacrifice which parallel the incredible, and the telling of which would fill pages of newspapers. Some of the soldiers and marines described their mistrust for the Germans who cried "Kamerad" and who were killed in their tracks after treacherous activities. Sailors spun yarns of battles with submarines. Aviators explained how they tempered their disappointment at not reaching France by bringing down enemy airplanes during raids on England.

Trophies of war came home on the transports, the Adriatic and Ascanius (British) and the Tenadores, Kroonland, Calamares, and the hospital ship Mercy (American). There were German helmets, German machine guns and German belts with the unfulfilled "Got Mit Uns" caption. These possessions the captors displayed with pride second only to that which they displayed in telling of brave acts performed by particular comrades.

Officers aboard the Kroonland included Brigadier General H. J. Hatch Captain Walter Camp, Jr., son of the famous Yale coach; Major Robert Dening, of the marine corps; Colonel F. R. Hunter, of the Third field artillery brigade; Colonel O. F. Harvey, of the 109th field artillery regiment.

Colonel Hunter saw continuous service at the front from July 3 last. On October 4 his right foot and leg were smashed by a bursting shell. He served in the Verdun sector and participated in the fighting at Chateau Thierry and in the St. Mihiel salient. Major Dening is recovering from three machine gun bullet wounds in the right arm.

Only Death Stops Americans.

Among wounded officers was Captain Charles H. Paul, Company L, 364th infantry, of Seattle. Captain Paul was in command of a machine gun company during the September drive and was caught in a barrage, two shells exploding, inflicting on him twelve separate wounds. He said his experience convinced him nothing but death could stop Americans, adding that in one brief engagement in which he took part fully 50 per cent of the division were killed or wounded.

Wearing the Croix de Guerre, but modestly declining to tell why it was awarded to him, Lieutenant W. W. Berry, of the 369th infantry, another of the wounded, said he was in the trenches from March to September.

Another officer decorated for bravery was Lieutenant W. H. Lahey, of St. Louis, wounded on September 29. His companions told how with 190 men he conducted a raid in July on the German lines which carried them back nearly a half-mile from their front line into the reserve forces, where they captured prisoners and valuable documents. In the raid, which was protected by a barrage, four men were killed and eighteen wounded.

Elmer George, of Turtle Creek, Pa., who said he is "23 years old," but does not look it by a half-dozen years, was pointed out as the youngest hero in the transport. George was a battalion runner and "received his," as he expressed it, in the Argonne forest on October 4. He came on board the transport on crutches, but as soon as the ship came in sight of American shores he threw them away, declaring he was as good as ever.

MORE RETURN UNITS NAMED BY PERSHING.

Washington, December 11.—Additional organizations designated by General Pershing for early return home were announced today by the war department as follows:

Meteorological section, signal corps; batteries A, B, C, D, E and F, headquarters company, supply company and headquarters of the 48th regiment, coast artillery corps; first battalion 814th pioneer infantry (negro); 172d and 174th aero squadrons; 116th, 301st and 316th trench mortar batteries.

THOMASVILLE CLOSED AS BAN AGAINST "FLU"

Thomasville, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—By order of the city council, acting upon the recommendation of the board of health, Thomasville has again been put in the list of closed-up towns, as a precaution against the further spread of influenza.

The physicians state that there has been an increase of late in the number of cases in the city and it was thought advisable to again adopt the plan of closing up everything. The order applies to theaters, churches and schools, and all public gatherings. It had been thought that the plan of examining the pupils of the public schools every morning was working so well that it would not be necessary to close the schools, but as several of the teachers are sick it was decided best to close everything.

It is probable that the order will stand until the first of January, unless there is a change in the situation. So far the percentage of deaths from "flu" has been very small in Thomasville, only three white persons having died with it since it first started here and two of those were quite old and unable to resist the disease.

NEGRO SOLDIERS ARE RETURNING TO HOMES

Thomasville, Ga, December 11.—(Special.)—From the numbers of negro soldiers arriving in Thomasville within the past few days, having been discharged from camp, it would look as if there might be plenty of laborers here soon. Most of those arriving have come from Camp Gordon. They are strong and healthy looking and appear to have been well taken care of. Thomas county sent many colored soldiers to the camps and a number of them were sent overseas. Already some of those who have returned are looking around for jobs. Most of them seem to have enjoyed their experience in the army and some regret having been discharged from service before they had a chance to go to France, as those who have gone over write back great letters about the good times they have had over there.

AMERICUS EASTERN STAR ELECT ITS OFFICERS

Americus, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Americus chapter, No. 63, Order of the Eastern Star, has just elected new officers for the ensuing term, and these officers will be installed on St. John's day, December 27. They are: Worthy matron, Mrs. J. M. Shy; associate matron, Mrs. S. H. Edge; worthy patron, Frank J. Payne; conductress, Mrs. Lulie Cole; associate conductress, Mrs. Robert Edwards; secretary, Mrs. B. W. Castello; treasurer, Mrs. A. B. Howard. Star points named by the worthy matron are: Ada, Mrs. A. S. Perry; Ruth, Mrs. Georgia Cobb; Esther, Mrs. J. H. Quarterman; Martha, Mrs. Lottie Livingston, Electa, Mrs. W. H. Feagin; chaplain, Mrs. Lucius Harvey; warden, J. H. Quarterman and sentinel, S. A. Jennings.

KRUPP WORKS TURNED TO DEMANDS OF PEACE

Amsterdam, December 11.—The directors of the Krupp munition works have announced their intention to transform the plant into a factory devoted to the arts of peace, and have requested the workers there to make proposals for the manufacture of peace materials, according to The Cologne Gazette.

Race for Park Manager.

The race for manager of city parks, which will be decided by the Atlanta Park commissioners before organizing for the year 1919, promises to become a most interesting contest, as three popular citizens have already become active candidates for the place.

Sam N. Freeman, one of the most esteemed and efficient members of the force in the city construction department, has declared himself in the contest, as has W. C. Puckett, the popular chief investigator in the office of City Attorney James L. Mayson. D. F. Gillespie, who is the present manager of parks, having been elected to fill the unexpired term of the late J. O. Cochran, will also be in the race.

FRANKLIN FARMERS TO HOLD THEIR COTTON

Carnesville, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—The farmers of Franklin county met here today and after a general discussion of the cotton situation pledged themselves to hold cotton till good middling brought 35 cents a pound. Many prominent men spoke of the demand for cotton and among them were several bankers of the county.

PEACE BLOCKED BY LUDENDORFF

Count Czernin Paints the German General as Dictator—Alleges Ludendorff Prolonged Struggle—Kaiser William Powerless.

Vienna, December 11. — Count Czernin, the former Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, discussed his efforts and those of the Austrian government to end the war, and outlined what in his estimation were the problems to be settled before peace can be made secure. He expressed hope for an agreement among the nations to disarm.

Count Czernin painted General Ludendorff, the quartermaster general of the German army and virtual dictator of the empire's military policy in the last days of the conflict, as the man who stood between the central powers and peace on numerous occasions. Efforts to induce the German government to make concessions of an important nature seemed at times to be near success, but Ludendorff was adamant.

Efforts to End War.

Recounting the desperate efforts on the part of Austria to reach some sort of peace before the final and absolute collapse of both the Austrian and German empires, Count Czernin said:

"The German people wanted peace long ago, and even Emperor William wanted to see the end of the war, but the attitude of England prevented steps being taken. Emperor William said to me on one occasion: 'How can we get peace with England declaring that we must be destroyed?'

"Nothing is more dangerous in politics than to see things as you wish to see them; not as they are. We understood that the only way to arrange matters was to get England and Germany to agree.

"With the knowledge of Emperor Charles, I proposed to Emperor William that Austria would give Germany the province of Galicia and permit her to have her way in Russian Poland, provided Alsace and Lorraine were ceded back to France. I went to Kreizenach and presented the plan to Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg, then German imperial chancellor. Later he informed me that he was forced to decline to enter into the scheme. I do not know whether or not Ludendorff had a hand in the matter, but I was informed that it was impossible to give up Alsace and Lorraine, because the German people never would understand the giving up of a land which had cost so much blood.

Nothing Could Be Done.

"The situation of Germany was dangerous, but nothing could be done. Our conversations were pleasant and friendly, and our sacrifices were appreciated by officials. I saw, however, that I could not arrange the matter, because Germany was obliged to obey the military party.

"I then tried another way. Unknown to the Germans, I sent Herr Vassilko, a socialist member of parliament, to Berlin to talk with Mathias Erzberger, the clerical leader, and Dr. Albert C. W. Suederkum, a socialist member of the reichstag. He was to tell them why the war must end, and give them both to understand that another peace resolution should be introduced in the reichstag, directed against both the militiary party and the pan-Germans.

"At this juncture, however, the German armies began to win victories, once more, and the reichstag did nothing. Thus we were badly situated. When our chances were bad and the entente nations were elated, they would not talk peace. When we were winning, Ludendorff would not consent to permit peace negotiations. I always wanted to use victory as an opportunity to bring about peace, and several times had an impression that I might succeed.

"I sent Count Mensdarff to Switzerland to see General J. C. Smuts (who was in Switzerland last March in the interests of the British government). He succeeded, but I was unable to tell just what terms Germany would make. I do not recall that Mr. Lloyd-George, the British premier, mentioned any conditions last February. Germany assured me that no definite offers were received from England. I believe this was true.

"England appeared to intend to crush Germany, and France showed a similar attitude. President Wilson was the only head of an allied power who did not appear to have this in mind. Emperor William could not bring himself to yield Alsace-Lorraine.

William Did Not Want War.

"Regarding Emperor William, I feel that he did not want the war, but he did not know how to get out of it. In this, I believe, the heads of the entente powers are wrong, for they probably believe he caused the struggle. I was minister to Rumania when the war began, and I honestly believe that no one wanted hostilities to begin. I have the impression that neither Emperor Francis Joseph, Emperor William nor their ministers wanted war. I might explain the fact that war started, by saying that there was too much diplomatic bluffing, with everyone looking for the other fellow to recede from his position.

"Every way to get out of the war was tried by us, excepting war with Germany. When one considers how much weaker than Germany we were, he can see how impossible it was for us to dictate terms. Now, if President Wilson finds it difficult to impress his views on the entente, how was it possible for a man like me to do anything with Germany?

"I hope than an agreement to disarm will be reached; President Wilson is the man who is able to bring this about. I believe his plan for a league of nations is feasible, and would solve the whole problem. I have shown in public addresses why power to punish any nation resorting to arms is the only way to keep the peace.

Ludendorff Held Control.

"I signed the peace treaty of Brest-Litovsk, but we got nothing from it. This fact is worthy of mention. It was Ludendorff who forced Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, the German foreign secretary, to make that peace. We occupied the southern end of the line, whereas Germany had her troops against the line in the north. General Hoffman then declared he would move on Petrograd if Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevik foreign minister, did not sign the treaty.

"Dr. von Kuehlmann and I hoped to make peace with Russia on the basis of President Wilson's principle, but Ludendorff always telegraphed 'No' to our proposals. I worked day and night to bring Dr. von Kuehlmann and Trotzky together. At the last moment the latter sent his famous telegram to the world, demanding that the German people revolt and destroy their government. This telegram inflamed Berlin, which denounced Trotzky as a man with whom it would not treat. Then Trotzky was informed that the German troops would occupy Courland and Lithuania, and would advance on Petrograd."

RANDALL NAMED HEAD THOMAS COUNTY ROADS

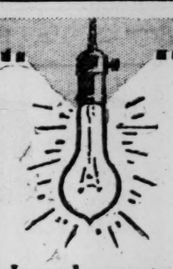
Thomasville, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—At the monthly meeting of the commissioners of Thomas county yesterday, P. H. Randall was re-elected superintendent of county roads. This will be Mr. Randall's third term as road builder for the county and his work since coming here has won him high commendation. The great improvement in the Dixie highway, due to the work of Mr. Randall, has attracted much attention and was a feat of fine engineering. The commissioners are greatly pleased with his work and he was unanimously re-elected at a salary of $175 a month.

Tobacco Warehouse.

Fitzgerald, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Farmer & Garbut, local capitalists, are making preparations to build a large tobacco warehouse in this city. The building will cover nearly a city block and will be closely connected with the three railroads running into the city. Nearly three thousand acres of tobacco are pledged by local planters and with the favorable railroad facilities, it is expected that a large amount of the tobacco grown in south Georgia will be brought to this market.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for the full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Tablets. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures Cold in One Day.—30 —(adv.)



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TEACH THE KIDDIES TO CHEW

Children fed on mushy, denatured foods that require little chewing are apt to have defective teeth and unhealthy gums. You cannot eat

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without chewing it. The crispness of the shreds of baked whole wheat induce thorough mastication and that means good digestion. If you serve wheat food be sure it is whole wheat in a crisp digestible form—Shredded Wheat is the whole wheat ready-cooked and ready-to-serve. It requires no sugar—simply milk and a little salt

The Farmer Receives More Than Five Thousand Dollars a Minute From Swift & Company

This amount is paid to the farmer for live stock, by Swift & Company alone, during the trading hours of every business day.

All this money is paid to the farmer through the open market in competition with large and small packers, shippers, speculators and dealers.

The farmer, feeder, or shipper receives every cent of this money ($300,000 an hour, nearly $2,000,000 a day, $11,500,000 a week) in cash, on the spot, as soon as the stock he has just sold is weighed up.

Some of the money paid to the farmer during a single day comes back to the company in a month from sale of products; much does not come back for sixty or ninety days or more. But the next day Swift & Company, to meet the demands made by its customers, must pay out another $2,000,000 or so, and at the present high price levels keeps over $250,000,000 continuously tied up in goods on the way to market and in bills owed to the company.

This gives an idea of the volume of the Swift & Company business, and the requirements of financing it. Only by doing a large business can this company turn live stock into meat and by-products at the lowest possible cost, prevent waste, operate refrigerator cars, distribute to retailers in all parts of the country—and be recompensed with a profit of only a fraction of a cent a pound—a profit too small to have any noticeable effect on the price of meat or live stock.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Atlanta Local Branch, 70-72 E. Alabama Street
J. L. Thweatt, Manager

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E&W EARL & WILSON

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126 CAPITOL

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4 SERV-US Milk, large	55¢
4 SERV-US Milk, small	23¢
4 Hebe Evaporated Compound Milk, large	50¢
4 Hebe Evaporated Compound Milk, small	21¢
4 Smoked Sardines	41¢
4 Glasses of Wilson's Jelly, assorted	41¢
4 Libby's Red Salmon, 1-lb. can	$1.39
4 Libby's Red Salmon, ½ can	82¢
4 Wilson's Tripe, can	$1.09
4 1-lb. Crisco	$1.19
4 cans Aunt Diana Molasses	50¢
4 cans Sunny Gold Syrup, 1½ can	51¢
4 Velva Pure Sugar Cane Syrup	43¢
4½ Gallon Karo	$1.52
4 Small 1½-lb. Karo	50¢
4 Sweet or Sour Bottle Pickles	45¢
4 1-lb. cans Maxwell House Coffee	$1.37

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Home-Dressed Turkeys	40
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Beef Roast	20
Lamb Roast	20
Fresh Country Butter	50
Pork Sausage	30
No. 5 Country Style Pure Lard	$1.35

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D. S. CROSS AWARDED TO 22 U. S. SOLDIERS

Washington, December 11.—Awarding of the distinguished Service Cross to 22 officers and men of the army and marine corps was announced today in army orders signed by General March, chief of staff, who made the awards on the basis of citations from General Pershing.

Among the officers decorated was Colonel Frank H. Adams, commander of the 30th infantry, which distinguished itself at the beginning of the final German offensive on the Marne last July 15. Holding a vital point on the river near Dormans, the regiment was all but surrounded by the Germans, but, firing in three directions, it held the enemy at bay and enabled adjoining French units to retake their positions. The regiment recently was cited for this action by the French general commanding the army corps to which it was attached.

Major Clarence R. Huebner, 28th infantry, was awarded the cross for "heroically exposing himself to fire constantly in order to command his battalion effectively, and although his command lost half its officers and 30 per cent of its men, he held his position and prevented a break in the line at that point." This was in the first purely American engagement, the capture of Cantigny, near Amiens, May 28, 1918, by the first division.

Other officers and men awarded the cross by General March were Lieutenant Colonel George F. Rosella, Jr., 22d infantry; Lieutenants Edward Rucker, 27th Aero squadron, Signal corps; Lemuel C. Shepard, Medical corps, Fifth regiment, marines; Charles F. Bongardt, 17th Field artillery; James H. Legendre, Medical corps, Fifth regiment, marines; John MacArthur, 27th Aero squadron, Signal corps; James M. Wilson, 126th infantry.

Sergeants Daniel Daly, 6th regiment, marines; Robert H. Donaghue, Fifth regiment, marines.

Corporals Isaac Valley, 370th infantry, Eugene W. Wear, Fifth regiment, marines.

Privates Curn Christenberry, 167th infantry; Louis H. Harkenrider, Fifth regiment, marines; Stewart J. McKendry, 17th Field artillery; James J. Pretty, Sixth Machine Gun battalion; Bertram L. Reams, Sixth Machine Gun battalion.

Posthumous awards of the distinguished Service Cross were made to Lieutenants Charles W. Chapman, aviation section, signal reserve corps; Leonard C. Hoskins, Coast Artillery corps, and Sergeants Arthur F. Ware, Fifth regiment, marines, and Raymond P. Cronin, Fifth regiment, marines.

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In addition to the regular lines of Trunks, Bags, Suit Cases always carried by us, we are well equipped with a special line of Christmas novelties. Fitted Toilets, Collar Bags, Hand Cases, Music Rolls, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Leather Back Clothes Brushes, Shopping Bags and a full assortment of week-end cases, etc.

Wardrobe Trunks

of excellent type and unusual variety—among them these splendid makes:

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It will be our pleasure to have you come and inspect our Luggage Department with its generous stocks and its thoroughly reliable merchandise and service.

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Gifts for Men

The Christmas Questionnaire

Are Your Lamps Trimmed and Burning?

Have you taken stock of every chiffonier and chifforobe in your home?

Do you know all the missing links?

Does he lov home?

Has he a really attractive bathrobe?

Do you know whether he got a new smokin jacket last year—or does he need a new one?

Have you sounded his preference for silk shirts?

Have you counted his accumulation of darned and undarned silk sox?

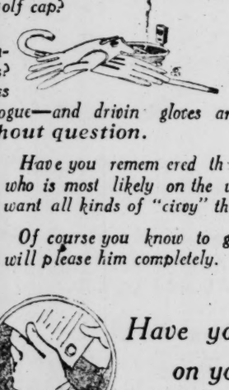
Have you seen those wonderful Cathedral Ties we're selling so fast at MUSE'S?

(No need to ask him about these — he'll simply be delighted)

Is he a traveling man?

Have you thought about a smart sporty golf cap?

Have you considered gloves? Evening dress is again the vogue—and drivin gloves are ever the gift of luxury—without question.



Have you remem ered th boy "over there" who is most likely on the way home? He'll want all kinds of "civvy" things.

Of course you know to get them at Muse's will please him completely.

Have you got these on your list?

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

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Your dollar to the Red Cross is you greatest Christmas investment

Terrorism in Germany Likely to Force Allies To Put Army in Berlin

Reports Indicate That Germany Is Fast Drifting to Bolshevism and Anarchy — Allies May Have to Act in Self-Defense.

By Frank H. Simonds.

New York, December 11.—(Special.)—The developments of the last few days in Berlin and Germany generally all suggest unmistakably that it will be necessary for the allied armies to go to Berlin. Such a step will not have any relation to the war that is over. It will not be in order to imitate the triumphal entry of German troops into Paris in 1871 or to add to the emphasis of allied victory, it will be solely to preserve Germany from the rapidly growing menace of a Russian condition.

We know very little of the origin of the revolution which followed immediately upon the collapse of German resistance. It may or may not have been wholly or in part arranged. There remains the strong suspicion that the kaiser left his contry, convinced that he would be recalled at no distant date. Even stronger is the suspicion that the military leaders abdicated in the hope of fastening upon the socialists and liberals the responsibility for the surrender to the foe.

Drifting Toward Terrorism.

But whatever were the immediate purposes of those who aided in making the revolution possible, it is plain that events are now taking a course far different from that which could have been desired, not merely by the imperial military elements, but by the liberal elements, whose liberalism stopped short of Bolshevism and anarchy. Slowly but still unmistakably the German revolution is going the way the Russian and the French revolution went. It is drifting toward anarchy and terrorism.

The cause is simple to recognize. For seventy years, ever since the reaction following the short-lived outburst of democracy in Germany in 1848, the German people have been ruled with an iron hand and by an executive with power which was absolute. Having been for two generations the most governed people in the world, the Germans now find themselves without government, without machinery for government, without masters, without leaders and with an incredible burden of discredit resting upon all the men and the machinery which in the past have regulated them.

Inevitable Taking Place.

In addition there are all the consequences of war, weariness, misery, privation added to the inevitable concomitants of defeat, humiliation and bitterness. And in this situation the inevitable has been taking place. The old leaders are gone, or so nearly discredited as to have no appeal. The new names are names like that of Liebknecht, which connote anarchy, not order. Germany is sinking day by day into a condition out of which only one thing can come, and that is disorder, riot, terror.

It therefore becomes more and more manifest that if Bolshevism, which still dominates what was once the Russian empire, is not to advance to the right bank of the Rhine, order must be preserved in Germany against the hour when Germany, herself, recovering from the shock of her defeat and the earthquake of her revolution, shall be able to resume control of her own affairs. It is not a question of conquest; it is not a case of punitive occupation; the question of the hour is one of saving the world from a new and dangerous extension of Bolshevism, and the solution seems to be the temporary occupation not merely of Berlin, but of the whole German territory.

Conditions Growing Worse.

He would be an optimist who could believe or assert that in the two months which have followed the signing of the armistice of Senlis conditions in Germany have improved. In point of fact, they have steadily grown worse, because each day and each week in which chaos continues the disintegration becomes more complete. The mass of the German people, to judge from the accounts we receive of the observation of allied correspondents in occupied districts, are apathetic, stunned, not yet shaken by violent emotions, but deprived of all the forms and machinery of organized existence.

And at the same time the industrial and economic conditions are not improving. Germany is a great industrial nation, and the whole industrial establishment is paralyzed for a long period. The iron districts of Lorraine and Silesia are lost to France and to Poland; the coal regions of the Saar will inevitably be occupied by the French during the period in which the French mines about Lens, ruined by the Germans, are being restored. German shipping will hardly be able to begin operations again for many long months, and Germany is destitute of raw materials necessary for her factories.

All Elements of Anarchy.

All the elements of eventual anarchy are thus present in Germany at this moment. But there still remains the deep-seated tradition of order and of discipline and the unmistakable desire of the mass of the people to resume life without more of disorder or riot. This latter is a solid foundation on which to build, while it remains, but it will not endure indefinitely. If it goes, then we shall face something approximating the Russian situation, made almost insoluble by the lack of any stable elements.

These are the facts, which underlie the present reports of an extension of allied occupation as far as Berlin. Such an occupation may easily be on the invitation of those elements in Germany, which must be the foundation of future reorganization. The allies cannot permit the repetition in Germany of the Russian events. Germany seems more and more to be approaching the state of complete helplessness in the face of the rise of anarchy.

Therefore, nothing is more probable at the present moment than that allied armies will have, in the next few months, by their presence to save Germany from ruin and preserve order until such time as the elements of order and stability in the country can reassert themselves.

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Fire Menaced Camp Dix.

Wrightstown, N. J., December 11.—A whole business block in this village, where Camp Dix is located, was swept today by fire believed to have been started by an overturned oil stove. Nearly a dozen buildings were destroyed before the fire was halted at the army theater by dynamiting the Arcade building, which stands next to it. About 2,000 soldiers helped to fight the flames. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

AMUSEMENTS.

"Trail of Lonesome Pine."

(At Atlanta Theater Tonight.)

Those who have read John Fox, Jr.'s widely read book, "The Trail of the Lonesome Pine," and had their minds flooded with sunshine as they followed June along the lonely trail to the rugged, gaunt, lonesome pine that guarded Lonesome Cove, will be lost in happy bewilderment as they strike the same trail hewn by Eugene Walter in this splendid production. While John Fox, Jr., let us trace the life of June in the written page, Eugene Walter leads us, as it were, gently by the hand, and we follow Louise Price, who impersonates the wild mountain girl with deep sympathy and with a most delightful manner, above—beyond—the purple tops of the Cumberland mountains, into realms of romantic love. "The Trail of the Lonesome Pine" will be presented at the Atlanta theater tonight and for the balance of the week, with matinee Saturday.

Loew Vaudeville.

(At the Grand.)

Frescott and his co-worker, Miss Hope Eden, mind readers and masters of the art of mysticism, will be the big headliners for the balance of the week at Loew's Grand. Differing from most acts of this nature, both Frescott and Miss Eden are young, their stage setting is modern and clean, and they work with marvelous speed. Frescott, in the audience, demands of Miss Eden the instant identification of various articles, and perhaps the most mystifying of all things, calls the name and address of anyone in the audience. Another strong number on the bill is that of Bessie LeCount. She is a charming little Miss who has a wonderful repertoire of new songs. Other acts are Lewis and Leonia, Wop comedians; Maxon and Morris, in a marionette originality, and Gordon and Day, in "Silent Nonsense." The feature picture stars Gladys Brockwell under the title of "The Strange Woman."

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Lyric.)

Beginning today, the Lyric management will offer a new collection of vaudeville talent, and all advance reports are to the effect that the bill will be one of the best of many weeks. Headlining there will be the Atlanta favorite, Marie Nordstrom, who has been seen here a number of times in very clever sketches. There will be a comedy surprise, entitled "Notorious Delphine," and the program will include three other big acts, as well as a picture program of rare interest.

"The One Woman."

(At the Criterion.)

W. Lawson Butt, who plays the part of the pastor, Gordon, in Select's latest feature, "The One Woman," written by Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation," and which is at the Criterion this week, has played in many stage and screen productions, from Shakespearian parts to dark villains in the films. He will be remembered as playing in "Romeo and Juliet" with Francis X. Bushman and Beverly Bayne. He was co-star in the Ralph Ince production, "The Woman Eternal." In the leading masculine role of "The One Woman," Mr. Butt portrays a part for which he is well qualified both by natural talent and training.

Master Griffith Film.

(At the Rialto.)

If you haven't already seen "The Greatest Thing in Life," it is high time to be about doing so. This picture, which opened at the Rialto Monday, has been playing to big houses at every performance. It is in every way a fit companion to those other wonderful productions of David W. Griffith, "The Birth of a Nation," "Intolerance," "The Great Love" and "Hearts of the World." In it are seen some of his very best players, including such tried and proven screen artists as Lillian Gish and Bobby Harron.

Elsie Ferguson.

(At the Forsyth.)

Elsie Ferguson, greatest of stage and screen beauties, and a mistress of emotion, who for many weeks now has been delighting the people of the entire country with her well-chosen list of plays, will be seen today at the Forsyth theater in her newest and one of her most unique productions. It is called "Under the Greenwood Tree," and tells the story of a rich society girl who, tired of that sort of life, goes out to lead a nomad existence. And then she meets the man, himself an idler and a tramp by choice, who thinks her the same.

Charles Ray.

(At the Strand.)

After three days of most satisfactory business with Madge Kennedy, the Strand changes its program this morning, and for the rest of the week will offer the Paramount player, Charles Ray, in "String Beans." Ray needs no introduction to the picture fans of Atlanta. He is one of the big stars, who has his following in every city in the country, and especially is he strongly liked in this city, where his every picture has meant delight and rare pleasure to the movie-goers, and money to the producers as well as to the exhibitors. In addition, there will be the Gaumont weekly and a Christie comedy.

William S. Hart.

(At the Alpha.)

Bill Hart will bring his two guns along to the Alpha today in "The Desert Man." What's more, he uses them, too. He has good need, for he gets in more tight corners than is usual with this muchly pursued gentleman. The serial on Friday is a new departure for this "home of successful serials;" but "The Lure of the Circus" got away to a big start last week. Eddie Polo is due to create still more excitement this week in the second episode, which is entitled, "The Giant's Leap." All who like circuses will enjoy this picture.

Douglas Fairbanks.

(At the Savoy.)

The ever-entertaining Douglas Fairbanks is due to create a lot of amusement and healthful enjoyment at the Savoy today in his interesting picture, "Manhattan Madness." "Doug" goes through all his paces in this film, with a few extra wrinkles for good measure. On Friday, Barbara Castleton and Irving Cummings will be offered in "The Heart of a Girl," a fresh, vital story of a young girl's romance and what it led to. This is a clean, refreshing picture, with the sweetness of its story the chief attraction.

REGULAR ARMY MEN FIGHT GUARD SYSTEM

St. Paul, December 11.—Charges that regular army officers are so bitterly opposed to the national guard system in the United States that they are attempting to make its existence impossible, were made today at the conference of adjutants general of the central states at the Minnesota state capitol.

The charge was made by Major W. A. Curtis, former chief of staff, to Adjutant General W. F. Rhinow, of Minnesota. Major Curtis recently resigned from the staff of the adjutant general at Washington.

"Every officer in the regular army is against the national guard," said Major Curtis in addressing the meeting. "You officers must fight hard or in six months the national guard will be a thing of the past."

Major Curtis declared that the "feeling in Washington" indicated a move to abolish the national guard, or at least to reduce it.

FOCH WILL MAINTAIN BLOCKADE OF GERMANY

Paris, December 11.—Marshal Foch has refused the request of the German armistice delegates that they be permitted to communicate with the provinces west of the Rhine now being occupied by the allies. The commander-in-chief declared that it was necessary to maintain the blockade of Germany as provided by the armistice.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS

AHEAD OF THE FIREMEN

Saved 93% on Insurance

The Smith and Mills Co., out in Cincinnati, making machine tools, installed Globe Sprinklers in their plant and reduced their insurance premium from $16.54 to $1.20 per thousand—a saving of 93%.

Maybe you won't save this much but it'll be enough to pay for the equipment in a few years, and all the time your plant will be safe from fire.

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.

507 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 3385.

Dainty Maidens Prefer Cuticura

To clear the skin and keep it clear. In purity, delicate Cuticura medication, refreshing fragrance, convenience and economy, Cuticura Soap with touches of Ointment now and then as needed meet with the approval of the most discriminating. Ideal for every-day toilet uses.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. 33A, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.

LISTED AMONG DEAD, LIEUT. CALDWELL LIVES

Washington, December 11.—First Lieutenant William F. Caldwell, safe at his post as a battalion adjutant of the 328th infantry, has the distinction of being one of those officially listed as dead among the number of young men ho left the Associated Press service to fight in France. On September 6, Caldwell was reported seriously wounded, and two months later his relatives at Chester, S. C., were notified that he had died of wounds on October 9. Then letters began coming from the officer, dated later than October 9, in which he spoke of having recovered from a severe gassing. Inquiries were started through the war department, and finally, today, official word came that Caldwell was well and on duty, and that his name had been confused with that of another officer. Caldwell was a member of the staff of the Associated Press Washington bureau.

Girard Mayor Dead.

Columbus, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Mayor Woodson Knowles, of Girard, Ala., died at his home at noon today following six days' illness of pneumonia. He was especially active in civic affairs and had rendered faithful service as alderman and later head of city affairs for years. He was a prominent man. He is survived by his widow, two daughters and two sons.

XMAS GLASSES

For Mother, Father or any member of the family. Select now; lenses changed after the Holidays. Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians.—(adv.)

Hat Sale

You'll be agreeably surprised at the values this sale affords. The Hats look like so much more than Five Dollars' worth!

They are a special collection of very good new models that we've been selling for $10.00 and $12.00.

We have selected 100 model hats—all of the latest models and styles—for street or dress wear, and will put them on sale today

at $5.00

They were formerly priced at $10.00 and $12.00.

(Second Floor.)

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

86 to 96 Whitehall.

Fine Fancy Linens, Towels and Bedspreads

Beautifully designed and dainty embroidered linens are being offered here in lavish supply for your Christmas gift selection. These linens are the good kinds and have been carefully chosen so that while costing as little as such linens can be bought for, they will carry good service into the homes you will send them into with your Christmas wishes.

17x34 Hemstitched Huck Linen Towels, **75c, 90c, $1.00, $1.25.**

32x38 Hemstitched Huck Linen Towels; spaces for monograms, **85c, $1.00.**

18x36 Hemstitched Huck Linen Towels, spaces for monogram, **$1.00, $1.25.**

20x36 Hemstitched Huck Linen Towels, spaces for monogram, **$1.25, $1.50.**

22x38 Hemstitched Huck Linen Towels, spaces for monogram, **$1.50, $1.75, $2.00.**

24x44 Fancy colored Bath Towels, in blue, pink, lavender, **$1.00, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00.**

6x6 All linen scalloped Doilies, **$1.25 doz.**

13x13 Real Madeira hand-embroidered, scalloped, **$7.50, $8.50, $10.00, $12.50, $15.00 doz.**

18x45 Real Madeira hand-embroidered, scalloped Bureau Covers, **$3.50, $4.50, $5.00, $6.50.**

20x54 Real Madeira hand-embroidered, scalloped Bureau Covers, **$4.00, $5.00, $7.50.**

36x36 Round Linen Centerpieces, hand scalloped, **$3.50, $4.50, $5.00.**

54x54 Real Madeira and hand-scalloped Cloth, **$22.50, $25.00, $35.00.**

20x72 Real Cluny Lace Bureau Cover, linen center, **$3.75.**

28x28 Real Cluny Lace Centerpieces, linen center, **$6.00, $7.50.**

36x36 Real Cluny Lace Cloth, linen center, **$6.50, $8.50.**

54x54 Real Cluny Lace Cloth, linen center, **$16.50, $17.50.**

72x84 Wool Comforts, all fancy colored sateen cover, **$10.00, $12.50, $15.00.**

72x84 Wool Comforts, cover silk and satin, **$18.00, $20.00, $25.00.**

72x84 Wool Comforts, cover plain Grosgrain silk; blue, pink, **$35.00, $42.50, $50.00.**

72x84 Wool Comforts, plain Grosgrain silk, fancy stitched; blue, rose, green, **$50.00.**

72x84 Down Quilts, sateen cover, **$15.00, $17.50.**

72x84 Down Quilts, cover fancy silk, **$30.00.**

72x84 Down Quilts, cover plain Grosgrain silk; rose, blue, **$50.00.**

72x84 Wool Comforts, silk cotton mull; plain, rose, **$15.00, $20.00.**

36x45 Crib Wool Quilts, cover fancy sateen, **$3.00, $5.00, $6.00.**

45x54 Plain Wool Quilts; blue, pink; fancy stitched, **$4.50.**

45x60 Fancy Sateen Cover Down Quilt, **$6.00, $6.50.**

45x54 Wool Comfort, covered silk mull, plain border, **$6.50.**

(Main Floor.)

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

86-96 Whitehall Street.

GERMANY PLAYS TO SPLIT ALLIES

On Return of German Colonies and Freedom of the Seas—Unmistakable Propaganda at Work in United States.

By Frank H. Simonds.

New York, December 11.—(Special.)—Unmistakable propaganda now coming from all quarters in Germany discloses the expected attempt to divide the victors on the question of the ultimate disposition of the German colonies. It is to America, too, that the Germans are looking in the matter of the colonies, as well as in the question of "the freedom of the seas" for the initiative in a move which shall split the nations which have won this war. It is, therefore, of utmost importance that the American people should understand the question of the German colonies. The obvious German maneuver will be to establish the idea that the single question involved is one of territorial expansion.

German Colonies and Britain.

It is already being artfully insinuated that the British are preparing to "grab" German colonies with no other intent than to increase their empire and enlarge their commercial markets. Now, what are the facts? First of all, the decision of the British in the matter of the colonies will not be made by the inhabitants of the United Kingdom. The problem is imperial, not European. And in this connection we have reported this week the demand of New South Wales following that of New Zealand that the German colonies shall not be returned.

Prime Minister Hughes, of Australia, when in this country last summer, spoke with great emphasis in the same sense. The will of the union of South Africa has been made clear and is the same. Now, Britain has won this war in no small measure because of the support of her colonies. She cannot by sheer force compel a restoration of German colonies to Germany in the face of the opposition of her own colonies without the gravest counsequences. In point of fact, the Pacific islands of Germany were taken by Australian and New Zealand troops, who occupy them, and the conquest of German Southwest Africa was mainly a South African enterprise.

American History Recalled.

And to understand the attitude of the British colonies it is useful for Americans to go back in American history to the time of the victory of Britain, with the very great aid of the American colonies over France, which culminated in the capture of Quebec. At that time the suggestion of a return of Canada to France would have precipitated a revolution in the thirteen colonies and for the simple reason that it would have meant a perpetuation of the condition of warfare in America. It was not that New England or New York was primarily interested in the annexation of Canada. What concerned them both was the imperative need for peace on their frontiers, for an end of Indian raids, border warfare and incessant attacks by an enemy whose forces assailed American colonies whenever European differences brought France and Britain into conflict. New England and New York sent their militia to the struggle against Canada to end a nuisance and a peril which had troubled them over many decades.

Now the position of the union of South Africa, for example, is exactly that of the thirteen colonies save as the situation in Africa is far worse. German Southwest Africa was not merely the base for an invasion of British South Africa in the present war. It was also a center from which rebellion against Britain was fomented before the war. It was to abolish not merely the immediate, but all future peril of the sort which had been experienced in the Dewet rebellion that Botha and Smuts led Boer as well as British troops into German territory. Southwest Africa having been conquered and the peril abolished, the British colony is resolved that it shall not return.

If Germany Came Back.

If Germany comes back to her old colony it means a permanent menace and a permanent necessity to maintain an army. It means in addition the possible danger of the old intrigue and the certain peril of an interruption of communication with Britain in case of another war since the German colony faces the sea route from the mother country and offers an admirable submarine base.

And what is true of German Southwest Africa is in the main to be said of German East Africa. Exactly the same emotion is revealed by the people of Australia and New Zealand. To return New Guinea and Samoa to the Germans would be to restore to them bases for future naval aggressions. Had the Germans developed their submarine plans before the war as they did subsequently, had they been able to station submarines in naval bases at Samoa and New Guinea, all British sea routes in the Far East would have been cut, and the results would have been disastrous. Neither Australia nor New Zealand wishes in the future to have to maintain navies against a new German attack. They desire the danger which has been abolished to remain abolished, and their purpose in the peace conference is unmistakable.

Humanitarian Aspect.

There are other aspects to the problem. On the humanitarian side the story of German colonization is one of the blackest in all history. The deliberate extermination of all but a handful of the Herrero people in Southwest Africa is a page of brutality passing even the Belgian and Polish episodes in the war. To turn back helpless people to cruel and vicious masters would be a crime against the principles championed by the allies. It is not a British scheme of expansion, then, this purpose not to return German colonies. It is a matter in which British policy is not made in London, but in Cape Town, Sydney and Melbourne. It is a colonial, not a metropolitan policy. But if the Germans were able to gain American support for their desire to reclaim their lost colonies, they would not only divide Britain and America at Versailles, but were they successful in attaining their object, they would divide Britain from her colonies and succeed at the peace table in doing exactly what they failed to do during the war. There is, then, every reason to watch this latest maneuver.

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2,000 PLANES A MONTH ASKED BY CLEMENCEAU

Washington, December 11.—An appeal by Premier Clemenceau of France for an American aircraft contribution of 2,000 planes a month and a total of 5,000 aviators and 50,000 specialized mechanics, formed the basis for the extensive aircraft program to which the United States committed itself in the world war. This was disclosed today by Major General William L. Kenly, director of military aeronautics, in his annual report. The appeal of the French premier, the report says, was received May 26, 1917.

Men graduated as reserve military aviators, the first rating for pilots by June 30, 1918, numbered 4,986, the report says, and 110 bombers, 85 bombing pilots, 164 observers, 389 observer pilots and 131 pursuit pilots had been graduated on that date from the advanced training schools.

In the year ending last June 30 there were 152 fatalities in training, or an average of one death to 2,684 training hours and 204,000 miles flown. Stalled engines, usually due to an error of the pilot, caused 86 deaths; collisions 30 and side slips ten.

"Regrettable as the accidents are," the report says, "it is felt that considering the newness of the science, the early state of developments of the planes, the inexperience in instruction and the necessity of teaching stunts, in themselves rather dangerous, this number is not large. As a matter of aerial statistics, fatilities in American training are less than half as large as those of the other allied countries."

The report says 440 balloon officers also had been graduated, 155 of whim were fully qualified observers, during the year.

Discussing the overseas part of the air service program, the report says the first cadets went over for training six weeks after the declaration of war, and by the end of 1917, more than 2,500 men had been sent to France, England, Italy or Canada.

"It was early in May, 1918, however, over a year after America's entry into the war, that the first German plane fell victim to an aviator in the American service," the report continues. "About the same time 468 fully trained American aviators organized into thirteen complete American squadrons, or brigades, with British and French squadrons were actually on the front, taking increasing toll of the enemy."

MAY LOCATE YARN MILLS AT AMERICUS

Americus, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Henry Flesch, president of the Citizens' National bank and the Piqua Savings bank, of Piqua, Ohio, who is a visitor in Americus, is investigating conditions here with a view to establishing a large yarn spinning mill in this section of Georgia.

Mr. Flesch is also president of the Atlas Underwear company, of Piqua, that concern being one of the largest consumers of cotton yarns in the entire United States, spinning the staple into yarn where it is grown.

Lieutenant Harry Flesch, supply officer of Souther field, the aviation training station here, is a son of the Ohio capitalist, and both Lieutenant Flesch and his father are most favorably impressed with business conditions in Americus, which is considered by them as an ideal place in which to locate a big yarn spinning mill.

JUDGE SPEER UNDER SERIOUS OPERATION

Macon, Ga., December 11.—Judge Emory Speer, of the United States district court for the southern district of Georgia, underwent what his surgeons termed a "serious operation" at the Macon hospital this afternoon.

Tonight members of the family were hastily summoned to his bedside. He rallied, however, following a sinking spell. Judge Speer is 70 years of age. He is one of the best known federal jurists in the United States.

Later tonight it was announced at the hospital where Judge Speer is confined that he was doing "splendidly," with none other than the normal after effects to be expected following even a successful operation.

Judge Speer was resting at midnight. Surgeons said that the operation today was for gall stones. He had been suffering for two months and had hoped to go to a Baltimore hospital.

CHRISTMAS BIBLES

The Index Printing Company, 41 E. Ellis St., Atlanta, has a well-selected stock of Bibles and Testaments for the Christmas trade, at prices considerably below those of the publishers. It offers two choice numbers of Nelson's Authorized Version, 8064X, $6.50; 7784X, $7.75. Two choice numbers of Bagster's Authorized Version, 400X, $5.25; 500X, $5.75. These Bibles are printed in large type on India paper, contain full helps and are elegantly bound. It offers Nelson's Revised Version, Nos. 2172, with thumb index, $2.85; 2173, thumb index, $3.60; 2172X, India paper, $4.50; 2177, $7.75; with thumb index, $8.10. Text Bibles, Revised Version. India paper: Nos. 114X $3.75; 127X, $5.75; 193X, $4.00; 194X, $5.00. Schofield Bibles at from $2.00 to $9.50. These are only a few of the many numbers carried in stock. Orders should be sent in at once to avoid delay.—(adv.)

An extension from the upper edge of corsets patented by a Chicago woman is intended to diffuse the excessive shoulder flesh of stout wearers to less noticeable places.

Swiss opticians have developed an arc light in which the carbons are impregnated with iron salts, producing a light rich in ultraviolet rays, for scientific purposes.

FIRE SETS

Andirons, Screens, Wood Baskets, Prods, Trivets, Frizzlers, Salamanders, Candlesticks. Really artistic examples of hand-wrought iron and brass wares for the fireplace and hearth.

Andirons

of black iron, cast and hand-wrought, **$3.50 to $12.50.**

Black Cat and Wise Owl Andirons with glass eyes that shine in the fire glow, **$10.00, $12.50.**

Hand-wrought, Swedish finish Andirons, plain and brass trimmed, in wide variety, **$9.50 to $39.00.**

Brass Andirons in colonial and other styles, **$8.50 to $35.00.**

Fire Sets

in brass, black iron, Swedish iron and iron with brass trimmings, **$6.50 to $22.50.**

Salamanders

A long-handled, flat box of iron, holding asbestos, to be soaked in oil for fire-kindling, **$3.00.**

Coal Hods

of antique brass, black iron and Swedish iron, **$8.00 to $15.00.**

Wood Holders

of iron, in black and Swedish finish, and in hand-wrought brass, **$12.50 to $17.50.**

Log Prods

Great Mephistopholean-looking implements to prod the logs, **$6.50, $8.50.**

Trivets

in reproductions of fascinating old pieces of "pre-stove" days—to put boiler or kettle close to the logs. Hand-wrought iron and brass, **$6.50 to $12.50.**

Frizzlers

Very long-handled affairs, with small perforated holder for toasting marshmallows, etc., **$3.75.**

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

86-96 Whitehall Street.

Musical Instruments Make Ideal Xmas Gifts

Ukeleles
Mandolins
Guitars
Banjos
Violins
Cornets
Drums
Music Rolls
Etc.

All Styles
All Prices
Make Your Selections Early

Phillips & Crew Piano Co.

82 N. Pryor St.

Best Work Best Glass

ARTISTIC PICTURE FRAMING

New designs in pedestal and swing frames. Also a special line with military insignia ornaments. Bring in your pictures now for Christmas framing before the last rush days.

Southern Book Concern

71 Whitehall St. GAVAN'S Order by Mail.

Speaking of Gifts: Had Robes Occurred to You?

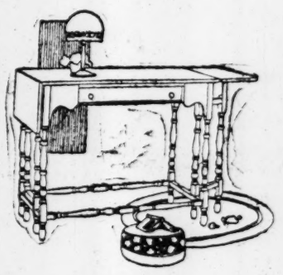
Mighty nice thing to give a man. One of the things, too, that any one can give any one else—appropriate.

Think it over. In the meantime, look at these handsome blanket robes in rich patterns and colors that any man will enjoy.

$3.50 to $10

E. J. Parkerson Co.
Men's Outfitters
10 Whitehall St.

Many Useful and Serviceable Gifts in the Furniture Department



Drop-End Table

This is an exact illustration of the table we have on the floor in brown mahogany—opened it measures 18x54 inches.

Splendid line sofa end tables and long sofa tables—Windsor chairs and rockers. Pedestals, book racks, candlesticks, smoking stands, magazine stands, tilting top tables, children's high chairs and rockers.

—Fourth Floor.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

86-96 Whitehall St.

Use Constitution Want Ads for Results

Annual ½ Price Corset Sale

Every year we have given our patrons an opportunity to buy the best Corsets on the market at one-half their value. Do you know what this means? It means that you pay less for your corset than **we** have paid, by far.

A month ago we never dreamed we would be able to make this remarkable offer, and maybe we should not now, because prices will not come down for a year or two. But as we believe they will not go **higher,** we are following our custom and giving our clientele the benefit of the doubt.

In the **Famous Madame Irene** make are Corsets of heavy French coutil (which cannot be bought for love or money now), in medium and high busts, for average and stout figures.

$ 8.00 models for.....**$4.00**
$12.00 models for.....**$6.00**

Beautiful satin cloth and heavy and light weight treco and suede cloth and a few broches and silk taffetas, reduced as follows:

$18.00 Corsets for.....**$9.00**
$16.00 Corsets for.....**$8.00**
$14.00 Corsets for.....**$7.00**
$12.00 Corsets for.....**$6.00**

Remember, Madame Irene uses only Imported Materials and whalon boning.

In the **La Vida** we have a number of splendid whalon-boned Corsets.
$5.00 values for.....**$2.50**

In the **Frolaset** (front lace) there are wonderful values.
$5.00 values for.....**$2.50**
$4.00 values for.....**$2.00**

In the **"Bien-Jolie" Grecian Treco** we have only a few to offer, which are splendid values.
$4.00 values for.....**$2.00**
$5.00 values for.....**$2.50**

We are closing out our entire stock of **W. B. Nuform** Corsets at half price. These are splendid models in flesh and white coutils—topless and medium busts—heavy and light weight.
Values.....**$2.00** to **$4.00**
Sale Price.....**$1.00** to **$2.00**

—Corset Shop, Second Floor.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

86-96 Whitehall Street

COMPLETING PLANS ROLL CALL DRIVE

Continued from First Page

ings tonight and final instructions given."

"A Heart and a Dollar."

It is planned that every team captain select ten workers to assist him and that these call on every residence in the territory assigned. Every citizen is urged to stay at home on Monday night until after these workers have called, but, if this is impossible, he is asked to leave the names and number of individuals in his house who desire memberships and the dollar—dues which are required from each member. These are the only requirements for membership, a heart and a dollar, and it is felt that no one in the city will hesitate about becoming part of the great mercy organization for lack of either.

Each member will receive an official 1919 membership button as his receipt for membership, and, in addition, ten Christmas package seals, which come from the Anti-Tuberculosis society. This society has foregone its customary annual sale of Christmas seals in order to co-operate with the Red Cross in this great roll call.

Proportionately with population the southern division of the Red Cross is the lowest division of all as regards membership, and it is hoped by this roll call to remedy this condition. In Atlanta, at least 60,000 new members are expected, and it is confidently hoped that this number will be at least doubled.

Downtown Canvass.

Following the house-to-house canvass on Monday night, those few citizens who do come downtown on Tuesday morning without the Red Cross button in their coat lapel, will have ample opportunity to join then. The woman's division, of which Mrs. Beaumont Davison is chairman, will conduct three hundred booths throughout the entire city, where women workers will be in attendance all day to distribute the buttons and seals and accept the dollar dues.

At a meeting of the women's executive committee on Wednesday a splendid attendance of workers was reported. After the meeting Mrs. Davison stated that her department was completely organized and "everything is chicken and the goose hangs high," she said.

James J. Ragan has been appointed chairman of a special committee of manufacturers and jobbers. This committee will confine its attention to the manufacturers and wholesalers and will strive to secure a hundred per cent membership of the employees in all these plants in Atlanta.

Of the money collected from the dollar membership dues, 50 per cent remains with the Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross for its expenses, such as the purchase of wool for the knitting departments and other supplies. Thus this roll call obviates the necessity of any other campaigns for funds by the Red Cross.

Report of Chairmen.

After the meeting on Wednesday a number of the ward chairmen commented upon the conditions in their own wards.

I. H. Hirshberg, second ward chairman, reported that it would require 17 ward captains instead of 10 to handle his territory, and that he will have this number at 10 o'clock this morning. He will furnish each captain with a map of his territory.

S. F. Boykin, fourth ward chairman, reported that his 10 captains had been appointed, their territory has been assigned to them and they will be ready to go "over the top" at 6 o'clock Monday evening.

D. G. Wise, sixth ward chairman, reported that he would need more than 10 captains to cover the sixth ward, and that he was rapidly securing the number necessary.

W. B. Willingham, seventh ward chairman, sent word to the committee that he was busy outlining the organization of his ward and that he would be ready to start at the sound of the gong.

C. A. Rauschenberg, Jr., ninth ward chairman, reported that he had gotten a late start on his captains, but he would have 10 good men not later than 10 o'clock this morning.

Mrs. W. C. Jarnigan's plans for the magnificent Red Cross masque to be given at the Auditorium on the evening of Thursday, December 19, are progressing splendidly. This will be a free entertainment to which the general public is invited.

FITZGERALD POULTRY WINS FLORIDA PRIZES

Fitzgerald, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Fitzgerald chicken fanciers upheld the Georgia reputation at the Florida State fair last week and carried off the big prizes at the poultry show in Jacksonville. Red Jones, W. R. Skinner, O. J. McCrary, J. P. Patterson and G. S. Wilcox, all members of the Fitzgerald Poultry association, had fine exhibits at the show and each carried off some fine prize money and other insignia of distinction against exhibitors from many southern and northern states.

NEGRO CONFESSES TO STEALING PECANS

Moultrie, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Henry Ford, a negro, is held in jail here on the charge of stealing about 2,000 pounds of pecans from M. M. Kendall, of Moultrie. It is alleged that Ford went to Mr. Kendall's pecan grove and after gathering most of his crop had the nerve to haul them here in broad daylight and ship them under an assumed name to parties in various cities. Ford sold the nuts for about half price. At first he denied his guilt, but when he was identified by an official of the express company here as being the negro who had shipped several lots of pecans he made a confession, it is stated.

Holiday Goods for Holiday Gift Makers

Christmas is very near, and one must make the hours count.

We would like to help you, in selecting the Gift for the Baby.

Our Infants' Shop is complete and here one can find gifts to please the mother and make the Baby comfortable.

Baby Comforts for Bassinettes and Bibs in the daintiest pink and blue shades. Wool Blankets, Bath Robes, Carriage Afghan, Baby Buntings.

A hand-made Pillow Cover or Dress—Coats of Cashmere, Crepe de Chine and Faille, with dainty caps to match.

Bassinettes, Wardrobes, Clothes Baskets, Racks and Costumers.

Sacques, Bootees.

We have all kinds and styles of Rattles, Balls, Carriage Straps.

Special Beacon Blankets, in pink and blue.

Two styles—**$1.10, $1.50.**

A Lingerie Gown or Princess Slip—Maybe a pair of Billie Burke Pajamas for the girls.

Sweaters in all styles, Caps and Tams to match.

Bath Robes—Indian and Soldier Suits for boys and girls.

DOLLS.

A new shipment of dolls, with sleeping eyes. Beautiful life size Baby Dolls. **$8.50, $9.75.**

The Scohenut Doll in five styles, **$2.75, $4.50, $6.75.**

These are made of wood and guaranteed unbreakable.

Other Dolls, dressed and undressed. Girl Dolls and Baby Dolls, to please the daughter.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

86 to 96 Whitehall

SCHOOL MEETING ON FRIDAY NIGHT

Citizens of Atlanta Will Gather at Chamber of Commerce at 8 O'Clock to Permanently Organize School Improvement Association.

Plans have been completed for the meeting of the Atlanta School Improvement association to be held Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, in the assembly room of the chamber of commerce, and it is expected a large gathering of citizens will be present to take part in the permanent organization of this important civic body.

Meetings have been held by the organization and the nominating committees appointed Monday afternoon by Chairman Edgar A. Neely, and plans have been outlined on a tentative basis by which the meeting will be enabled to proceed.

The Atlanta School Improvement association, as its name implies, has for its purpose the betterment of the educational system of this city, and although it has been in existence but a short time on a temporary basis, it has accomplished splendid results toward the great end for which it was created.

Coming into existence as a sort of concerted protest by the parents and school patrons of the city, shortly after the sensational school investigation of last summer, when the shortcomings of the school system were laid bare by a special committee from city council, the association gathered its forces in an effort to divorce the schools from politics and to arouse the people of Atlanta to the great need for a change in the management of the city schools.

Changed School Law.

Through the efforts of prominent citizens, who afterwards became identified with the improvement association, the school law of the city was changed to allow the people to elect the board of education, an innovation which resulted in the naming of an entirely new board of education, nominated and elected by the people.

The naming of the new school board, as was afterwards stated by Chairman Neely, was but the first step in the direction of the end that is desired by the members of the Atlanta School Improvement association, and the meeting Friday evening will be for the purpose of establishing the organization upon a permanent basis, and mapping out the plans for its future work that will render it more effective each year in its efforts to place the school system of Atlanta upon the highest possible plane of usefulness and efficiency.

The officers who will be named to preside over the permanent organization will be chosen after earnest consideration by the nominating committee, the members of which will look carefully into the qualifications of the candidates before placing their names before the organization. These men and women will be chosen from citizens whose interest in the welfare of the schools, and whose loyalty to the city of Atlanta are beyond question.

On Broad Basis.

The organization of the association will be upon the broadest possible basis, and with its official and lay representation and membership being drawn from every walk of the city's life the association will approach nearer the consummation of democracy, perhaps, than any civic body ever formed in the city of Atlanta.

The leaders of the School Improvement association contemplate the formation of a civic body that will become a forum extensive as the city in which the ideas from all citizens may be introduced, exchanged and worked over for the benefit of the schools. The purpose is also to make it a body of such power that its ideals, representing, as they will, the best thought of Atlanta's citizens, will prevail in the future control of the city's schools.

The meeting to be held in the chamber of commerce tomorrow night will be called to order promptly at 8 o'clock, and Chairman Edgar Neely urges every citizen of the city who feels an interest in the school system to be present and take part in the permanent organization of the Atlanta School Improvement association.

Elgin Bracelet Watches

I have a large stock of Elgin Bracelet Watches and 12-size Hamilton Watches.

Select your purchase, make a small cash deposit, and we will hold until Xmas for you.

25 Years in Atlanta.
Official R. R. Watch Inspector.

J. W. BOONE
Cash Jeweler
14 N. Forsyth St.

Give him a box of

Lion Collars

for his Christmas

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N. Y.

We Know Best What Will Please A Man Most

Catering to his whims and fancies the live long year, we certainly **do** know what he would appreciate most as a gift.

Possessed with that knowledge we have provided accordingly—the most attractive collection of useful and appropriate gift articles.

Christmas Neckwear, 55c to $3.00.
Toilet Kits and Rolls, $2.50 to $15.
Plain silk and knitted Mufflers, $1 to $5.
Silk and linen Handkerchiefs, 15c to $1.00.
Kid and Suedtex Gloves, $1 to $3.50.
Christmas Hosiery, 30c to $1.00.
Pajamas, $1.50 to $6.50.
Sweaters, $5.00 to $10.00.
Terry Bath Robes, $6.00 to $7.50.
Blanket House Robes, $6 to $13.50.
Smoking Jackets, $6.50 to $10.00.
Silk Shirts, $6.50 to $10.00.

Besides these things, there are ever so many other articles that will suggest themselves to you when you are in the store.

Carlton Shoe & Clothing Co.

36 Whitehall St.

WILSON TO SPEAK TO U. S. SOLDIERS

Address Will Be Made Soon After He Reaches France and He Is Expected to State His Peace Views.

Paris, December 11.—The address which President Wilson will make to the American troops, probably as soon after his arrival in France as possible, is expected to be one of the most important delivered during his stay in Europe, and is being looked forward to by Europeans, who hope to gain from this a more definite idea of the president's exact position regarding numerous vital points. It is considered undoubted that the president will make this speech at the American front, but at what place has not yet been determined.

To Visit Ravaged Districts.

The president, it is announced, will visit devastated districts in France, and, although the present plans are tentative, all depending upon his personal wishes, the trip may take him into former German territory. Visits to Metz and Strasbourg are extremely probable.

President Wilson will lunch with President Poincare on Saturday soon after his arrival. The plans for Sunday have not yet been made known. On Monday President Wilson will hold a reception in the Paris city hall, to which a host of officials have been invited.

The Associated Press is in a position to state definitely that President Wilson will visit Italy, but no date has been fixed. A hundred invitations or more for the president to visit various places in France and the allied countries are being received daily. Naturally these are being held pending the coming of France's distinguished guest. It is considered hardly likely that the president will attend a great number of functions in Paris, as he will unquestionably need all the time possible to attend to the urgent business which brings him to Europe.

French Labor to Greet Wilson.

The general labor federation has sent out the following notice to its adherents:

"In view of the coming of President Wilson and to answer underhanded intrigues directed against him and his conception of a people's peace, the federal committee, organizing the labor manifestation on the day of his arrival wishes to associate itself with provincial labor organizations. It asks them to organize meetings at which resolutions may be adopted to be forwarded to President Wilson through the American embassy. This double manifestation on the part of the workers of Paris and the provinces will give President Wilson needed help to bring about a triumph for his conception of a people's peace."

WILSON'S SHIP NEARING FRANCE.

Brest, December 11.—The U. S. S. George Washington, with President Wilson and party aboard, changed its course after leaving the Azores and will arrive in Brest in advance of the time announced, according to a naval dispatch received today.

The president now is expected to reach Brest at 10 o'clock Friday morning, instead of at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. He will leave for Paris at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

A heavy "southwester" blew up during the night, stirring big seas off the coast and tearing into ribbons the decorations which had been placed in the city.

The authorities are erecting a pavilion on quay No. 3, where President Wilson will first set foot in France. The interior, which will be decorated with flags and flowers, will contain a platform where the French minister will extend their first greetings to the president.

A wireless message from the George Washington today asked that the American journalists who were on the United States steamer Orizaba, which left New York in advance of the George Washington, remain on board that vessel until after the landing of the president. However, the Orizaba reached Brest yesterday and the entire party of newspaper men landed and went to Paris last night.

HOLLAND CLAIMS RIGHT TO SHELTER WILLIAM

Continued from First Page

I prefer postponing anything I have to say until that time. In addition, I do not desire in any way to compromise any member of the government as it existed at the time of the outbreak of the war.'"

LILLE MOTHERS AFTER WILLIAM.

Paris, December 11.—Legal action against the former German emperor has been commenced by an organization of "Lille Mothers." The demand for prosecution states that the commanders of the German army in April, 1916, directed that minor girls be carried away from their families, that they were submitted to odious treatment and forced into close contact with notorious women.

The statement of complaint says that whereas said commanders were thus guilty of the crime of abduction and that they were under command of their former emperor, prosecution is demanded.

A telautograph of European invention uses light rays to reproduce on photograph films writings or drawings made at distant points.

WILL CO-OPERATE IN FINDING JOBS FOR ALL SOLDIERS

The Georgia men who will be discharged from Camp Gordon after Monday will have the benefit of all the machinery for helping them to find suitable work which has been put in action by the United States department of labor and the United States employment service co-operating with the Council of National Defense, through the creation of bureaus for returning soldiers and sailors.

The chairman of the Council of National Defense in every county is expected to see that a bureau is established in every town in Georgia of any size which will be intended as a sort of clearing house for jobs of every kind. Through connection with all government employment agencies and various civic organizations these bureaus will be of inestimable assistance to the returning war workers. A representative at every camp is spreading the information as to the general method of operation.

Hal M. Stanley, commissioner of commerce and labor, is looking after the administration of this plan in Georgia and is in daily communication with the camps and local bureaus. Wednesday he received from an Ohio cantonment cards bearing the names and other information regarding boys who will soon return to Georgia towns. These will be forwarded to the boys' homes in order that the way may be prepared for their re-entrance into the industrial and business life of their communities.

Fair and Colder Weather Forecast Atlanta Vicinity

The weather will be fair Wednesday with a somewhat colder temperature, which will not drop to freezing, according to local weather forecasters. Cloudy unsettled weather now prevails east of the Mississippi river with rains at many places, but weather officials declare that these conditions will not prevail in Atlanta.

Temperatures are moderately high in the cotton belt east of the Mississippi. Although very cold weather now continues in the northwest, freezing weather is not indicated in Atlanta, and the temperatures in Georgia will probably not fall below 35 degrees. Colder weather, however, will occur for the next few days.

SHERIFF IS HUNTING FOR WIFE MURDERER

Thomasville, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Sheriff Rheberg has been conducting a hunt for the past few days for John Hudson, a negro, living near Metcalf, who is charged with killing his wife. The crime was committed Sunday afternoon in the quarters of the Caldwell Lumber company.

The only witness was a young boy, who stated that Hudson attacked the woman with a knife, cutting her throat and stabbing her in several places, killing her almost instantly. Young Mr. Caldwell, who came up just as the crime was committed, tried to capture the negro, but he escaped to a nearby swamp and the sheriff thinks he went across the line into Florida. Hudson is said not to have lived with his wife in some months.

GEORGE C. BULLARD PNEUMONIA VICTIM

Passing of Popular Detective Chief Causes Universal Sorrow.

Chief of Detectives George C. Bullard, one of the most popular officers on the Atlanta police force, died shortly after 2:30 o'clock Wednesday morning at the Georgia Baptist hospital, a victim of Spanish influenza. He was seized with the

LATE GEORGE C. BULLARD.

disease about ten days ago, and last Sunday, when pneumonia set in, he was removed from his home, 590 Capitol avenue, to the hospital. For the last several days his condition has been gradually growing weaker. It was reported Tuesday at the hospital that his condition was somewhat improved, but later in the night he had a sinking spell from which he never rallied.

Chief Bullard was 36 years old and was born near Bremen, Ga. He had been on the local force since December, 1906. For several years he worked as a patrolman, and later was transferred to the detective department. He was appointed station sergeant in 1912, and when the office of detective sergeant was created by the police board, he was elected to fill this position. When Newport A. Lanford resigned as chief of detectives May 28 of this year he was unanimously elected to the position which he filled with much success.

His rare ability for clearing up a number of the most baffling police mysteries in the history of Atlanta won for him the admiration of all his fellow workers. It was mainly through his efforts that the negroes who held up a street car in Druid Hills several years ago, killing the motorman and badly wounding the conductor, were captured and brought to justice. He also won a wide reputation in safe-blowing cases.

Tribute to Dead Officer.

Judge Nash R. Broyles, of the state court of appeals, who for many years was city recorder and who with his connection with the police court was brought into close association with Chief Bullard, greatly commended him in a communication to The Constitution, stating that Atlanta has lost one of its best officials.

Judge Broyles says:

"In the death of Chief of Detectives George Bullard Atlanta has lost one of her very best public officials and private citizens. I knew him well, and I never knew a better, braver, tenderer man; intelligent and efficient, faithful and courageous, honest and incorruptible, modest and self effacing, chivalrous and gentle, he was the ideal police officer, an honor to the force and to Atlanta.

"As his duty required he prosecuted criminals, but he never persecuted any one. That he should have been cut down in his full vigor and usefulness by the 'grim reaper' is one of those inscrutable mysteries known to God alone. For him, however, 'life's fitful fever' is over, and I am sure that already he has heard those blessed words of approval: 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joys of thy Lord.'"

Judge George E. Johnson, shortly after the death of Chief Bullard, announced Wednesday afternoon that he will hold no recorder's court on Thursday afternoon.

Chief Bullard had a large circle of friends, not only in the police department, but all over the city. Three days before his death he called his wife to his bedside and discussed with her business and family matters, in the event that he would not recover. He later sent for Chief Beavers and Detective Sergeant T. D. Shaw, and carefully explained the detail of the cases on which he had been working. He later told them that the end was not far.

Beside his widow and two children, Helen, 9 years old, and Louis, 11 years old, he is survived by his mother, Mrs. Florence Bullard, of Atlanta; three brothers, W. O. and I. A. Bullard, of Atlanta, and J. H. Bullard, of Buchanan, Ga.; two sisters, Mrs. G. L. Doster and Mrs. C. W. Trimble, both of Macon, Ga.

Masonic Funeral.

The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole. Funeral services will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Baptist Tabernacle, Rev. John W. Ham officiating. Chief Bullard was a charter member of Lebanon Masonic lodge, 655, and the Masonic service will be used at the grave. The pallbearers will be the following: Sergeant T. D. Shaw, J. C. Little, police commissioner; Sergeant W. P. Reed, Captain A. L. Poole, Assistant Chief E. J. Jett and Detective J. J. Cowan.

An honorary escort of fifty police officers, including twenty mounted, will accompany the body from Poole's chapel to the Baptist Tabernacle. The police station will be draped in mourning for the next several days.

PROMINENT WINDER MAN PNEUMONIA VICTIM

Winder, Ga., December 11.—One of the saddest deaths that ever occurred in Winder was that of Homer C. Smith, who died late yesterday at his home here of pneumonia, following an attack of Spanish influenza. He had been sick for only a short time and confined to his bed for only a few days.

Mr. Smith was a director of the Farmers' Bank of Winder, and was in the insurance business. He was 30 years old and one of the city's most successful business men. He was a prominent Knights Templar and Shriner.

He leaves a wife, who was Miss Kathleen Hulm, of Athens, and two daughters, Marcia and Dorothy, besides his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Smith; two sisters, Mrs. E. F. Saxon and Miss Marie Smith; one brother, Ralph Smith, all of Winder, and another brother, J. Roy Smith, with the American expeditionary forces in Europe.

The funeral was preached from the Christian church in Winder by Rev. R. F. Wallace and Rev. John H. Wood Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock and the interment was at Winder.

STRANGE ANIMAL TERRORIZES GRANT PARK SECTION

The entire Grant Park section was thrown into wild excitement early Wednesday night, when reports were widely circulated that a strange animal was at large terrorizing the neighborhood. Immediately the residents were in a turmoil, and many women began taking their children into their houses to escape the wild beast.

The police were notified, and hurried to the scene where persons stated that they had seen the animal rushing madly up and down the streets. One man claimed that the beast had chased him into his house, and he barely escaped by closing his front door.

Several persons stated that the animal was nearly three feet high, and that he had the apeparance of a tiger. Only one person, it is said, had ventured near enough to clearly distinguish the big brown body with black stripes.

When the police officers arrived, however, the beast had entirely disappeared. They diligently searched the neighborhoid in the "police jitney," but could find no trace of the terror. The search continued for almost an hour in and around the park.

The keeper of the zoe at Grant Park was called upon to see if an animal had escaped from the zoo, but, according to the police, after looking in all of the cages, he found all his pets in their respective places.

The police believe the animal must have escaped from a circus in winter quarters at Lakewood, but they could not get into communication with the owners.

ANOTHER TRAINED NURSE TESTIFIES

"Never Until I Took Tanlac Did I Get Any Relief," Says Mrs. Hall. Wants Everybody to Know It.

Another splendid endorsement for Tanlac was given recently by Mrs. Joe B. Hall, who resides at 1503 Avenue D, San Antonio, Texas. Mrs. Hall was at one time a trained nurse and by reason of her wide experience in relieving suffering, her statement regarding the merits of Tanlac will appeal to everybody, especially those troubled as she was before using the medicine. Mrs. Hall said:

"I had suffered for three years from indigestion and the worst kind of burning and pains in my stomach. I had no appetite and all I ate seemed to go completely against me. My head ached dreadfully. I had dizzy, fainty spells and was so nervous I couldn't sleep. I have often gotten up in the middle of the night and dressed and tried everything I could think of to get my nerves quiet.

"I resorted to every treatment I knew of—even had an operation or two—but never until I found Tanlac did I get any relief. I decided to try Tanlac because it was endorsed so highly, but I never dreamed of getting such relief. Being able to eat without suffering, sleep soundly and feel well like I do now certainly is a blessing. Tanlac is wonderful and I will at any time be glad to tell just what it has done for me. I know there are lots of people suffering just like I did and I just want to tell them I believe that if they take Tanlac, they will get well.

Tanlac is sold by Atlanta's leading druggists.—(adv.)

1,250 PERSONS SAVED BY THE COAST GUARD

Washington, December 11.—Coast guard life-savers rescued 1,250 persons from drowning during the year ending last June 30, and assisted more than 11,000 others on vessels in distress, according to the annual report of Captain R. F. Berthoff, commandant of the coast guard, made public today. Many of those rescued were from vessels sunk by Germa submarines off the Atlantic coas The coast guard operated as an integral part of the navy during th war, although ordinarily it is branch of the treasury department.

By connecting all coast guard an life-saving stations with telephon the service has now set up a sing system of communication with 2,3 miles of wire and 402 miles of cabl

XMAS JOY

What would bring more pleasu than a Browning Camera to th boy or girl on Christmas morning Grown-ups can use them also. Jn L. Moore & Sons, the opticians, hav a large stock of cameras an kodaks. Select yours now. 42 Broad St.—(adv.)

Maggie Teyte Appears

In Song Recital at Egleston Memorial Hall, TONIGHT, December 12th.

"The Mason & Hamlin blends with the voice remarkably—its singing quality and its carrying musical tone unite in making it UNRIVALLED.

(Signed) "MAGGIE TEYTE."

Only at Cable's Music Rooms is the Celebrated

Mason & Hamlin Piano

On Exhibition. It Is the World's Most Costly Piano—and the Best.

Cable Piano Co.

82-84 NORTH BROAD ST., ATLANTA, GA.

Kibler's Long Clothes

The kind you can afford to buy

Kibler & Long Clothes **Wear Well.** They possess those **enduring qualities—firm fabric** and **honest tailoring**—that insure **long service** and **continued shapeliness.** They have the **sensible style** of which you **never tire,** no matter how long they last. In **Kibler & Long Clothes** you get these desirable features at

One-Third Less Price Than Others Ask

Overcoats

Never have we shown a more attractive line. A wide selection of cold-defying materials, among them the stylish box coats, storm coats and ulsters in both medium and heavy weights. From military to strictly civilian cut.

Wool Suits

Wonderful fabric values. Rare worsteds. Warm woolens. Attractive styles, weaves and patterns to suit all tastes, cut to fit all figures from short and stout to tall and slim. These suits deserve your inspection.

Only by Comparison Can You Know the Greater Dollar Value Our 33-Store Buying Power Insures.

Kibler's Long

$15.00 7-Decatur St $17.50

Two Stores In Atlanta

$22.50 70-Peachtree $27.50

My Headquarters Is At

KING'S

There's One Near You

SIX BIG STORES

A FEW SUGGESTIONS of the wonderful variety of Holiday Presents to be found in King's Six Hardware Stores

Gifts for the Whole Family

De Luxe Gifts
IN COMMUNITY PLATE

"Each year I give Community Silver to my friends," said a wise shopper a few days ago. You too, can make use of Community Silver to wonderful advantage as gifts.

COMMUNITY SILVER PRICES.

26-piece set Community Silver in mahogany case $34.00

COMMUNITY SILVER PRICES
KNIVES—FLAT HANDLES.
(50-Year Guarantee)

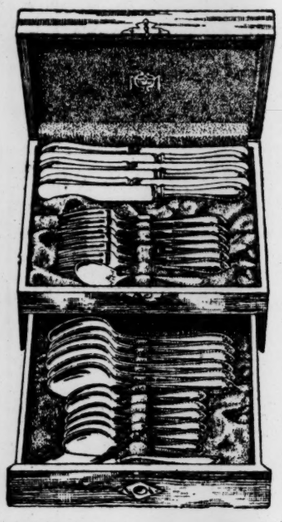
Hollow handle medium Knives; dozen $18.50
Hollow handle Dessert Knives; dozen $18.30
Butter, without box, each $ 1.00

COMMUNITY SPOONS
(60-Year Guarantee)

Tea, six in plain box; per dozen ..... $ 7.00
Dessert, six in plain box; per dozen $13.00
Table, six in plain box; per dozen $14.00
Soup, round bowl, six in plain box; per dozen .. $14.00
Iced Tea, six in plain box; per set ..... $ 5.00
Orange or Grapefruit, six in lined box; per set ... $ 5.00
Berry or Salad, one in lined box; each ..... $ 3.00
Sugar Shells, one in lined box; each .... $ 1.00

FORKS, FLAT HANDLES.
(50-Year Guarantee)

Medium, six in plain box; per set $14.00
Dessert, six in plain box; per dozen $13.00
Cold Meat or Salad, one in lined box; each ... $ 2.00
Oyster, six in lined box; per set ..... $ 4.50
Pickle, one in lined box; each ..... $ 1.25



Salad, individual, six in lined box; per set .. $ 6.50
CARVERS—Large, three pieces in lined box; the set ... $12.00
Small, two pieces in lined box; the set .... $ 7.50
TABLE KNIVES—Solid handles, embossed, medium, six in marked box; per set .. $ 5.00

COMMUNITY RELIANCE SILVER.

Made by Community factory, 26-piece set Reliance Silver in mahogany case ... $19.00
26-piece set; regular $12.50 value $10.00
Knives, hollow handle, medium, six in roll; per dozen .. $14.00
Dessert Knives, six in roll; per dozen $13.50

SPOONS

Tea, twelve in plain box; per dozen ..... $ 4.00
Dessert, twelve in plain box; per dozen .. $ 7.50
Table, twelve in plain box, per dozen ..... $ 8.00
Soup, round bowl, twelve in plain box; per dozen .... $ 8.00
Iced Tea, twelve in plain box; the set ..... $ 2.60
Orange or Grapefruit, six in lined box; the set $ 3.00

FORKS—Flat Handle

Medium, twelve in plain box; per dozen ..... $ 8.00
Salad, individual, six in lined box; the set ... $ 4.25

KNIVES—Flat Handle

Butter, one in lined box; each ..... 75¢

KNIVES—Solid Handle

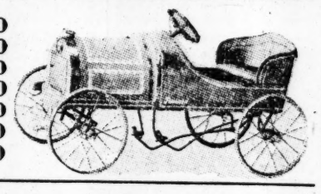
Embossed medium, per dozen ..... $ 6.50

MISCELLANEOUS

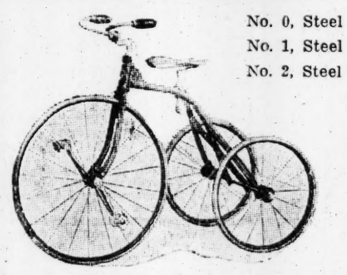
Ice Cream or Pie Servers, one in lined box; the set ... $ 2.75

Toys That Will Delight Sonny Boy
Juvenile Automobiles at This Store Are Wonderful Values

No. 20, ⅜-inch Rubber Tire $7.50
No. 30, Rubber Tire $8.50
No. 40, Rubber Tire $14.00
No. 422, Rubber Tire $9.00
No. 138, Large Machine $15.00
No. 403, Fine Value $15.00
No. 106, Chain Drive $17.50

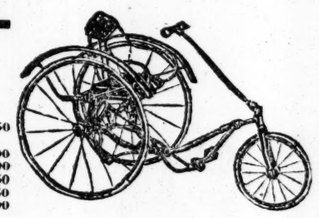


"The Little Buster" Sure Wants a Velocipede!



No. 0, Steel Tire $3.00
No. 1, Steel Tire $3.50
No. 2, Steel Tire $4.00
No. 3, Steel Tire $4.50
No. ORT, ⅜-inch Rubber Tire $5.00
No. 6, ⅜-in. Rubber Tire $5.50
No. 7, ⅜-inch Rubber Tire $6.00
No. 11, ½-inch Rubber Tire $8.00
No. 12, ½-inch Rubber Tire $9.00
No. 13, ½-inch Rubber Tire $10.00
No. 21, ⅝-inch Rubber Tire $12.00
No. 22, ⅝-inch Rubber Tire $13.00
No. 23, ⅝-inch Rubber Tire $14.00
No. 82, ¾-inch Rubber Tire $18.00
No. 83, ¾-inch Rubber Tire $21.00

Santa's Tricycle Headquarters Here



No. 30 Steel Tires $6.00
No. 31 Steel Tires $7.50
No. 18½, 3-8-in. Rubber Tires $11.00
No. 20½, 3-8-in. Rubber Tires $12.50
No. 118, ½-in. Rubber Tires $15.00
No. 120, ½-in. Rubber Tires $17.50
No. 122, ½-in. Rubber Tires $20.00
No. 1-T, Ball Bearing $20.00
No. 2-T, Ball Bearing $22.50
No. 2 Fairy $22.50
No. 3 Fairy $25.00

Good Values in Boys' Hand Cars

No. 10 Rubber Tires $5.50
No. 20 Rubber Tires $7.50
No. 21 Rubber Tires $8.50
No. 51 Rubber Tires $12.50
No. 214 Coaster Gear ... $17.50
No. 1 Auto Coaster $22.50

BLACKBOARDS

With drop to form desk $1.25
Plain board on stand . 50¢

DESKS

No. 10, with chair .. $6.50
No. 37, with chair .. $8.50

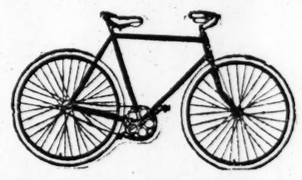
WILLOW ROCKERS

No. 57 Rocker $5.00
No. 47 Rocker $6.00
No. 76 Straight ..... 85¢
No. 77 Straight $1.00
No. 52 Straight $1.25

ROCKING HORSES

No. 298, on rockers $2.50
No. 410, on stand $6.00
No. 418, on stand $9.00
No. 419, on stand $11.00
No. 9, on stand $8.00
No. 12, on stand $12.50
No. 13, on stand $15.00
No. 14, on stand $17.50

We Direct Very Special Attention to Our Bicycle Stock

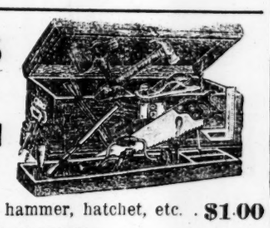


OUR KING BEE BICYCLE

14, 16 and 18-inch frames, suitable for children to 10 years. $35.00
20 and 22-inch frames; for those 10 years and up $40.00
Coaster Brake on any of above, extra $5.00

All of these bicycles are fitted with strictly guaranteed tires and are very high grade machines.

TOOL CHESTS
For Boys and Grown-Ups as Well



BOYS' TOOL CHESTS

No. 449, Ten tools, including saw, hammer, hatchet, etc. . $1.00

MEN'S TOOL CHESTS

Chest of eleven tools, extra fine quality $9.00
Chest of fifteen tools, none better made $12.50
Chest of eighteen tools that every man needs $17.50
Chest of twenty-four tools—a very complete outfit ... $25.00

Here Is How to Make It An Electrical Christmas

Irons, 5-lb. and 6-lb. $6.00, $6.50, $7.00

Electrical Stoves

Toaster Stoves ..... $6.50 and $7.00
Toaster Stove and Grill Combined $8.50
Toaster Stove, large size $10.00

Hello Boys!

Your Boy Can Construct All Kinds of Steel Models and Win Honors and Prizes With

GILBERT ERECTOR

"The Toy Like Structural Steel"

Give your boy a set of Erector. It has most and strongest parts of all steel construction toys. He can build things with it genuinely like the real bridges, skyscrapers, etc. that engineers build. It will teach him valuable engineering principles that he will never regret knowing even if he doesn't become a professional engineer.

Come in and see what Erector is like. Ask for a copy of the holiday number of **Toy Tips** that tells how a boy can have free membership in the

GILBERT ENGINEERING INSTITUTE FOR BOYS.

with a chance to win valuable prizes, fame and honor.

Num-ber of Models	Num-ber of Pieces	PRICE
Set No. 1	140	88 $ 1.00
Set No. 2	205	120 2.00
Set No. 3	345	176 3.00
Set No. 4	571	207 5.00
Set No. 5	679	229 7.50
Set No. 6	1000	264 10.00

Extra Motors.. 75¢ to $2.00

We can supply parts to enlarge sets you already have.

ELECTRIC TRAINS

Lionel Electric Trains, a most wonderful and lifelike toy, $6.00, $8.50, $11.00, $15.00 and $18.00.

Transformer, $4.25 and $6.50.

Mechanical Trains and Track, $1.25, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $6.00, $7.50 and $10.00.

Beautiful Ivory Sets-- The Gift Ideal

For Women

Ivory Sets, in varied combinations—all beautiful and useful, $6.50, $7.50, $10.00, $13.50, $15.00, $20.00, $25.00 up to $50.00.

Ivory Manicure Sets—in many combinations, $2.50, $3.50, $5.50, $6.50 and $7.50.

Ivory Toilet Bottles, $2.50, $3.50 to $5.00, all with Cut Glass Stoppers.

Ivory Combs, 75c, $1.00, $1.25. Brushes, 50c, $2.50, $3.50 and $4.00.

For Men

Soldier Kits, complete in every particular, $5.50, $6.50, $7.50 and up to $15.00.

Military Comb and Brush Sets, $6.50 to $10.00.

Ivory Shaving Sets, 4 pieces, $5.00 and $6.50.

Other Shaving Sets, mug, brush and soap box, in case, $2.50 to $6.50.

Smoking Sets, 50c to $5.50.

Smoking Stands and Sets, with steel pedestal or mahogany, $5.50 to $7.50.

Soldier's Cloth Kit, $3.50.

For the Fellow Who Likes Baseball

Official League Baseball ... $2.00
Other Baseballs ..... 10c to $1.50
Bats ..... 10c to $1.50
Protectors ..... $1 to $10.00
Shoes ..... $3.50 and $5.00
Sliding Pads $1.50
Stockings ..... 50c to $1.00
Score Books 25c, 50c, $1.00
Scoring Tablets 25c
Bat Bags ..... $1 to $3.50

Tennis Outfits Here

TENNIS RACKETS $1 to $8

Tennis Nets ..... $1 to $8.00
Racket Covers, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.25
Championship Balls 60c
Deuce Balls 25c
Tennis Shoes ..... $2.25 to $2.75

Bathroom Fixtures

Towel Bar, nickel, 18-in. size.... $ .75
Towel Bar, nickel, 24-in. size $1.00
Towel Bar, nickel, 30-in. size $1.25
Towel Bar, nickel, 36-in. size..... $1.50
Towel Bar, glass, 18-in. size..... $2.00
Towel Bar, glass, 24-in. size..... $2.50
Towel Bar, glass, 30-in. size $3.00
Tooth Brush Holders 25c, 75c
Glass Holders 75c, $1.50
Paper Holders 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25
White Enameled Medicine Cabinets:
Size 11½x15 ..... $4.00
Size 18x24 ..... $9.00
Bath Seats, oak finish, $1.50.
Bath Seats, white enamel finish, $2.00.
Bath Sprays, $1.50, $2.00, $3.50.

White Enameled Framed Mirrors—
Size 9x12 ..... $1.00
Size 12x18 ..... $3.50
Size 16x20 ..... $5.00
Size 20x24 ..... $6.00
Size 22x28 ..... $7.50

SPORTING GOODS
For the Gift Seeker
A Gun For Him

L. C. Smith Double-barrel Shotgun..... $35.00 up
Ithaca Double-barrel Shotgun, special value $35.00 up
Parker Double-barrel Shotgun ..... $50.00 up
Remington and Winchester Repeating Shotguns ..... $42.50 up
Remington Rifles ..... $ 7.60 up
Winchester Rifles ..... $ 7.50 up
Stevens Rifles ..... $ 6.75 up
Hunting Caps ..... 75c up
Hunting Coats ..... $ 2.50 up
Hunting Pants ..... $1.50 up
Leggings $1, $2.50, $3.50, $6.00
Shell Vests $2.00
Shell Bags ..... 75c to $2.00
Elk Hide Hunting Shoes ..... $7.50 pair
Elk Hide Hunting Boots ..... $17.50 pair
Cleaning Rods 35c

For the Football Boys

Footballs ..... $1.50 to $7.00
Football Pants $2.50
Nose Guards ..... 50¢
Headgear ..... $2.00 to $8.00
Football Shoes $6.00
Sweaters ..... $4.00 to $15.00
Basket Balls ..... $2.00 to $6.00
Goals, complete with nets, pair . $4.00
Basket Ball Pants $1.50

DOLL GO-CARTS
Very Good Values

No. 190 Steel Tire 75c
No. 192 Steel Tire 85c
No. 200 Steel Tire 85c
No. 202 Steel Tire $1.00
No. 328 Rubber Tire $1.75
No. 329 Rubber Tire $2.00

WICKER DOLL CARRIAGES.

No. 2830 ..... $5.00
No. 2831 ..... $5.50
No. 2832 ..... $6.00
No. 2833 ..... $6.50
No. 2834 ..... $7.50
No. 2835 ..... $8.00
No. 2836 ..... $9.00

Fireplace Goods for Christmas Gifts

BRASS ANDIRONS.

No. 716, pair ..... $ 7.50
No. 0217, pair ..... $ 9.00
No. 6014½, pair $10.00
No. 928, pair $11.00
No. 7561½, pair $11.00
No. 02021½, pair $11.50
No. 7001½, pair $15.00
No. 10, pair $17.50
No. 14, pair $22.50

Wrought Iron Finish.

No. 1912, pair ..... $ 2.50
No. 1900, pair ..... $ 5.00
No. 1031, pair ..... $ 6.00
No. 1934, pair $10.00
No. 1917, pair $12.50

FIRE SETS (Brass).

No. 133 Set ..... $ 7.50
No. 275 Set ..... $ 9.00
No. 272 Set ..... $ 9.00
No. 274 Set $10.00
No. 103 Set $12.50
No. 6102 Set $14.00
No. 286 Set $15.00

Wrought Iron Finish.

No. 847 Set $4.00
No. 854 Set $7.00

BRASS FENDERS.

42-inch Brass Fender $11.00
42-inch Brass Fender $12.50
42-inch Brass Fender $17.50

For the Golf Enthusiast
Give him (or her) Golf Goods for Xmas
No e the Special Price—No One Else Sell Them So Low

Every ball first quality in every respect and absolutely guaranteed.

King Bee or Queen Bee, dozen $6.00
Diamond King or Diamond Jack, doz. . $6.00
Diamond King or Diamond Crown, doz. $9.00
Diamond Ace, Deuce, or Trey, dozen .. $9.00
If sent by Parcel Post add 10c per dozen.
Iron Golf Clubs $3.00
Wooden Golf Clubs $3.25

Caddy Bags

A great variety of patterns and kinds— $2.00 to $10.00

Other Important Suggestions

STEAK OR FISH PLANK. With Nickel Frame.

14-inch Size $3.75
16-inch Size $4.75
18-inch Size $5.75
Brass Cuspidors $1.25
Brass Cuspidors $1.50
Brass Cuspidors $2.00
Brass Cuspidors $2.50
Brass Cuspidors $3.00

BISSELL CARPET SWEEPER.

Crown Jewel $4.50
Grand Rapids $5.00
Parlor Queen $6.75
Superba $7.75
Electric Suction Sweepers $35.00
Hand Vacuum Suction Cleaners.. $9.00

STILL WE CAN SUGGEST GIFTS

Thermos Bottles ..... $3.75 to $5.75
Sweaters— $4, $7.50, $10, $12.50, $15
Boxing Gloves ..... $2.50 to $14.50
Flash Lights .. $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50
Punching Bags ..... $2.50 to $15.00
Fishing Rods ..... $5.00 to $12.50
Fishing Reels ..... $1.50 to $25.00
Whiteley Exercisers .. $2, $3, $4 and $5
Carriage Heaters $5.00

TOY WHEEL BARROWS $1.25 & $1.50

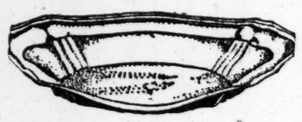
SHOOFLYS

No. 232 wicker back $4.00
No. 262 wicker back $5.00
No. 120 varnished back $1.50
No. 121 chintz covered $2.00
No. 163 folding $1.75

CARVING SETS

A large line of Carving Sets, in all the latest designs and of a quality that will appeal to any man or woman; a real necessity in any home, the range of prices being from $3.50 to $15.00.

SILVER SETS



In open stock, Baskets, Trays, Bowls, Compotes, etc., all the best and latest designs, and the prices will bear comparison with any house in the country.

IVORY JEWELRY BOXES

They are both useful and ornamental, plush lined, an ornament for the dresser, at $2.50 and $3.50.

POCKET KNIVES AS GIFTS

King Bee, Stag Handle, Four-Blade, medium size $1.50
Rodgers Four-Blade, Stag Handle, $2.50
Boker, Pearl Handle, with Scissors Blade $4.00
Rodgers, Pearl Handle, Four-Blade, Congress Knife $3.00
Other Patterns $4.00

POTTERY

Beautiful Vases, Jars, Jardinieres, Bowls, Fern Dishes, etc., in all the latest shades and designs. If it is Pottery, we have it, and the prices are right, too.

STERLING SILVER

Hollow Handle Knives, six ... $22.50
Flat Handle Table Forks, six ... $22.50
Tablespoons, set $20.00
Soup Spoons, set $20.00
Iced Tea Spoons $10.00
Teaspoons, set $10.00

53 Peachtree Street
87 Whitehall Street
814 Peachtree Street

King Hardware Company

122 Decatur Street
252 Peters Street
431 Marietta Street

LIGHT COMPANY ASKS INCREASE IN RATES

Waycross, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Through information received from a story carried in an Atlanta newspaper, it has been learned that the Ware County Light and Power company has filed a petition with the state railroad commission asking permission to increase the light rates in Waycross. No information has been received by Mayor Wright in regard to the matter, but City Attorney DeWitt Deen is now in Atlanta investigating the case.

W.L.DOUGLAS FREQUENTLY WORKED 18 TO 20 HOURS A DAY, RETURNING TO HIS FACTORY NIGHTS AFTER DAYS SPENT IN BOSTON BUYING LEATHER AND SELLING SHOES.

STAMPING THE RETAIL PRICE ON THE BOTTOM AT THE FACTORY PROTECTS THE WEARER AGAINST UNREASONABLE PROFITS.

BEGAN MANUFACTURING JULY 6 1876

FOR MEN AND BOYS

W.L.DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3.50 $4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 & $8.00

BOYS' SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD $3.00 $3.50

You'll never need to ask "What is the price?" when the shoe salesman is showing you W.L.Douglas shoes because the actual value is determined and the retail price fixed at the factory before W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom. The stamped price is W. L. Douglas personal guarantee that the shoes are always worth the price paid for them.

Stamping the price on every pair of shoes as a protection against high prices and unreasonable profits is only one example of the constant endeavor of W. L. Douglas to protect his customers. W. L. Douglas name on shoes is his pledge that they are the best in materials, workmanship and style possible to produce at the price. Into every pair go the results of sixty-six years experience in making shoes, dating back to the time when W. L. Douglas was a lad of seven, pegging shoes.

The quality of W.L.Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

CAUTION—Before you buy be sure W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom and the inside top facing. If the stamped price has been mutilated, BEWARE OF FRAUD.

For sale by 105 W.L.Douglas stores and over 9,000 W.L.Douglas dealers, or can be ordered direct from W. L. Douglas by mail. Send for booklet telling how to order shoes through the mail, postage free.

W.L.Douglas

President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORE: 11 Peachtree Street, ATLANTA

ALL FRENCH SCHOOLS OPEN TO U. S. SOLDIERS

Washington, December 11.—Andre Tardieu, high commissioner of Franco-American affairs, has cabled Secretary Baker from Paris offering to place the educational resources and facilities of the French government at the disposal of American soldiers in the army of occupation and of those who will be delayed in returning home through the natural difficulties of transportation.

Special opportunities would be given American college students with the army and an opportunity to learn French would be afforded all American soldiers. Secretary Baker has not yet replied to the offer.

"The American people," said Mr. Tardieu's message, "are looking forward to the prompt return to the United States of the army which, with such remarkable speed, came to increase the number of the champions of right. Although your government is doing all that is necessary to hasten this return as much as possible, the limitation in the means of transportation, on the one hand, and the necessities of occupying enemy country on the other, will delay materially the bringing home of all your troops.

As Expression of Gratitude.

"The French government knows the care you have taken of the intellectual and moral interests of your army. . . .

"With a view of expressing her gratitude to the American soldiers who have come to fight on her soil, our country desires to associate herself with the educational work which has been conducted with such success in your army.

"The scheme that we propose would be as follows:

"American college men would be given access as freely as possible to the French universities and other establishments for higher education; faculties of arts, sciences, medicine and law, Ecole des beaux-arts. The technical schools, commercial and agricultural schools in Paris and in the provinces, would be thrown open to them with all their resources for study; laboratories, collections, libraries, etc.

"Along with American students, officers as well as privates, every French university would admit at least one American professor who would lecture in English and have charge of American military students.

French Teachers at Disposal.

"As to the bulk of the American expeditionary forces, all French teachers available near American camps and cantonments would be placed at your disposal to teach French.

"Our educational system has been perturbed by this war, but all its resources at hand are at your disposal and it is the desire of our nation that you make use of them.

"This program cannot be stated definitely before the total number of American students is known to us and information obtained as regards the branch of study they wish to follow.

"While working for her own reconstruction, France will gladly devote some of her resources to help develop the professional and civic value of the American citizens who fought with her sons to make the world safe for democracy. For more than a century, the two democracies have put their common faith in the belief in progress through education."

WORK ON SCHOOL BUILDING STOPS; MONEY IS LACKING

Lacking about $600 with which to pay daily laborers, and being unable to secure this amount from the present finance committee of council, the school department has had to order work stopped on the Oakland City school, and although the material necessary for the completion of the building is on the ground, the chances are that it will not be completed until after the new board of education takes charge of the school system in January and finds money with which to pay the masonry workmen.

It was realized Saturday afternoon that unless the comparatively small amount of $600 could be secured for the pay roll that the new building at Oakland City could not be nished, as was expected, in time for the opening of school after the Christmas holidays, and a school official brought the matter to the attention of the chairman of the finance committee of council. The committeeman, however, declined to grant the necessary funds, and is reported to have referred the school official to the new board of education, suggesting that the money should be provided by that body.

"All the material for the completion of the first and second floors of the Oakland City school is at hand," said the school official, "and the building could easily be finished and be ready for occupancy in time for the new school term in January if we had the money with which to meet the pay roll. We need about $600 to complete the work, but as no way now seems to be in sight by which this amount can be raised the work on the building will have to stop until the new board of education, which will not take charge of the schools until the rst of the year, can provide the funds."

Oakland City school, which is one of the three new buildings that have been in course of construction since the middle of last summer, lacks but little work to put it in shape for use. The heating plant has been installed, and everything necessary for finishing the work is on the ground. The building is one of the most urgently needed of the three new school houses, as the school in Oakland City is now being conducted in a building that is in every way inadequate for the accommodation of the pupils.

GOVERNMENT STATES CASE AGAINST BERGER

Chicago, December 11.—Evidence to show that planning of an "underground railway" to Mexico so that draft evaders might seek sanctuary in the southern republic, and similar activities designed to embarrass the United States in the prosecution of the war, was promised by Joseph B. Fleming, assistant district attorney, in his opening address to the jury completed today at the trial of Victor L. Berger, congressman-elect of Milwaukee, and four other socialists on a charge of conspiracy under the espionage act.

Mr. Fleming devoted some time to the young people's socialistic league of which W. F. Kruse, a defendant, was secretary. Its main object, he averred, was to discourage men from joining the army and he charged that at a convention of the league in Chicago in May, 1917, a resolution was passed calling upon its members to refuse to register on June 5, 1917.

"One of the most active at the convention," said Mr. Fleming, "was Herman Bosler, now interned at Fort Oglethrope. The evidence will show that he and Kruse planned an 'underground' to Mexico.

"We will show that one defendant said 'To hell with the army! Only a skunk would join the army of the United States.'"

"Who said that?" asked Attorney Stedman, for the defense.

"Kruse said it," replied Mr. Fleming, and continued:

"We will show that these men denounced the Liberty Loans and argued for repudiation of all war debts of the United State, Adolph Gerber, a defendant, said: 'These bonds are fetters which bind you to the chariot wheels of capitalism,' and 'Liberty bonds are slave bond.'"

ADDITIONS TO RED CROSS PERSONNEL

Joseph Maclean, for several years a member of the faculty of Agnes Scott college, and who resigned his position there to take up Y. M. C. A. work last year, has been transferred into Red Cross work and is now field director at the base hospital, Fort McPherson.

Another addition to the personnel of the Red Cross there is Miss Trusdell, the new assistant housekeeper Miss Trusdell came from Binghamton, N. Y., and has had special training for this kind of work.

An assistant field director has been added to the force of workers, the new position being filled by Leon R. Meadows, of Camp Sevier. Mr. Meadows formerly a first lieutenant in the field artillery, was, before entering the services, a professor of English in the normal school at Greenville, S. C. He was placed on the inactive list while serving with the artillery on account of ill health and was permitted to enter the Red Cross division.

MANY ATLANTANS ARRIVE FROM CAMP

Two hundred soldiers who have recently been discharged from the service at Camp Greene, South Carolina, arrived at the Terminal station last night and were met by a large delegation of mothers, wives and sweethearts.

The youngsters bounded up the steps leading from the train in a manner that might have been decidedly too unrestrained from a military point of view, and throwing down the bags and kits they were carrying threw themselves into the arms of the mothers who were waiting at the top.

Many soldiers arrived from other camps yesterday and the day was marked by unusual activity at the stations of the city.

Flagged Wrong Man.

Fully equipped on the exterior with a red lantern and on the interior with an alleged plentiful supply of moonshine, Lum Howard, a white man, of this city, proceeded to light the way for automobiles and other vehicles on DeKalb avenue Monday night, acting in the capacity of self-appointed flagman, this coming to light yesterday in recorder's court.

When Howard made a mistake and flagged a motorcycle cop he was relieved of his flaming beacon and given a chance to get rid of his interior illumination. He pleaded guilty before Acting Recorder Steve R. Johnston Tuesday to a charge of being drunk on the streets and was placed on probation.

No Explosion.

Rumors that an explosion had occurred at the Candler warehouse circulated Wednesday proved to have had their origin in an accident occurring there during the day in which a negro, V. Hart, of 348 Davis street, was badly injured by a falling bale of cotton. He was sent to Grady hospital suffering from internal injuries.

New Chaplain.

George W. Light, of Louisville, Ky., has been assigned to duty as chaplain at Fort McPherson base hospital. The new chaplain was trained in the chaplains' school at Louisville.

Napoleon Flavor To Paris Mansion Chosen for Wilson

Paintings of Great Emperor Everywhere in the Murat Palace—Rooms of President and Wife Described.

Paris, December 11.—When President Wilson starts work in his study in the Murat mansion he will be surrounded on all sides by the likeness of Napoleon. A marble bust of Napoleon is on a pedestal directly in the rear of the desk at which President Wilson will work. Every wall panel has upon it a painting either of Napoleon or one of his generals or of their families.

Many of the priceless works of art and other ornaments which were removed during the long range bombardment of Paris have been returned to the mansion. In every room, in every hall, there is some object to recall the days of Napoleon.

The president's study on the second floor has a large bay window and a massive mahogany desk and a few chairs which sit in the window. The room is furnished in red and contains a low row of bookcases on one side. In the center on heavy wood pedestals are a large golden eagle and a bronze statue of a charging French dragon.

Wilson's Bedroom.

The president's bedroom adjoins his study. It is large in size and its walls are of blue. The three-quarter size bed which President Wilson will occupy is mahogany inlaid with brass and is shaped like a gondola. The bedroom also contains pictures of Napoleon, principally when he was emperor.

At the side of the bed is an American electric light and a modern American telephone. These modern American instruments look strangely out of place amid the furnishings of the room, many of which come down to the Murats from Napoleon and once were used by Napoleon.

In the president's suite in the dressing room adjoining the boudoir is a large bath. It is not the kind Americans know. Instead of tile the floor is covered with carpets of great thickness and there are pictures on the walls. The president's suite occupies nearly the entire second floor of the house.

The Princess Murat's maid was in the mansion today putting on the finishing touches for the reception of President and Mrs. Wilson. She proudly announced that she would be in attendance upon Mrs. Wilson. When the correspondent entered the mansion the maid was busily engaged in posing two little French dolls, called Alsace and Lorraine, in chairs.

The reception rooms and salon on the first floor are decorated with beautiful mural paintings and have exquisite chandeliers. The light from them is diffused through crystals. The state dining room, in which thirty-five guests can be entertained, contains the Murat family silver and gold tableware. All the Murat family servants, butlers, cooks and maids are ready for the visit of the American president and his wife.

Suite of Mrs. Wilson.

The suite of Mrs. Wilson, which is situated in the rear of the mansion, consists of a high-ceilinged salon. The wall cases hold collections of old chinaware and vases adorn their tops. The room has in it a grand piano, many chairs and settees and a divan.

Mrs. Wilson's sleeping chamber adjoins the salon. A dressing table occupies one side and in the room are comfortable chairs and settees. Soft pillows everywhere abound. The bed is snow white with golden trimmings and over it hangs a sky-blue and gold canopy. The dressing room of Mrs. Wilson is spacious and in it are closets lined with silk for her gowns and large hats. A long hall separates the suite to be occupied by President and Mrs. Wilson. The view from Mrs. Wilson's windows is over a deep green garden and the nearest house is a block away between the trees.

Ben Hill Court Session.

Fitzgerald, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Ben Hill superior court is in session this week, Judge D. A. R. Crum presiding. Judge Crum will leave the bench January 1, hence this special term of court to finish up some pending cases and dispose of several injunction cases. Judge Crum has a host of admirers in this county who regret to see him leave the bench.

FAILURE TO PAY U. S. SOLDIERS CALLED SCANDAL

Washington, December 11.—Representative Mann spoke in the house today on instances of failure of the war department to pay soldiers and denounced such failures as a "scandal to the nation."

Mr. Mann read a telegram from West Baden, Ind., saying several hundred men had arrived at a hospital there, many of whom were without funds, although they were due several months' pay.

Representative Sherley, of Kentucky, said the appropriations committee had recommended to the department that books of coupons be given to all soldiers for use as money when they had back pay due them, but that evidently the department had not put the plan into operation.

BELGIUM WILL MAKE DEMANDS ON HOLLAND

London, December 11.—Belgium claims that the peace conference will be directed, not only against Germany, but against Holland, according to The Metropole of Antwerp, which prints a statement made by the Belgian minister of foreign affairs. The minister is quoted as follows:

"Obviously, our first demand from Germany will be the restitution of all of which we were robbed in hundreds of ways. As far as territorial readjustments are concerned, if you carefully read between the lines of the passages of the recent speech from the throne, which refers to the old treaties, they will tell you as much as I can."

The passages in question deal especially with the international treaty of 1839 which fixed the status of Belgium. This treaty deprived the young kingdom of Belgium of the principal portions of her provinces of Leswig and Luxemburg, and enriched the German confederation by the Belgian towns of the provinces of Liege, such as St. Vith, Eupon, Malmady and Montjois. It likewise made the kingdom of The Netherlands master of the lower Scheldt. The consequence was that since the beginning of the war Antwerp has been bottled up and deprived of all possible assistance by sea against the invader.

PROVOX BOUND OVER FOR STEALING JEWELRY

Moultrie, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Albert G. Provox, a young Englishman, was bound over to superior court yesterday afternoon by Justice Muller, of Moultrie, on the charge of stealing a considerable amount of jewelry, including a diamond ring and watch, from Mrs. J. H. Pace, of Doerun. Mrs. Pace's husband is the prosecutor in the case.

At the commitment trial Mrs. Pace, who is a young woman of rather attractive personality, was the state's chief witness. She asserted that Provox was at her home the day the jewelry disappeared. Upon cross-examination, however, she admitted that at one time she loaned the diamond ring to Provox and that he wore it for several days. Provox later returned it, however, the witness said. It was after this that it and the other articles were missed.

E. I. McLendon, deputy sheriff, who accompanied Provox from Augusta, where he was arrested, was also put on the stand by the prosecution. He declared that Provox told him that Mrs. Pace gave him the ring and that he also came into possession of the other articles in the same manner.

McLendon said that Provox said that he sold the ring, spent the money and went "back for something else," and was given the other pieces of jewelry which Mrs. Pace's husband alleges that he stole. Prior to this time the defendant, according to the deputy sheriff, said that Mrs. Pace had given him sums of money several times.

The attorney representing Provox did not put up any witnesses nor did he have the defendant make a statement. In binding over Provox Justice Muller said that he believed that some points in the case had not been brought out. He assessed bond in the case at $100.

It appears that Provox is a piano tuner and that he was a frequent visitor at the Pace home during his stay in Doerun. Mr. and Mrs. Pace moved to Doerun from Cuthbert a few months ago. She is about 25 years old and he is nearly 50.

ELLIJAY HEARS W. S. S. TALK BY WATKINS

Ellijay, Ga., December 11.—Edgar Watkins, of Atlanta, spoke here yesterday in the interest of War Savings.

"We must by all means redeem our War Savings Stamp pledges," said Mr. Watkins, "and encourage the government to make this great movement a permanent proposition.

"Our country needs the money, and our people need the spirit of thrift instilled in them.

"I am firmly convinced that War Savings is the greatest of all the war activities, for it reaches the people as a whole."

INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC BY NO MEANS AT END

Washington, December 11.—Warning to the country that the influenza epidemic is by no means ended and that all possible precautions against the disease should be taken was issued tonight by Surgeon General Blue, of the public health service.

Reports received by the service show a recrudescence of the disease practically from one end of the country to another and in his statement Dr. Blue advised the closing of the public schools in the first sign of the reappearance of the epidemic. He said the disease apparently now tended to occur more frequently among school children.

"Our main reliance," Dr. Blue said, "must still be the observance of precautions by the individual persons. He should cover up his coughs and sneezes and insist that others do the same."

Information reaching the public health service shows that in California increases in the number of cases are reported from San Francisco and many other cities. Indiana reports no improvement in the situation, except that the cases are milder, while in Iowa there has been a marked decrease in the number of cases.

Kentucky reports a decided recrudescence in Louisville and some of the larger towns of the state, while Ohio reports increased numbers of cases in Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus, Akron, Youngstown, East Liverpood and many other cities.

The situation continues serious in Nebraska and New Jersey reports a substantial increase in the number of cases over the state. The disease also is reported in Missouri, Mississippi, West Virginia, South Carolina, Virginia, Massachusetts and other states, while in Pennsylvania conditions at Erie, Newcastle and Johnstown are said to be worse than during the original outbreak.

TO CONVERT POND INTO POWER PLANT

Nashville, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Banks Mill pond, located in the southeastern part of Berrien county, and covering more than five thousand acres of land, touching sixteen lots of land of four hundred and ninety acres each, is no longer to stand in idle repose and beckon to the fishermen.

The farmers of that section, and as a matter of fact, the farmers of the entire county, are interested in the production of wheat, already preparations are well under way to harvest more than one thousand acres of the grain in the vicinity of the "pond."

A large flour mill is to be erected where stood the small corn mill many years ago, and the water of the pond is to turn the wheels and convert the wheat into flour. Banks Mill pond is the largest body of water in this state and has long been famous as a fishing resort.

When Georgia passed her fish and game laws a few years ago, it looked for a while that this lake would become as famous as the notorious Reelfoot pond up in Tennessee; the little misunderstandings were, however, soon adjusted, and business resumed its normal condition, all to the injury and damage of the finny tribe within the bounds of the famous old pond.

MACON SERGEANT KILLED IN ACTION

Macon, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Long, of Vista Circle, Ingleside-Vineville, today received confirmation of the report that their son, Sergeant Charles B. Long, had been killed in action in France. The confirmation came in a message from Congressman J. W. Wise.

The message stated that Sergeant Long was killed on November 7, just four days before the armistice was signed. No other details were given. As more than a month has elapsed since he met death, the family expects to hear details in letters from France in a few days.

Sergeant Long was a member of company B, of the 151st Machine Gun battalion, and saw service on the border. He was 30 years of age and an only son. His father is engineer on the Georgia, Southern and Florida railroad.

ALLEGED KIDNAPERS DRAW $500 FINE

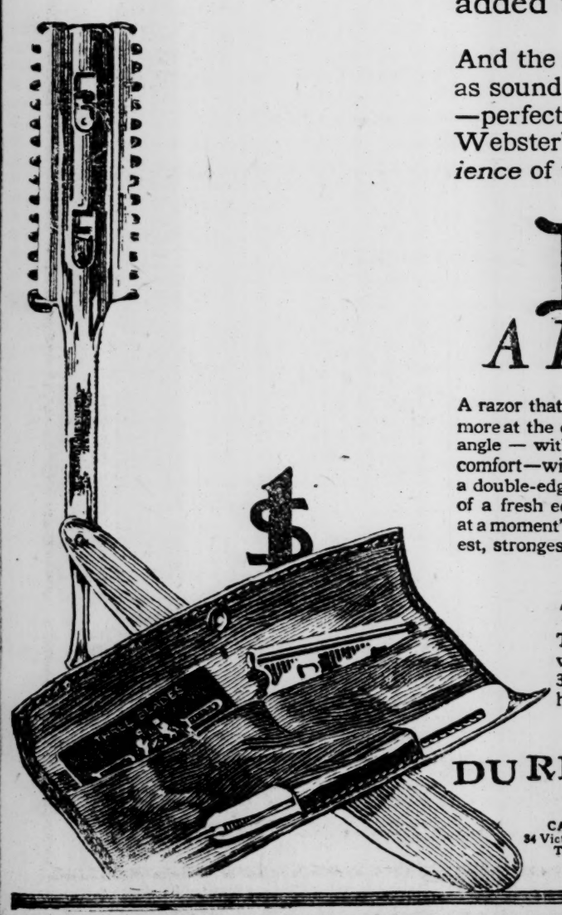
Charles Hasty was fined $500 in DeKalb superior court today after conviction as an accomplice in kidnaping, the jury recommending that the offense be treated as for a misdemeanor.

After Hasty's conviction Mrs. Emma Hunnicutt, the principal offender, entered a plea of guilty, and a consent verdict was taken by which a like fine was imposed. Mrs. Hunnicutt, who had previously separated from her husband, with the alleged connivance of Hasty, last August kidnaped her daughter, Constance, ten years old, from La France street, Edgewood, violating a decree of DeKalb superior court. Hasty and Mrs. Hunnicut carried the child to Norfolk, Va., but she has since been restored to her grandmother, who was made custodian.

Daniel Webster and his Razor

BEFORE his great debate with Hayne—before ever his commanding tones rose from any rostrum, Daniel Webster always dressed himself with particular care—and very carefully shaved. Dress coat of blue with brass buttons, buff waistcoat, lawn tie of many folds, fastidiously arranged—to this impressive picture, the great orator—of whom Europe said, "There goes a King"—invariably added the crowning touch of a perfect shave.

And the razor which Webster was so particular to use was as sound in principle as his own views on our Constitution—perfectly balanced, long bladed, even tempered. All that Webster's razor lacked was the *safety*—the *extra convenience* of the guarded two-edged



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A Real Razor—made Safe

A razor that enables you to shave once more at the one-and-only right shaving angle — with absolute safety — with comfort—with the sensible economy of a double-edged blade—with the luxury of a fresh edge or fresh-stropped edge at a moment's notice—and with the longest, strongest, keenest, *best-tempered* blade on earth. Don't discard this blade when dulled. You can strop it, you can hone it—why throw good steel away? Add *all* these extra conveniences to your old-time razor and you'll see why seven million men have changed from other razors to this *real razor made safe.*

ONE DOLLAR COMPLETE

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This set contains a Durham-Duplex Razor with an attractive white handle, safety guard, stropping attachment and package of 3 Durham-Duplex double-edged blades (6 shaving edges) all in a handsome leather kit. Get it from your dealer or from us direct.

Additional package of 5 blades at 50 cents

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52 Trimmed Hats also included in this wonder sale.

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Made to Sell at Two and Three Times the Sale Price.

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This Remarkable Offer Will Be One of the Season's Greatest Shopping Events. Sale Starts Today at 8:30.

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THE CONSTITUTION
ESTABLISHED 1868.
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Member of the Associated Press.
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use of publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

OPEN TO QUESTION.

Holland's manifest interest in behalf of the Hohenzollerns, father and son, is, to say the least, open to question.

An Amsterdam dispatch to The London Express says that—

If the allies insist upon the delivery of the former German emperor and crown prince to an international court of justice, Holland will yield, but will first urge that the allies content themselves with an undertaking by Holland to intern them for life in one of the Dutch colonies.

The correspondent goes on to say that it is understood—

Holland will suggest that Herr Hohenzollern and his son be placed on an island in either the East or West Indies, where he will be guarded by a Dutch fleet.

All of which necessarily opens the way to grave misgivings as to Holland's motives.

Especially is this suspicion given color in connection with the fact that The Netherlands government, without protest, acquiesced in Germany's violation of Holland's neutrality by passing troops across the Dutch province of Limburg during the retreat from Belgium.

Precisely why Holland is so intensely concerned in the personal safety of William and Frederick Hohenzollern is not clear to the lay mind.

The suggestion on Holland's part that it, a neutral government, voluntarily assume responsibility for the just punishment of men whom other governments have charged with capital crime is, if it actually has been made, preposterous.

Why should Holland undertake to banish the Hohenzollerns to an island of its own, and guarantee to keep them there for the remainder of their lives, guarded by Dutch ships?

Such a suggestion puts Holland in a position analogous to that of a citizen harboring a fugitive criminal, saying to the sheriff who calls with a warrant of arrest: "Yes the man you want is in my home and under my protection. But instead of delivering him into your hands I much prefer that you let me keep him. I would rather not turn him over to the legal authorities; but if you will leave him where he is I give you my word I will try him, convict him and sentence him to serve the remainder of his life in a prison I will build for him upon my own grounds!"

Of course, no court officer would acquiesce in such an absurd proposal. Instead he would arrest the fugitive and take him to jail; and in all likelihood he would collar the citizen also, take him along and incarcerate him on a blanket charge of "suspicion!"

The allied nations do not yet know what they want to do with the Hohenzollerns, beyond trying them in a lawful manner.

They propose, of course, to throw every safeguard around the accused men to insure them a fair trial. The defendants will be given the right of counsel and a "day in court." Their sentences—death, banishment, solitary confinement, or whatever it may be—cannot be legally decided upon prior to their conviction before the bar of justice.

Certainly Holland is not going to be permitted to anticipate what that punishment shall be, and of its own volition shoulder the responsibility of imposing it.

Neither will attempts in that direction strengthen its position with the world of nations.

GRAND OPERA ASSURED.

In the characteristic Atlanta way the guarantee fund necessary to bring the Metropolitan Grand Opera company to this city next spring has not only been subscribed, but oversubscribed; and grand opera for the 1919 season is assured.

Thus is resumed a happy annual custom of nine years' standing, and which has suffered only one intermission during that time—an intermission that was entirely voluntary on the part of our citizens and occasioned only by their willingness to sacrifice personal pleasure for the patriotic purpose of concentrating their forces upon the winning of the war.

To bring grand opera to Atlanta next spring required a material increase of the guarantee fund over that of any previous year, because of the unusually high mark of all expenses to be incurred.

The fact that even this additional burden was not permitted to stand in the way, however, proves conclusively that the demand for the best in music is as keen in the south today as ever it was; in fact, even more so!

It is also extremely gratifying that not Atlanta alone, but the whole south, shared in contributions to the preliminary guarantee fund; which shows that the desire for such music as the Metropolitan company alone produces is confined to no specific community of the south, but that it is general. And it also attests anew the fact that Atlanta is the recognized musical capital of this section.

The hearty response to the call for subscriptions to this fund indicates, furthermore, that the patronage of grand opera during the forthcoming season will set a new record in Atlanta.

It should, at any rate, because the capabilities of the Metropolitan company are, we are assured, greater today than ever before; and certainly it will meet with commensurate appreciation on the part of the music-loving public.

FRESH AIR AND "FLU."

Medical authorities are agreed that the most effective treatment for the dreaded Spanish influenza consists in prevention!

So far no infallible specific for the malady has been found. However, prevention of it by the individual is said to be a simple matter; but, like so many other matters of popular welfare, co-operation is a prime essential.

Surgeon General Rupert Blue, of the United States army, has issued a bulletin, in which he points the way whereby each individual may confine his "flu" hazard almost exclusively to that of contagion, and with little effort and no expense attached. That is, by properly clothing the body and by unlimited indulgence in fresh air!

"The gospel of fresh air," he says, "is the first preventive against influenza and pneumonia."

He goes on to say that in his opinion "we could easily save 100,000 lives annually in the United States if all people would adopt the system of fresh air, followed, for instance, in tuberculosis sanitariums."

"Get all the fresh air you can!" is his admonition to all who would shun the deadly "flu" and its bedfellow, pneumonia.

Further than that, he advises the wearing of "suitable" clothing, which means, of course, clothing sufficient to properly protect the body against cold; and he specifically warns against wearing clothing "so light that the windows have to be kept closed in order to keep warm."

Dr. Brady's advice about "—— miles of ozone taken on the hoof" every day, is particularly applicable, it would seem, in this connection.

All expressions of expert opinion that have appeared in print since the influenza peril first made its appearance in America simmer down to nothing more than the old-fashioned, hard, common sense, cardinal principles of hygiene: Plenty of fresh air; sufficient plain, nourishing food; abundant exercise; cleanliness of person and premises, and proper clothing!

Strict observance of a health code based upon those principles, it is safe to say, constitutes the safest and most nearly reliable guarantee of immunity from "flu."

Diamonds, or a dozen eggs, will make excellent Christmas presents.

"I'm a poor man," says Karl of Austria. How these kings do whine when nobody's working for 'em!

And there's the great celebration General Santa Claus has staged for the little world-armies that love him.

"We're down and out, and father is a broken man," says the former crown prince. And if they try to "pledge" anything in order to pull through, the Allies will get the pawnbroker for a receiver of stolen goods.

"Kill the Rat" Drive By School Children Completed Thursday

Thursday concludes this year's "kill-the-rat" campaign so far as the school children of Georgia are concerned, although membership tickets to the state club at fifty cents each may still be obtained by mail or in person through headquarters, 1627 Candler building.

Announcement of the 1919 license number of the splendid automobile now on display in the Ansley hotel lobby, which is to become the property of some club member, will be made in Sunday's papers, thus deciding a question of keen interest to a multitude of Georgians. Club tickets will remain on sale at the Ansley and various other downtown locations for a day or two.

Every school pupil who has been competing for the fifteen "baby bond" prizes offered by the Georgia Council of Defense, should finish turning in his or her report to the teacher in charge without delay. The reports should then be handed to the committee directing the work in the county invoived for immediate forwarding to headquarters. Announcement of the winners of the prizes will be made just as soon as all returns are in.

Mrs. Emma T. Martin, chairman of the anti-rat forces, on Wednesday urged that all individuals who have been prosecuting an independent offensive against the rat nuisance, simply to help the good work along, send in a report also. Many have already done this and in order to estimate just how heavily the four-footed enemy has suffered, everybody's record is wanted.

Supreme Court of Georgia

Judgments Affirmed.

Culver, executrix, v. Stevens, executor, et al.; from Hancock superior court—Edward R. Hines, judge pro hac vice. L. C. Culver, R. L. Merritt, R. H. Lewis, for plaintiff in error. L. D. McGregor, Burwell & Fleming, contra.

Cornelia Bank v. Barnett National Bank; from Banks—Judge Cobb. W. A. Charters, J. J. & Sam Kimzey, for plaintiff in error. Edgar A. Neely, Woodward & Smith, contra.

McDaniel v. Alford et al.; from Catoosa—Judge Tarver. W. E. Mann, for plaintiff in error. McClure & McClure, contra.

Bradley et al. v. Matthews, executor, et al.; from Chatham—Judge Meldrim. George H. Richter, Edward S. Elliott, for plaintiffs in error. Saussy & Saussy, James R. Cain, contra.

Williams v. Smith; from Fulton—Judge Bell. B. L. Milling, for plaintiff in error. E. M. & G. F. Mitchell, contra.

Shiver v. Hill et al.; from Brooks—Judge Thomas. Bennet & Harrell, for plaintiff in error. Branch & Snow, contra.

Henslee et al. v. Harper; from Douglas—Judge Bartlett. J. H. McLarty, J. S. Edwards, for plaintiffs in error. S. James, J. R. Hutcheson, D. S. Strickland, contra.

Crapps v. Crapps; from Calhoun—Judge Harrell. A. L. Miller, for plaintiff in error. E. L. Smith, contra.

Judgment Reversed.

Spooner v. Spooner; from Decatur—Judge Harrell. (Reversed as to attorney's fees; affirmed as to alimony.) W. I. Geer, Hartsfield & Conger, for plaintiff in error. M. E. O'Neal, J. R. Wilson, contra.

Today's Events

Centennial anniversary of the birth of Mary Todd Lincoln, wife of President Lincoln.

France has prepared a rousing welcome in honor of President Wilson, whose arrival is expected today.

Representatives of commercial bodies throughout Oregon are to meet in Portland today to organize a state chamber of commerce.

A large army and navy pageant is to be held in Baltimore today in connection with the Southern Commercial Congress now in session there.

Hearings are to begin before the house merchant marine committee in Washington today on an administration bill which provides for permanent government control of radio communication.

Representatives of all elements of the grocery trade have been invited to take part in a discussion of the nation's new food problem at a dinner to be given in Philadelphia tonight by the Association of Manufacturers' Representatives.

Dr. Romulo S. Naon, who recently resigned his post as ambassador to the United States from Argentina, is to visit Boston today to speak at the annual dinner of the Boston City club. It is expected that his address will deal with the relations between Argentina and the United States.

"In the Day's News"

Senator William P. Dillingham, of Vermont, one of the oldest members of the upper house of the United States congress, both in years and service, is in line for congratulations today on the occasion of his 75th birthday. Before becoming a senator, in 1901, Mr. Dillingham had been governor of Vermont, as was his father before him. He was born at Waterbury, Vt., and after completing his schooling went to Wisconsin and read law for two years in the office of Senator Matt H. Carpenter. He was admitted to the Vermont bar in 1867, and soon after began his public career as state's attorney. Before his election to the governorship in 1888, he had served in both branches of the legislature. Throughout his career Senator Dillingham has been especially prominent in the promotion of education and temperance.

A Year Ago Today in War

Cossacks and Bolshevik troops engaged in battle at Mohileff.

British under General Byng repulsed a furious attack by the Germans west of Cambrai.

Germans reported to be massing every available gun on western front for great artillery battle.

Delay Not at Door Of Highway Department, Reiterates Patterson

Editor Constitution: As you persist in holding the highway department of Georgia responsible for the delay in using the federal aid fund, I must again call your attention to the conditions.

Under the laws of Georgia, the state, having no authority to expend money for or to exercise jurisdiction over the construction of highways, we are compelled to rely on the counties to do the work. The only function that our department can perform is to act for the state in deciding on the allotment of federal aid funds to the various counties and to provide engineering supervision. Our department has promptly made allotment of the federal funds and has supplied engineers to supervise. There has been no delay in doing that and that is all that our department can do under the law.

The only just criticism can come on account of the delays and mistakes of the engineers in the past, and the delays of the counties to proceed with the work after they have made application for it and have contracted to do the work. The department has no power to remedy either cause of delay, except it might deal with the engineers, but when they show they are doing the work as expeditiously as possible under the conditions under which they work, this would end the matter.

Road work is proceeding in every county in Georgia and work under the federal aid act is in progress in six counties, and contracts have been made and work could have long ago commenced in six or seven others except for the delay in the counties. There are about twenty others whose projects have been approved and the plans finished, but no contracts made, but should be ready in a short time.

Our department has employed competent engineers and has promptly made allotments of the federal funds, and having done all that we can do under the law, if there is any unnecessary delay the fault is with the counties and engineers and not with the department.

T. E. PATTERSON,
Chairman.

Today's Anniversaries

1818—Robert S. Newton, a famous surgeon, who was the first to perform the circular operation for the removal of the breast, born at Gallipolis, Ohio. Died in New York city, October 9, 1881.

1870—Phalsburg, subdued by famine, surrendered to the Germans.

1887—Moscow university was closed because of rioting by the students.

1888—Southern interstate immigration convention met at Montgomery, Ala.

1894—Sir John Thompson, Canadian premier, died suddenly at Windsor Castle.

1911—At the Durbar at Delhi, King George was crowned Emperor of India.

1914—Montenegrins occupied Vishegrad.

1915—President Wilson's note to Austria on Ancona matter made public.

1916—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg announced that Germany and her allies proposed to enter forthwith into peace negotiations.

Just From Georgia

BY FRANK L. STANTON.

With the Dark Days.

I.

The sad Sun frowned and hid his face—
Clouds, for a sky once blue;
And the Dark Day said: "In the lonesome place
I'll tell your troubles to you.

We'll spend the day in Trouble Town,
Where the slow, long rain is coming down."

II.

And he told 'em over, one by one,
While the rain dripped sad and slow,
But all had the light of a far-off sun—
The light of the Long Ago.
And Love came singing—a dream to meet,
And the light of Love made the dark day sweet!

• • • •

A Keep A-Goin' Tune.

'Cause Peace looks a plenty and you're happy—high and low, don't you throw down the shovel and the hoe! There's seed for the sowing and a harvest new to grow; don't you throw down the shovel and the hoe! Celebrate the joytime with the fiddle and the bow, but keep the wheels a-goin' in the way they ought to go, and the world'll be the best world you can ever hope to know; don't you throw down the shovel and the hoe!

• • • •

His Satan Song.

(As Br'er Williams Sees It.)

"Satan is a good man,"
Some folks is tol,'
"Give you free fire
When de weather comes col'."

But lissen what I tells you,
An' mind all yo' ways:
You pays fer de fire
An' you keeps up de blaze!

• • • •

Now You Know It.

According to The Arkansas Gazette philosopher—

"The only man who does well by himself when he pulls a bone is the paleontologist who reaches down in the earth and draws forth the osseous part of the left hind leg of an ichthyosaurus."

• • • •

Free Ride.

De harricane tol' me: "Move on.
Or I'll hit you wid a tree!"
I helt my groun'
Till de worl' turned roun,'
An' de harricane moved me free!

• • • •

It's the opinion of a Georgia philosopher that if you could get an airship with which to reach the high cost of living, it wouldn't accept an invitation to "come down home with you."

• • • •

The Coming Guest.

It's the same old Christmas,
Though it comes brand new;
The same great Love that made it
Ere the world had dreamed of you;
With hearts that beat the truest
To keep the Christmas true.

From Here and There

A Russian is not of legal age until he has attained his twenty-sixth year.

The black diamond, found in Borneo, is the hardest known substance in the world.

London's 22,000 policemen guard more than 4,000 miles of streets and at least 1,250,000 houses and shops.

Women's silk dresses sometimes contain tin to make them rustle, and only the microscope can detect its presence.

Lions and tigers are particularly deficient in lung power, and could not run for more than half a mile or so at any speed.

Luxemburg is a little state bounded by Germany, Belgium and France, and with a population just over a quarter of a million people.

It costs some of the big retail stores in New York city from $5,000 to $10,000 a year for the cleaning of their windows and metal signs.

The war-dogs serving with the allied armies in France received daily rations consisting of a half pound of horse flesh and three-quarters of a pound of broken biscuit.

John Ward, a negro of Goldsboro, N. C., has thirteen of his eighteen sons in the military service, while his seventeen daughters have been engaged in war work.

The Cunard liner Britannia, which was the first steamship to start a regular passenger service across the Atlantic, was not as big as the tenders which now take passengers to and from liners.

The Victoria Falls on the Zambesi are 2,000 yards wide and 450 feet deep. It is estimated that there is enough waste energy running there every day to run half the machinery of the world.

A few years ago a New Zealander on a visit to England entered a well-known auction room in London just in time to bid, had he so desired, for the mummy of a Maori chief who had once dined as a guest at his own table.

The mace of the lord mayor of London is carried before him upside down when he is attending a funeral, or the sovereign is present. This is an acknowledgment of the two powers that are above the lord mayor—the sovereign and death.

Napoleon was very superstitious, particularly in regard to broken mirrors. Once, in Italy, he broke a looking glass over Josephine's portrait. He immediately dispatched a messenger to find out whether she was safe, and fretted until he knew that she was well.

When a code book of the British navy becomes obsolete or too dilapitated for further use it is destroyed by fire under conditions of great formality. Its title and number are checked and rechecked, entered in a register, and certified by the captain of the ship. The book is then placed in a furnace in the presence of a number of officers and reduced to ashes.

Red Cross Is "Spring in Desert," Says Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis

Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, well known to the readers of The Constitution by reason of his splendid contributions to its editorial columns, and who spent a portion of yesterday in Atlanta to fill his engagement for the Alkahest lecture bureau, was seen at the Ansley hotel yesterday afternoon and spoke most interestingly of the work of the Red Cross, particularly in the Far East. Dr. Hillis has just returned from an extensive trip through the Holy Land which was preceded by a sojourn in the war-swept countries of Europe.

"The best illustration of Red Cross which I could give you," said Dr. Hillis, "would be found in the great hospital building in San Nazarie. In one year's time our government erected 1,250 buildings, covering 800 acres, for a gigantic base hospital at Savenay, near the landing port. In that hospital one hundred and twenty-five surgeons and 250 nurses care for 15,000 convalescents, 5,000 men undergoing operations for bone surgery, 5,000 more in preparation for that longed-for journey home, of which Brest or San Lazare is the first stage.

"These buildings were, naturally, hurriedly constructed, but everything is done that science and medical genius can accomplish to bring back life and health to the sorely wounded men. Into these buildings come the Red Cross workers; they are welcomed literally like angels of God. They carry good cheer and surround these sick, discouraged and homesick boys with an atmosphere of love and home. No words can describe the good that is being done by these Red Cross workers; multitudes of our boys literally owe their lives to the work of the Red Cross society.

"Men and women who understand the situation would give their money like water if they knew all that is done. Nothing is wasted, no gift is lost, but every benefaction bestowed on the Red Cross heals wounds and saves lives—the lives of the best, the bravest and the most splendid body of youth that it has ever been my good fortune to meet.

"It is like digging a spring in the desert; like planting a palm in a wilderness, for it is literally bringing life to those who are sojourning in the region and the shadow of death."

Health Talks---By William Brady, M.D.

HEALTH AND EYESIGHT.

The eye is a very important part of the nervous system, and in order to understand its functions and disturbances thereof one must have a thorough knowledge of the anatomy and physiology of the central nervous system, which means that one must devote several years to the study of these subjects. You can't separate the eye from the rest of the body and deal with it as you would deal with an independent apparatus. Indeed, the only eye specialist who should be entrusted with the tremendous responsibility of diagnosing eye diseases and disturbances of vision and determining the proper management of these vital conditions is the physician who has had several years of general experience in practice besides special post-graduate study in the field of the eye. A ready-made eye specialist, one who jumps right into special work from the very beginning is too narrow in his views and not a good specialist to consult.

Many systematic troubles produce marked influence on the eyes and the vision. The relief of the eye symptoms can be obtained only through resognition of and correction of the systemic condition. Among the ailments especially affecting the eyes or the eyesight are anemia, rickets, hardening of the arteries, Bright's disease, diabetes, tuberculosis, the acute infectious diseases of childhood, exophthalmic goitre, syphilis, gonorrhea, meningitis, locomotor ataxia, brain tumor, hysteria and neuritis. To fit glasses for temporary relief to the eyes without recognizing the underlying cause of the eye trouble or failure of eyesight might be a calamity in many such cases; but a skilled oculist is trained in diagnosis and he frequently detects very positive indications of some such systemic diseases long before the patient's condition is suspected by the patient himself or the family physician.

There are thousands of people wearing glasses in the vain hope of relieving eye troubles which are really only part and parcel of some systemic or general disturbance of health.

One-fourth of all the cranial nerves are connected with the eyes. The importance of any symptoms in which the eyes seem to be concerned can therefore scarcely be overemphasized.

Sometimes uncontrollable vomiting in pregnancy remains a mystery, there being no albumin in the urine, until an oculist examines the eyes and finds definite signs of kidney disease, thus indicating the necessity for vigorous treatment of toxemia and perhaps preventing disaster.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Trajectory and Angle of Fire.

Is there any danger in sleeping in a bed about eight feet from another bed in which a person sometimes sleeps who has a bad cough and looks like a consumptive? There is a heavy chenille curtain between the beds. (A. F. F.)

ANSWER—It would depend on the height of the curtain. If the cougher has a high trajectory he may succeed in firing over the curtain. The spray of moisture droplets (perhaps germ-laden) from an open face cough ordinarily carries ten feet. In your place I should move my bed away another eight feet, at least.

The Nervous Winner.

Can you tell me why it is that whenever I am about to undergo any ordeal, no matter how trifling, my heart always begins to work so rapidly and so forcibly? If I have to meet a big customer on the road, or to stand up and speak before a few people, or to even call a man up to call him down on the telephone, the old heart begins action several minutes before I do. (J. R. C.)

ANSWER—Don't worry about that. Dr. Paul D. White reported observations of a number of athletes who engaged in a Marathon rase of 25 miles from Ashland to Boston. The winner had at the start of the race the highest pulse rate (118), and it was only 110 when he finished.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers' names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady, in care The Constitution.

The Men Whose Lot Has Been Hardest

By Theodore Roosevelt.

There recently died of pneumonia in France Major Willard Straight, of the American army. He was above the draft age, he was a man of large and many interests, he had a wife and three children. There was every excuse for him not to have gone to the front, but both he and his wife had in their souls that touch of heroism which makes it impossible for generous natures to see others pay with their bodies and not to wish to do themselves. The one regret that Major Straight felt, and he felt it most bitterly, was that he had not been able in spite of all his efforts to get to the actual firing front. This failure was really a cause of great anguish of soul to him. In the same way I know of the four sons of an ex-Cabinet officer, all of whom instantly went into the army at outbreak of the war. Two were at the fighting front, one was in the navy and the other, because of the special excellence as an instructor, was kept here, and the gallant young fellow who left his wife and baby to enlist really feels as if the refusal of the war department to permit him to go where he could be shot at had caused a blight in his life. I know three other men who, because of their excellence, were kept as instructors at one of our camps whose feelings of regret are so bitter that they can hardly bear to look at their uniforms and the sight of wounded soldiers causes them agonies of thwarted longing.

All this is most natural, and just what we should expect from high-minded, gallant fellows. But it is entirely unwarranted. I utterly abhor the swivel chair slacker who got some safe job in order to avoid doing his duty at the front. But for the hundreds of thousands of young Americans in the ranks or with commissions who did everything they could to get on the firing lines, and who, through no fault of theirs, failed, I have precisely the same feeling that I have for the men who took part in the most dangerous work. General Leonard Wood, in his recent capital address, has taught the right lesson to these men. He was dismissing to their homes the men whom he had trained with his usual, extraordinary capacity to fit them for work overseas, and he dwelt to them upon the fact that the all important point was that they should remember that it was not the position they achieved, but the eager readiness to do duty in whatever position they were given that really counted. General Wood has himself been treated with the most cruel injustice in this war, yet he has rendered signal service in bringing before congress our military needs, and, above all, in training scores of thousands of our best fighting men. When he was denied from the very meanest motives the chance to fill a distinguished position, instead of sulking, he devoted all of his energy to doing the best he could in the positions to which he was assigned. In consequence he comes out of the war as one of those who most materially helped to win it.

What is true of him in a big place is true of every other soldier, whether in a big or little place. The hardest task was for the men who were denied the chance of glory, and if they did this hard task well and served faithfully wherever they were assigned they have exactly the same right for pride in their participation in the great war as any of the gallant fellows who have come back maimed or crippled from the front. All alike have made the rest of us forever their debtors, and to all alike we pay the same meed of loyal admiration and respect.

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HASTINGS IS MASTER OF GATE CITY LODGE

At the annual communication of Gate City lodge, No. 2, F. & A. M., held Tuesday evening, the officers for the ensuing year were elected and installed, the retiring officers presented with tokens of esteem and several brilliant addresses made.

The speaker of the evening was Most Worshipful Brother George M. Napier, past grand master of Masons in Georgia. His theme was "The New Era," and the large number of Masons present greatly enjoyed his brilliant address.

Past Grand Master N. H. Ballard, of Brunswick, was also present.

A picture of the late Past Master John Leroy Duncan was presented to the lodge by Past Master Joseph George Gregg, Jr.. The presentation was made by Past Grand Master Thomas H. Jeffries and was accepted on behalf of the lodge by Past Master John W. Bachman. Past Master Raymund Daniel retired as editor of The Trestle Board, and was presented with a watch fob by Past Master James B. McNelley.

A splendid musical program arranged by Worshipful Brother Paul M. Hubbard was greatly enjoyed.

The retiring master, J. Albert Woolley, was presented with a past master's jewel by Past Master Joseph C. Greenfield.

Much to the delight of the brethren, Worshipful Brother Woolley agreed to stay in harness by accepting the position of secretary, which station was left vacant by the retirement of Heard W. Dent, and the refusal of Acting Secretary Gregg to offer for the position.

The following officers were installed by Past Grand Master Jeffries, assisted by Past Master John Gilmore:

William G. Hastings, worshipful master; Arthur J. Stitt, senior warden; Casper J. Johnson, junior warden; James T. Wright, treasurer; J. Albert Woolley, secretary; Charles D. Montgomery, chaplain; Morris M. Ewing, senior deacon; Charles R. Fox, junior deacon; Thomas C. Burford, senior steward; Virgil Emory Adams, junior steward; Paul M. Hubbard, organist; Wallace Rhodes, tyler; John R. Dickey, Masonic temple trustee; John D. Simmons, member board of relief.

After the installation ceremonies a magnificent spread, prepared by Steward E. H. Thornton, of the Atlanta Athletic club, brought the meeting to a most satisfactory close.

President Wilson Signs Proclamation On Relief Campaign

On November 29 Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, signed the proclamation given below, for release to the American people on December 12. It shows conclusively the deep interest the president has in the Armenian and Syrian relief drive of the American Committee for Relief in the Near East, and also certifies to the great work the committee has already done for the relief of the four million people who are starving in the Near East. The proclamation is as follows:

"For more than three years American philanthropy has been a large factor in keeping alive Armenian, Syrian, Greek and other exiles and refugees of western Asia.

"On two former occasions I have appealed to the American people in behalf of these homeless sufferers, whom the vicissitudes of war and massacre had brought to the extremest need.

"The response has been most generous, but now the period of rehabilitation is at hand. Vastly larger sums will be required to restore these once prosperous, but now impoverished, refugees to their former homes than were required merely to sustain life in their desert exile.

"It is estimated that about 4,000,000 Armenian, Syrian, Greek and other war sufferers in the Near East will require outside help to sustain them through the winter. Many of them are now hundreds of miles from their home land. The vast majority of them are helpless women and children, including 400,000 orphans.

"The American Committee for Relief in the Near East is appealing for a minimum of $30,000,000 to be subscribed January 12-19, 1919, with which to meet the most urgent needs of these people.

"I, therefore, again call upon the people of the United States to make even more generous contributions than they have made heretofore to sustain through the winter months those who, through no fault of their own, have been left in a starving, shelterless condition, and to help re-establish these ancient and sorely oppressed people in their former homes on a self-supporting basis."

(Signed) WOODROW WILSON.
The White House, November 29, 1918.

PLAN TO LOCATE EXPERIMENT STATION

Between now and February 12 the trustees of the coastal plain experiment station, which was authorized by the legislature at the last assembly, will advertise and receive bids for the land on which the building may be located, and for the construction of the building itself.

The trustees, of whom H. H. Tift is chairman, met Wednesday morning in the governor's office and came to the decision. On February 12 they meet again in Savannah, at which time the various bids and inducements submitted will be considered.

The act of legislature which provided for the erection of the experiment station somewhere on the coastal plain, which means that it will be placed south of Macon, also directed the trustees to advertise for bids in six south Georgia papers for six weeks, and then to be governed by the replies received. However, no mention is made of the means by which expenses incurred in advertising may be defrayed, and there is no allowance made for traveling expenses of the trustees. Hence it will be necessary to ask newspapers to print the advertisements free, with the assurance that if possible they will be paid later.

TWELFTH DISTRICT REDEEMS PLEDGES

Hueling Davis, of the United States treasury department, who has been auditing War Savings Stamps pledge cards in the twelfth congressional district for the past two weeks, made a flying trip to Atlanta yesterday, and had a conference with state headquarters of the National War Savings committee.

Mr. Davis expressed himself as well pleased with the intensive campaigns being carried on by the county organizations in the twelfth district, and stated that he believed at least 98 per cent of the War Savings pledges in the district would be redeemed before the close of the year.

Mr. Davis left last night, and will visit every county in the twelfth district, for the purpose of auditing pledges and rendering such assistance as possible to the county chairmen in the conduct of their pledge redemption campaigns.

DR. LOUIS DELAMARRE DIES VERY SUDDENLY

News has been received at Atlanta of the death of Dr. Louis Delamarre, secretary general of the Federation of the Alliance Francaise of the United States and Canada, at New York. He was stricken suddenly just after a lecture at Portland, Maine, on November 24.

Dr. Delamarre has visited Atlanta frequently to lecture before the local French society. A native of France, he became a thoroughgoing American, and a professor in the College of New York. Under his administration the federation expanded from a comparatively small organization to a vast society with about 150 groups. Owing to the loss of his small French-speaking staff by enlistment, Dr. Delamarre had been working excessively hard during the past year.

MEN'S CLUB FORMED BY LOCAL CHURCH

The Men's club of the Ponce de Leon Baptist church was organized Monday evening at a smoker given by Dr. M. Ashby Jones, at his residence, on Piedmont avenue.

The purpose of the club is to increase the activity of the male membership of this church by organization.

W. E. Hawkins was elected president; Edgar Dunlap, vice president, and G. C. Jones, secretary and treasurer.

The membership of the church is to be divided into teams, and the following were elected captains: Oscar Davis, J. F. Fair, George McCarty, Jr., and John McCullough.

HIGH-CLASS PROGRAM AT K. C. HALL TONIGHT

A boxing bout and high-class vaudeville entertainment will be staged this evening at 8 o'clock at the K. of C. hall, 18 East Pine street, between the two Peachtrees. Camp Gordon, Fort McPherson and Camp Jesup will contribute a bunch of hard hitters, and also high-class vaudeville entertainers, being assisted by local talent.

This entertainment is given complimentary to the different Woodmen organizations who have served in the War Camp Community Service.

Today's Birthdays

William P. Dillingham, senior United States senator from Vermont, born at Waterbury, Vt., 75 years ago today.

Princess Maria Christina, second daughter of the King and Queen of Spain born in Madrid, seven years ago today.

Brigadier General William A. White, who served during the war as official head of the British and Canadian recruiting mission in the United States, born 48 years ago today.

Rev. Charles S. Macfarland, general secretary of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, born in Boston, 52 years ago today.

Arthur Brisbane, Washington and Wilwaukee newspaper publisher, born in Buffalo, 54 years ago today.

Martin F. Ansel, former governor of South Carolina, born at Charleston, S. C., 68 years ago today.

WILL GO AFTER TAX DELINQUENTS

"There are 18,000 men residing in the city of Atlanta whose names do not appear upon the tax books of the city," said Alderman Jones H. Ewing, chairman of the tax committee of council, and he asked the committee for authority to secure additional help in the tax assessor's office in order that fi. fas. may be issued against those whose names appear upon the long list of alleged delinquents. The authority to hire helpers for the tax assessor was granted, and the fi. fas. will be placed in the hands of the city marshal for execution as soon as they can be prepared and signed by the city clerk.

The thousands of men who are residing in the city, and whose names are not on the tax books, represent many thousands of dollars that should be in the city treasury of Atlanta. Many of the men whose names are on the long list owe poll tax, and others, who are past the age for paying poll tax, are due to the city taxes on personal property, and in many cases they owe both poll and personal property tax.

This was developed at the meeting of the tax committee Wednesday afternoon, when Alderman Ewing stated that an exhaustive effort would be made at once to collect the large amount of money that is due the city by the above-mentioned delinquents. Mr. Ewing also explained the method by which the list of names was secured, saying that the enforcement of a city ordinance had been resorted to which requires all corporations and firms in the city to report who their employees are; where they live, and which also requires such reports from hotels, boarding houses and other institutions.

"By this means," said Mr. Ewing, "we know just how many men are living in the city, benefiting by the school system, enjoying fire and police protection and other advantages that are provided through taxation, but who are not contributing one penny toward the expense of the institutions that given them protection." These "tax-dodgers," according to the alderman, make it harder on other taxpayers, because of the fact that they are not carrying their share of the city's burdens, and he received the indorsement of the entire committee in the plan to bring pressure upon the tax delinquents in order to cause them to pay up.

City Marshal John T. Collier, who appeared before the tax committee announced that he had collected $99,000 of the total amount of $363,000 that had been turned over to him to bring into the city treasury, and that he would use every means within his power to collect the balance of the money due the city before the end of the month.

"All tax papers that are in my hands must be paid by December 25," said Mr. Collier, "or the property will be transferred."

The tax money due the city is badly needed to meet the expenses of the city government, and the marshal's office will use every means given it by law to bring tax money outstanding into the coffers of the city.

"FIT TO FIGHT" PICTURES WILL BE SHOWN AGAIN

The fine exhibition of the famous "Fit to Fight" motion picture in Atlanta will be given at the Auditorium tonight, and military officials desire all registrants who have not seen the picture present tonight. The picture, which shows the effect of the social diseases, is now being exhibited over Georgia by the state board of health.

The picture was made under the direction of the government, because of the alarming increase of social diseases in the country. It has already been shown under the direction of Dr. Joe F. Bowdoin in Rome, Columbus, Americus, Macon, Dublin, Marietta, Carrollton and Cartersville. On request it will be shown again in Rome and Atlanta. It has also been shown in a number of men's colleges of the state, and will be also shown in a number of other cities, including Savannah, Augusta, Monroe, Gainesville and Waycross.

When the picture was shown in Atlanta several days ago a number of Fulton county registrants, including all Class A-1 men, were directed by their local boards to see the picture, following orders to this effect received from the provost marshal general. These men were not forced to see the picture and local officials state that no penalty will be placed on those who did not go.

At the last showing among the interested audience was Governor Hugh M. Dorsey and many prominent Atlanta physicians.

LIEUT. SCRUGGS WRITES FATHER OF HIS SAFETY

Lieutenant Ernest E. Scruggs, a well-known Atlanta boy, who was fighting opposite Sedan when hostilities ceased, has cabled his father, W. E. Scruggs, of Inman Park, that he is safe and uninjured, except that he had been slightly gassed. He is a grandson of the late Colonel William L. Scruggs, and attached to the 55th infantry of the Seventh division, and is now with the second army of occupation.

In a recent letter received from him, which was written shortly after the armistice was signed, he stated that everyone was overjoyed, and that at present he was living in what was formerly a German officer's quarters, which was furnished with electric lights, stoves, lounges, shower baths and comforts in every room.

His letter further stated in part: "It is evident that the Germans had settled for a long stay and had no idea that their apartments would so soon be to let. The Yankees pushed them out rather suddenly, and in their hurry they left almost everything intact. My comfortable Boche bed is a most welcome relief after the hardship of the trenches. Well, thank God, it is all over! But even in this hour of triumph, our joy is tempered with the sorrow for the missing faces of our comrades, who made the supreme sacrifice. Part of our work now consists in gathering data as to the exact location of their graves for their relatives back home."

CAPITAL CITY LODGE INSTALLS OFFICERS

On Tuesday evening, the Capital City lodge, No. 642, F. & A. M., elected and installed the following officers for the ensuing year:

John T. McDonald, worshipful master; J. E. Haley, senior warden; R. E. Drennon, junior warden; L. J. Chappelear (re-elected), treasurer; Ed T. Mincey (re-elected), secretary; Harry York, senior deacon; Ed E. Williams, junior deacon; E. L. Saye, senior steward; M. P. Dowdy, junior steward; L. H. Hall, chaplain; J. F. Pelker, tyler; Jesse M. Wood, G. A. Cann

DECISION OF COURT AWAITED ON FARES

Notwithstanding that the general council of Atlanta will meet in special session tomorrow afternoon for the purpose of considering the recommendation of the labor board for an increase of one cent in the car fares in this city, it is believed by many members of council that no definite decision will be reached by the city fathers with reference to the matter until a judgment has been handed down by the Georgia supreme court which is now considering the question as to whether or not the Georgia railroad commission should assume jurisdiction in the street railway rate case.

The case now pending before the supreme court was initiated by the Georgia Railway and Power company in an effort to force the railroad commission to take jurisdiction, and decide upon the merits of the petition of the street railway company for an increase from five to six cents car fare in Atlanta. The railroad commission declined to pass upon the question, saying that it was a matter between the city of Atlanta and the street car company, based upon a franchise contract, and the street car company sought by mandamus proceedings to force the railroad commission to assume jurisdiction and decide upon the question as it had done in the matter of the increases for gas and electric light and power.

Court Decision Awaited.

This case is now pending in the supreme court, and members of the city council declare that no action will be taken until the state's highest tribunal has given its opinion as to whether the railroad commission or the city council of Atlanta has power to settle the matter of granting the increased car fares for Atlanta.

The request of the Georgia Railway and Power company for the increased car fares came before the city fathers at a recent meeting, after having been passed upon by the freight rates and transportation and the ordinance committees, and the recommendation of the joint committee to table the matter pending the decision of the supreme court was adopted.

The special session of council, which has been called for tomorrow afternoon, was upon the request of the officials of the Georgia Railway and Power company, and the matter to be brought before the general council is a letter from the war labor board recommending that the street railway company be granted the increased rates as a matter of justice and necessity.

Alderman John S. McClelland, of the ordinance committee, and Alderman W. S. Richardson, of the freight rates and transportation committee, both agree that the action of the joint committee over which they preside and the later action of council was based upon points that are not considered in the letter from the war labor board making the recommendation for the increased fare. The letter that council will meet to consider, declare the chairmen, bases its recommendation for higher street car fares upon the need of the street railway company for more capital with which to operate the car lines since the increased cost has been added by the action of the war labor board in granting more money to the conductors and motormen.

Coucil's Authority Questioned.

"This added revenue may or may not be vital to the continued operation of the company," said Mr. McClelland, and he continued with the query, "but by what authority can the city council pass upon the matter? The power company itself carried the matter to tre higher courts in an effort to force jurisdiction upon the railroad commission, and to take it out of the city's hands, and now it wants the city council to assume arbitrarily the right to settle the matter while the question of jurisdiction is pending. It seems to me that it would not be very far short of contempt for the city council of Atlanta to pass upon the question no whefore the court before which the matter is pending has adjudicated it. It would be ill-advised, to say the least of it," said he.

It is declared that members of council who opposed the increase when it was before the committees, and who have been against it from the beginning, will fight any attempt to finally settle the question by the city council in the Friday afternoon session, and the consensus of opinion about the city hall is that no action will be taken in the matter until the supreme court of Georgia has settled the question of jurisdiction.

Robert O. Bernhardt, Reported Dead, Writes Brother of Safety

At least one Atlanta man will have the great pleasure of reading his own obituary notice, and that man is Robert Otto Bernhardt, according to the latest advices from the front.

Following the telegram received from the war department last Monday morning stating that his brother, Robert Otto Bernhardt, A. E. F., had died of pneumonia in France, on November 5, Charles William Bernhardt, on Wednesday, received a letter from his brother, written on November 7, stating that he had been wounded in action November 4, and was, at the time the letter was written, in a hospital, where he was recovering.

Bernhardt is 39 years of age and volunteered in November, 1917. He was with Company A, Seventh United States engineers.

He stated in his letter that he was wounded by shrapnel in the left forearm, and that he had been in the trenches six weeks without ever having his clothes off when he received the wound that put him in the hospital.

A number of his friends, headed by Dan Carey, are preparing to welcome back their old friend, for whom they have mourned the past few days.

Criminal Court Adjourns.

The criminal division of the Fulton superior court has adjourned until after New Year as far as jury business is concerned. Judge R. N. Hardeman will be in his chambers every day to sign orders in this division.

ALL NAGGING TAXES OPPOSED BY SMOOT

Washington, December 11.—Formality of reading and considering minor and unopposed amendments to the war revenue bill was reached today in the senate sooner than expected, because senators preparing addresses were not ready to proceed.

Reading of the bill by senate clerks proceeded for several hours without discussion by senators and with less than a dozen members in their seats.

Senator La Follette, of Wisconsin, requested postponement of consideration of virtually the entire income tax section, and this and other controverted provisions went over under unanimous consent agreement.

Senator Smoot, of Utah, republican, presented his minority report, predicting that the country's requirements in 1920 will be $10,000,000,000, suggesting radical changes in the bill's policy, proposed a 1 per cent gross sales tax and opposed the excess profits and other provisions of the pending bill.

In presenting plans for taxation, which Senator Smoot said would prevent injustice and discrimination entailed by the pending measure, Senator Smoot attacked the provision to fix taxes for 1920. He supported Secretary McAdoo's theory of abolishing excess profits taxes in 1920 and criticized the committee for failing to follow that plan, asserting that the excess profits tax is discriminatory and unjust.

"I believe," he said, "that there should be eliminated from the bill all the harassing, nagging taxes and substituted for them a 1 per cent sale tax on all goods sold for consumption use." He added that this would raise $1,000,000,000 and would avoid unjust taxes.

WALKER TO GIVE OPINION ON NEW DISTRICT ELECTION

Following a conference Wednesday between Governor Dorsey and Attorney General Clifford Walker, it was announced that an opinion would be rendered today on the question of calling elections in the new and changed senatorial districts.

Under the law creating seven new districts, the governor is given the right to call special elections for the naming of senators, and the question to be decided by the attorney general is whether he has the same right to call a special election in those districts, which were changed by the creation of the new districts, and which in the new arrangement of counties have now no elected senator.

The attorney general's opinion is also expected to decide the status of senators-elect under the former forty-four district plan, who now find themselves in the new districts. In one instance one of the new districts has two senators-elect, being composed of counties which furnished the senators in their old districts at the November election. In other districts, both new and old there are no senators-elect.

PLAN AIR ROUTE TO NEW ORLEANS

In order to present to the mayor and council of Atlanta plans for the inauguration of an aerial mail route between Atlanta and New Orleans, and to determine whether or not the city would grant a franchise for the aerial transportation company to land in the city and donate a tract of land covering three or four acres to be used as a landing place, and a site for the building of hangars and shops, Ensign W. H. Alexander, of the aviation school, of Pensacola, Fla., appeared Wednesday morning before Acting Mayor J. R. Seawright and several members of council.

Ensign Alexander explained to the city officials that the Aerial Transportation company, which he represents, would be ready for actual flying over the proposed route within six months, provided the plans are favorably met by the cities concerned, including Atlanta, New Orleans, Montgomery, Selma, Gulfport and others, and he said also that within a few months' time the flying machines would be carrying passengers between the cities named above.

The ensign said that with the proposed method of transporting the mails that letters could be delivered in New Orleans from Atlanta within seven hours, or less than half the time required by railroad mail trains.

The officer gathered the names of members of council and many prominent citizens of Atlanta, with whom he will later communicate with reference to the plans of the air mail service. Aldermen Seawright and Steve R. Johnston and Councilman Claud Ashley, who heard the talk made by the airman, were much impressed with what he had to say and the matter will possibly be presented to council at its next meeting.

TELEGRAPHERS ELECT OFFICERS FOR YEAR

The Atlanta District Council of the Commercial Telegraphers' union have elected the following officers for the comi g year:

President, Thomas A. Pinson, International News service; vice president, Miss Jimmie Thornton, Western Union; second vice president, J. C. Ewing, Postal Telegraph; financial secretary, Charles Mann, Western Union; sergeant-at-arms, Gaines Mann, Western Union.

The following were elected delegates to the Atlanta Federation of Trades: W. C. Christopher, A. F. Joyner, Frank Smith, F. C. Baker and Charles Mann. Delegates to the chamber of industry are H. C. Foster, Charles Mann and A. F. Joyner.

The new executive committee of the district council is composed of James B. Chupp, Louis B. Huffaker, Ruby Parker, J. C. Ewing, Worth Hughes, Henry C. Foster and A. F. Joyner.

Removable jaws that also are reversible to hold wedge-shaped objects feature a vise invented in Europe.

A floor 14 feet square might be covered with a single ounce of gold leaf.

ATLANTA'S GRAND OPERA GUARANTEE FUND IS GROWING

In spite of the fact that the guarantee fund necessary to bring the Metropolitan Grand Opera company to Atlanta next April has been completed, subscriptions still continue to pour into the office of Colonel W. L. Peel, president of the Atlanta Music Festival association, from guarantors who have been prevented by absence from the city or other causes from sending in their cards sooner.

Subscriptions received on Tuesday raised the total amount guaranteed to date to $102,875, or over seven thousand dollars over the required figure.

It is very evident from the eagerness with which the amount was subscribed that Atlanta wants opera in the spring, and already there are being heard many inquiries as to reservations, although the sale of tickets will not begin for over two months. From every part of the south inquiries are pouring in. The 1919 season will without doubt surpass every previous season of opera.

The directors of the Atlanta Music Festival association are very grateful for the spontaneous support of the people of the city, and are bending every energy towards making the season the best from an artistic and musical standpoint that has ever been seen.

The late subscribers who have reported since Monday night are as follows:

Opera Guarantors for 1919.

Brought forward, $99,175: H. E. Dunlap, $100; Fred W. Patterson, $500; Mrs. Louis Gholstin, $100; J. H. Nunnally (additional), $200; the C. A. Dahl Co., $500; J. D. McCarty, $200; Robert C. Alston, $100; Clyde L. Patterson, $100; Walter P. Stanley, $100; D. P. Rauschenburg, $100; R. H. Martin, $100; B. M. Blount, $500; Claude H. Hutcheson, $100; E. Twitchell, $200; J. D. Ballard, $150; James C. Hunter, $100; Lovick G. Fortson, $100; Joseph Zaban, $100; B. Ed Corley, $100; Mrs. F. M. Robinson, $150; Dorothy Banks, $100. Total $102,875.

DIVORCE MILL GRINDS ITS CUSTOMARY GRIST

Mrs. Edith Fife Gentry on Wednesday filed suit for divorce in the Fulton superior court against T. R. Gentry, an official of the Southern Bell Telephone company, on the ground of cruel treatment. The petitioner is represented by Attorneys McClelland and McClelland.

The petition sets out that the defendant continually nagged the petitioner and on one occasion choked her. An agreement as to alimony has already been reached between the couple, it is understood.

Mrs. Ada Williams, in a divorce suit filed Wednesday in the superior court, claimed that her husband, Harry H. Williams, a bookkeeper in a local insurance office, gave her a beating following an operation that necessitated further medical attention, causing the stitches in the wound to break.

She asked for $75 per month permanent alimony. Judge J. T. Pendleton set the hearing for December 21. McClelland & Clelland represent the petitioner.

Mrs. Charlie Eugenia Cochran was awarded $40 per month alimony from Jacob Schell Cochran for the support of her three minor children, by Judge John T. Pendleton, in the motion division of the superior court.

S. R. Young was granted a first verdict in the divorce proceedings brought against Mrs. S. R. Young, in Judge W. D. Ellis' division of the superior court Wednesday. The petitioner claimed that his wife deserted him.

Mrs. Harriet Frances Mullenix was granted a divorce from H. F. Mullenix on the ground of desertion. She was represented by Attorneys Bell, Ellis and Bell.

J. B. Hamilton, a soldier confined to a hospital in France, was granted an annulment of his marriage to Alma Marie Carroll Oats. The soldier's mother presented a certified copy of a former marriage of the defendant. She stated that the defendant represented herself as single at the time of her second marriage. Virlyn B. Moore represented Hamilton.

EXAMINATIONS FOR FEDERAL POSITIONS

A number of government positions are now open for persons of merit, who can pass the civil service examinations, that will be given in Atlanta early in January, according to the announcement Wednesday at the federal building by the civil service commission.

The following examinations will be given to appicants: Biological assistant, on January 7, laboratory aid in chemistry and physics, automatic scale expert, copyist draftsman on January 8, and clerk to commercial attache on January 14.

COMMISSION ASKED APPROVE MERGER

The approval of the railroad commission for the proposed merger of the Southern Bell and Atlanta Telephone companies has been asked in a petition which was filed on Wednesday. The document sets forth the fact that the mayor and council of Atlanta, Decatur and Kirkwood have already taken favorable action on the matter. It also gives full details of the purchasing contract.

In accordance with the usual practice of the commission a date for a public hearing on the merger will be set, though it is not anticipated that in this instance there will be any objections raised.

Trust Company Dividend.

The excellent condition and the successful business of the Trust Company of Georgia during the past three months was attested Tuesday evening by the voting of a regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent by the board of directors in regular meeting. This dividend is payable January 2 to stockholders who are on the books of the company December 21.

Divorce Suit Filed.

Thomas B. Higginbotham on Wednesday filed suit for divorce against Frances Ferguson Higginbotham, basing his suit on the ground of cruel treatment. He alleges in the petition, which was filed by Attorney Garland M. Watkins, that the defendant was so inasnely jealous of him that she became hysterical and caused him mental strain to such an extent that his hair turned gray.

Taxi Driver Sentenced.

Judge Andy Calhoun, in the city criminal court, on Wednesday sentenced Howard Hall, a taxi driver, to 12 months on the chaingang or to pay a fine of $100, for driving a car while intoxicated. Hall ran into the car of Forrest Adair on Capitol avenue on November 13, and it was charged he was going at the rate of sixty or seventy miles an hour. The occupants of the car escaped injury.

Naval Recruiting Order.

Information was received at the local naval recruiting station Wednesday to the effect that all persons who are accepted within the next few days into the naval service will not be called until January 7, 1919, so as to allow them to spend Christmas holidays at home with their families. The navy is now open for the enlisting of all qualified men between the ages of 17 and 35. Information will be given to those who apply at the local recruiting station in the federal building.

Miss Daisy Dunlap Dies.

News was received in Atlanta Wednesday of the death of Miss Daisy A. Dunlap, formerly of this city, who succumbed to an attack of pneumonia at her home in Birmingham. She was well-known throughout Georgia. For a number of years she lived in Athens, Ga., and was formerly connected with the Young Woman's Christian association.

Alleged Slacker Exonerated.

Paul F. Claton, a negro porter for the Southern railway, was exonerated before Judge Colquitt Carter, United States commissioner, Wednesday afternoon on the charge of failing to register for the first draft call. His mother swore that he was 35 years old.

PROVIDE FARMS FOR THE SOLDIERS

Urges Secretary Lane--He Also Advocates Education of Illiterate Mountain Whites and the Negroes.

Washington, December 11.—Development of arid, swamp and cutover lands to provide farms for returning soldiers, and improvement of the public school system to provide for Americanization of foreign-born citizens, and the education of illiterate mountain white populations and negroes, are two big reconstruction problems, Secretary of the Interior Lane says in his annual report, made public today. Schools, he added, should lay more emphasis on teaching trades.

Of immediate importance is the proposal that the government systematically go about the work of providing work for soldiers on existing irrigation projects in the west. Later, Secretary Lane suggested, more extensive reclamation of waste land should be put under way, and small farms sold to soldiers by the government on long-term payment plan.

Mr. Lane outlined in detail his proposed methods of carrying out this program, which he characterized as part of the "looking ahead work" of the nation.

The Returning Soldiers.

Referring to the returning soldiers, he said:

"Being Americans and being young, they will not ask or expect pensions. They will want work. They will want, if possible, a chance for a home of their own."

By systematic government development of idle lands, said Mr. Lane, there will be provided immediate jobs for these men, labor markets will be protected against possible collapse by being swamped with a surplus of labor, re-established industries will be supplied with an immediate demand for their products, the movement of population to cities will be checked, many "best proven Americans" will be affixed permanently to agricultural occupations, and great areas of land now neglected and valueless will be brought into use.

"As an immediate program," said the secretary, "we should first offer an opportunity upon our present irrigation projects for all who wish work at clearing and leveling the land not now cultivated but for which water is available, or to which water can be brought under the present irrigation system, and that such tracts shall be developed under an appropriate land settlement plan. This we can do at once and meet whatever labor problem may be immediate.

"As a second step, I would urge an appropriation for one or more of the largest irrigation schemes for which surveys are in an advanced state. Concurrently it would seem to me wise to undertake the draining of the most promising projects —government-owned land preferred, but, if privately owned, the land to be bought at an appraisement made by the farm loan board and subject to the approval of the department of agriculture.

"There is an alternative method of dealing with private lands which already has the approval of congress, being incorporated in the reclamation act. Under this a private owner agrees to sell his land to whoever gets the water right at an appraised price as a condition precedent to our undertaking the construction of irrigation work. Under such a plan there would be no difficulty whatever in securing control of any sized bodies of cut-over or swamp lands that might be desired; the government would not buy the land, but the owner would look to the new settler for the price, and take it on such terms as the government itself would exact for its own expenditure upon the land. Supplementing this there should be an opportunity given for the co-operation of all the states upon limited tracts which would be dealt with under state control and subject to the closest federal supervision."

Openings for Soldiers.

After a soldier has returnel to his home, said Mr. Lane, if his old position is not open and he wishes to turn to an independent life, "there would be laid before him a number of projects which the government has undertaken in the different sections of the coutry. Let us assume no more than three, one an irrigation scheme, another a drainage project, a third the development of a body of cut-over lands. The one would need to have great dams constructed to impound and divert waters, a hydro-electric plant, miles of canal and tunnel, perhaps thousands of acres to be cleared and leveled, fenced and broken. This would mean years of work at good wages, work in the open under housing conditions that would seem palatial to the soldier of the trench, and at the end a piece of land on which would be erected a house and barn, a farm home in a group of farm homes. For this he must pay. But already he has received wages out of which he can have saved the necessary first installment on his place of 10 or 15 per cent. The balance with interest he can pay in 40 yearly installments, or earlier if he can."

Mr. Lane estimated that more than one-third, probably nearer one-half, of the American troops in Europe came from farms, and probably would wish to return to the agricultural work. Care should be taken, however, he said, that the government in selling farms to these men, limit the size and impose restrictions to prevent their being aggregated into great estates.

Turning to the question of cost, Secretary Lane said this would be "as much as we wish to spend . . . less than many a strike has cost this country."

"Would it be unreasonable to ask for as much as we will spend this year for pensions to the veterans and their dependents of wars that ended 20 and 50 years ago?" he asked. "Would it be unreasonable to ask that we spend in the next two years on these veterans of the great war as much as it cost us to conduct that war for a single week? Would a people that gave out of hand, out of a noble sense of charity to quasi public organizations, $500,000,000 for the entertainment and care of these boys hesitate to buy the bonds of this country for a like amount to provide peace work, home work, and homes for these same boys?

"We have spent largely for this war, and largely we must spend for many years to come. We are to economize that we may meet our debts; this must be the national policy. But to stop growth is not economy. To stand paralyzed in the presence of a debt is to become its victim. England is planning in the hundreds of millions of pounds sterling for housing and land schemes. Canada with less than 7,000,000 people is offering to each man 160 acres of land and $2,500 with which to improve it. Surely the United States, which has escaped with so slight a comparative loss in life, will not do less.

No Surer Insurance.

"There can be no surer insurance for the nation than to put its men upon the soil, and there can be no wiser investment that a nation can make than to add to its territory by taking from desert and waters and desolation land that is now useless."

Mr. Lane declared that in the United States there are more than 200,000,000 acres of waste land which can be made into farms.

Appropriations of only a few millions are needed to start, said the secretary. A bill for this purpose already is pending in congress, and President Wilson indorsed some legislation of the kind in his address at the opening of the present session.

The development need not be confined to states containing government land, said Mr. Lane, citing cases of large unused tracts near eastern cities which would supply markets with farm produce.

Turning to the question of providing education through the public schools, particularly for the foreign-born, Secretary Lane said:

"Our war experience has taught us, among many things, the value of a strong national spirit, the vital importance of national ideals, the impotence of ignorance, the dependence of this modern world upon skilled men and organizing ability, the need for and the possibilities that lie in the extension of co-operative effort of all kinds.

"There can be no national unity in ideals or in purpose unless there is some common method of communication through which may be converged the thought of the nation. All Americans must be taught to read and write and think in one language; this is a primary condition to that growth which all nations expect of us and which we demand of ourselves."

The educational problem extends beyond the state to the federal government, Mr. Lane said, adding that if the federal government would make the same kind of an offer to the states for the education of their illiterates that it makes for the construction of roads, "in five years there would be few, if any, who could not read and write in this country."

In concluding his report on the subject of education, Mr. Lane said: "I should like to see the day when every child learned a trade while at school, trained his mind and his hand together, lifted labor into art by the application of thought."

State Officials Ill.

Two state officials were away from their desks on Wednesday on account of influenza. Major Joel Mallet has been ill since Monday. Judge Peyton L. Wade, chief justice of the court of appeals, is expected back within a day or two, his case having been probably prolonged by the inclement weather.

Georgia Landholders Up in Arms Against Long Loan Companies

Moultrie, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Refusal of the long loan companies to permit loans to be paid up before their maturity without demanding a big bonus, has caused a howl to be raised by many land holders in this section of the state. It has been a good year with the farmers. Most of them have made money and are anxious to lift the mortgage from their farms, but when they have asked to pay off their loans they have been refused this privilege and as a result many are now "up in arms."

Some of these people have appealed to Judge W. A. Covington, of Moultrie, Colquitt county's representative in the legislature, to introduce a bill to correct this situation of which they complain. Judge Covington has given his consent to introduce a bill in the coming session of the legislature which will require long loan companies and their lenders to accept a prepayment of a loan that has run as long as one by the party paying an additional one month's interest.

Judge Covington states that he is now securing information as to the charges made by the various loan companies for this prepayment privilege. He declares that in 1915 one company made a loan of $2,000 at 8 per cent to a person and charged him 10 per cent commission. Pretty soon the party to whom the loan was made, having bought another piece of land, desired to increase the loan. The holder of the mortgage refused to allow it paid off. The borrower could have paid the interest for five years in advance and cancelled the paper, but this would have been 40 per cent interest, in addition to the 10 per cent commission which he had already paid.

In another case which Judge Covington cities, a young man borrowed $2,000 from a loan company. He desired to make some further improvement of the property and get $2,000 more. This company refused to accept the money under any condition, unless he would pay interest to the end of the term. He had also paid a commission of 10 per cent to get the loan through.

Land holders of this section who resent the action of the long loan people in refusing to permit the payment of a loan until its maturity argue that a law which would permit a borrower to pay back his loan at any time, either without a bonus, or with a bonus of 1 per cent, would be beneficial to the borrower and in the long run would help the lenders.

FARMER INDICTED HARBORING DESERTER

Porter Williams, a prominent Newton county farmer, Wednesday was indicted by the United States grand jury on the charge of harboring a deserter from the army. It is alleged that Williams gave employment on his farm to Rance Thomas, an alleged deserter. Williams claims he did not know Rance was a deserter.

Charged with failing to register last September, W. F. Dunlap, an Atlanta barber, was indicted by the federal grand jury, it being alleged that he is within the draft age. He claims he was too old to register. He was released under a $200 bond.

At the same sitting of the grand jury, J. R. Hubbard, of Dawson county, was indicted on two separate counts for violating the liquor laws. He was taken into custody later in the day and released under a $500 bond. A bill was also returned against W. F. Bentley, of Atlanta, on the charge of having and concealing whisky.

A total of fifty-two true bills were returned by the jury Wednesday, a number of them being for violations of internal revenue laws and a few against persons on the charge of being slackers.

White Retires Today.

W. H. White, president of the chamber of commerce, will preside for the last time over a meeting of the directors this morning at 11 o'clock. This is the last regular meeting of the year, and if there should be a call meeting prior to January, S. C. Dobbs, president-elect, will preside.

East Point Election.

The city of East Point held its annual election Tuesday for mayor and councilmen. Judge R. F. Thompson was re-elected mayor. J. C. Bryant, J. A. Ragsdale and T. C. Hutcheson were elected to the council. These officers will assume their duties in January.

The inventor of a one-piece garment for workers claims to have so formed it that the motions of a wearer make it act like bellows to circulate cool air about his body.

Million-Dollar Endowment Fund Agreed for Mercer

Macon, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—The raising of an endowment fund of $1,000,000 for Mercer university was agreed upon at a meeting of the board of trustees here today and a committee was named to conduct the campaign.

The members of the committe are G. L. Yates, chairman; Judge W. H. Davis, Dr. Lansing Burroughs, J. F. Singleton and A. W. Evans.

The proposed endowment fund was recommended by Dr. Rufus W. Weaver, president of Mercer, who agreed to subscribe $2,000 for a scholarship in honor of his mother. Dr. Yates also agreed to provide a like sum. The trustees also decided to compile a register of all of the students who have ever attended Mercer and the board was authorized to employ a suitable person to carry on this work.

Judge W. H. Davis, of Waynesboro, was elevated president of the board of trustees to succeed the late Dr. W. B. Hardman, of Commerce. Military training at Mercer will be discontinued after January 1, a school of commerce will be instituted as a new feature, being a four years' course in the field of economics and college commercial studies.

Palmolive Soap

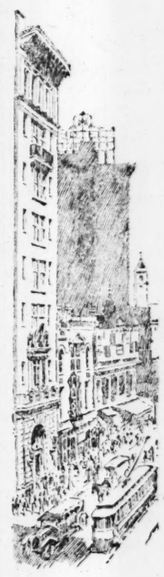
Cake . . 7c

No Limit

Jacobs Pharmacy

9 Stores in Atlanta

To avoid family dissensions



It is a regrettable fact that a very great amount of family dissension arises from disagreements over inherited property.

Families may be divided for years over the distribution of heirlooms or small amounts of property. A great deal of unwarranted blame often falls on the relative who is acting as executor or trustee.

You can make the dividing of your property an impersonal and impartial matter by making a will and appointing the Atlanta Trust Company as executor and trustee.

Ask for "The First Step in Making Your Will" and "Why a Trust Company?"

ATLANTA TRUST COMPANY

140 Peachtree Street

"Join the Red Cross. All you need is a heart and a dollar."

Sterling Silver Vanity Card Cases For Christmas

For Christmas presents we recommend Sterling Silver Vanity Card Cases.

You will find here the biggest variety in the south at prices ranging from $12.50 upward.

You are cordially invited to call and inspect our stock, whether you have a definite purchase in mind or not.

If you haven't a copy of our 136-page illustrated catalogue, a postal request will bring you one by return mail.

Mail orders shipped prepaid. Safe delivery and satisfaction guaranteed.

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TRUE VALUES

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

Diamond Merchants

31 Whitehall St. Established 1887

PERFECT FITTING MUNSING WEAR UNION SUITS

MUNSINGWEAR is the standard bearer of all that's best in underwear—best material, best workmanship, best fitting, most comfortable and durable underwear that modern methods and efficient equipment can produce.

There is a Munsingwear style to please everyone, a size to fit anyone—man, woman, or child—tall, short, stout, or thin.

Let Munsingwear cover you with satisfaction.

PLUTO WATER AMERICA'S PHYSIC

MANY who are cross, irritable, and nervous do not realize that indigestion and constipation are the cause. Relieve this condition, starting today, by a periodical flushing of the digestive tract with PLUTO WATER, the gentle but sure saline laxative.

PLUTO

America's Physic

Bottled at French Lick Springs, Indiana. For sale at your druggist's, your club, at hotels, cafes, and on trains.

Large bottle, 45c, smaller bottle, 20c.

The little Red Devil of health is on every bottle for your protection.

Your Physician Prescribes It

The Home of PLUTO

Do You Know a Young Woman Who Would Like to Become a Telephone Operator?

POSSIBLY you know a young woman who is just leaving her temporary war work position, or who has not been employed but is anxious to have a hand in the important work of readjustment that is coming. If she is an alert, earnest young woman, WHO SMILES OFTEN, we can offer her a pleasant, permanent and profitable position.

The telephone service needs immediately bright, capable young women of the highest character between the ages of 16 and 25, who can qualify for operating work.

To such young women we offer excellent training **with pay,** good, **permanent positions** with **increases in pay at frequent intervals,** the best of working conditions and many opportunities for advancement to higher positions and higher salaries.

All telephone users, especially business concerns, have a direct interest in the recruiting of telephone operators, for the availability of trained forces to meet the growing demands for service during the readjustment period is of great importance in improving the service for all.

Will you help by referring this to young women who might be interested?

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Society

"Our Hearts on Our Sleeves," Urges Mrs. Beaumont Davison.

"Everybody loves the Red Cross," said an Atlanta woman yesterday at headquarters of the woman's division, Red Cross Christmas roll call. "We are not going to have any trouble enrolling everybody."

"But we are not going to take any chances," was the quick response of Mrs. Beaumont Davison, the chairman. "Some people forget, until it is too late, to prove their affections. And in this campaign, we are going to make it popular for everybody to wear their hearts on their sleeves. Or, to be more literal, on the little button that proves they have 'come into the great comradeship.'"

"The purpose of the roll call is not to make money. It is more like Americanization. When a man gets his citizenship papers, we know he is one of us.

"When an American wears his Red Cross button, we know that his pulse is beating with the nation's pulse of mercy. We know where his heart is. Our own soldiers overseas brought back into fashion the expression of unashamed sentiment. We have learned it over here, and the immediate way offered us to prove it is in membership in the Red Cross.

"The women of Atlanta and Fulton county are coming into the work of enrollment as fast as we call them.

"Our organization is progressing splendidly. The associate chairmen and the district chairmen will hold a meeting this morning, at 11 o'clock, at the Capital City club, when important instructions will be given them.

"A final meeting Saturday at the same hour and place will assemble the same women, with the booth chairmen in addition. We go over the top Monday morning for the week's drive."

Mrs. Davison hereby asks that every woman in Atlanta volunteer one day, at least, for service at one of the 300 booths to be stationed throughout the city, beginning Tuesday, December 17, and continuing through the week. By phoning in name, address and telephone number over Ivy 7256, a record will be kept of volunteers, so that they may be called upon as needed.

At the meeting today a list of booth chairmen will be announced, numbering 300.

Mrs. Preston Arkwright will make a short talk on the Red Cross and Chaplain Black, of Camp Gordon, will speak.

Masque and Pageant To Be Dramatic Spectacle

Mrs. Joseph S. Raine is general chairman of the Red Cross pageant, which is to follow upon "The Roll Call," a masque of the Red Cross, at the Auditorium, Monday night.

The allegorical figures of Courage, Mercy, Reason and Love, will be followed by a processional illustrating the actual working out of these qualities in the Red Cross work of relief—a visualization in picturesque form, of the actual program of the greatest mercy organization the world has ever nown.

Mrs. W. C. Jarnagin is director of the whole masque and pageant, and Miss Frances Gooch, of Agnes Scott who has been responsible for the histrionic success of some of the most memorable programs of pageantry ever put on here, will be the coach for the players in the masque, among whom some of the leading figures are Mrs. Merrill Hutchinson as the "Universal Mother;" Miss Carolyn Cobb, as "All Hearts;" Mrs. Edith M. DuPree, as "Young Womanhood," and Miss Ellison Bedell, as "Girlhood."

Holiday Bazar.

A bazar is announced by the parent-teacher association of Forrest Avenue school, to take place Friday at the corner of Randolph street and Highland avenue, from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Refreshments will also be served. A general patronage is invited.

Maggie Teyte's Songs.

It was the character of Hofmann's program the other night that first won the audience. It was his genius that completed the spell.

A glance over Maggie Teyte's list of songs for her recital tonight at Egleston hall, and a keen remembrance of her art, as expressed through her "Mimi" in Atlanta several years ago, gives promise that her impression will be similar in kind. And she has the advantage of woman's beauty.

The classics begin her program. The simplicity of Mozart, which is a supreme test, however, of pure vocalization, will introduce the lovely Englishwoman, and the "Bocca Dolorosa," which she is said to be one of her masterpieces of interpretation, will be followed by gems of Gretchaninoff, whose own knowledge of singing is reflected in his compositions for the voice. Songs by Poldowski, the "dernier cri" among Russian writers, will have their premier in Atlanta.

Special interest is attached to the Debussy group, since Miss Teyte's interpretation has no less an authority than Debussy himself, who thought so well of her art as to teach her how he wished his own creations interpreted. England and America will close the list.

The recital is the third event in the Music Study club's chamber music series, and in itself an event of first importance. L. D.

Christmas Sale.

A beautiful French doll in a blue silk dress and a blue silk picture hat with pink feathers in the reception room window of the Piedmont hotel is attracting a big patronage to the bazar being conducted by the Inman Park Girls' club.

They will close out today their handsome towels, linens, fancy boxes, bags, etc. The money realized on the one big doll with real hair will go to the Atlanta Child's home. The rest will maintain the club's scholarships.

Perkins-Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank T. Perkins announce the marriage of their daughter, Dorothy Lee, to Mr. George H. Smith, on December 6, Rev. W. T. Hunnicutt officiating.

After a short wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Smith will be at home to their friends in West End.

Mrs. Sisson's Tea.

Mrs. Charles Sisson was hostess at a pretty tea yesterday afternoon at her home on West Eleventh street, in compliment to two of the seasons' debutantes, Miss Henrietta Tupper and Miss Catherine Sanders, and for Miss Julia Murphy.

Pink begonias and roses decorated the reception room, and in the dining room the tea table had as its centerpiece a white marble urn filled with Killarney roses.

The silver candelabra were shaded in pink and the bonbons and other details of the picturesque table were pink.

Misses Catherine Murphy and Anne Grant poured tea.

Miss Helen Estes, of Gainesville, and Miss Nellie Hightower assisted in entertaining.

Mrs. Sisson wore a becoming gown of black velvet.

Miss Tupper wore midnight blue Georgette crepe beaded, with corsage bouquet of pink rosebuds.

Miss Sanders was gowned in black velvet, a corsage bouquet of pink rosebuds completing the costume.

Miss Estes wore blue velvet.

There were thirty guests including only the debutantes of this season and those of last season.

Bridge Party.

Among those who have reserved tables for the bridge party to be given Friday afternoon by the members of the Atlanta chapter, D. A. R., at the chapter house, are Mrs. Courtland Winn, Mrs. Frances S. Whitesides, Mrs. Bun Wylie, Mrs. L. J. Daniel, Mrs. W. R. Hoyt, Mrs. David Woodward, Mrs. Howard McCall, Mrs. W. E. Beckham, Mrs. Walter Hill, Mrs. J. Y. Sage, Jr., Mrs. James Logan, Mrs. J. C. Hunter, Mrs. W. C. Lyle, Mrs. W. A. Parker, Mrs. Charles Rice, Mrs. L. W. Rogers, Mrs. S. M. Whitner, Mrs. W. E. Austin, Mrs. W. B. Willingham, Jr.

The game will begin promptly at 3 o'clock and last until 5 o'clock. Tea and wafers will be served.

Home-made cakes will be the prizes.

Tickets, 25 cents. Tables, $1.

Those wishing to reserve tables please phone Mrs. Charles Love, chairman, or Miss Mary Rice, co-chairman.

Bridge Party For Mrs. Graves.

Mrs. Hugh Trotti was hostess at a pretty bridge party yesterday afternoon at her home in Decatur in compliment to Mrs. Philip Graves, a recent bride.

Mrs. Lute Hunnicutt won the prize for top score, a hand-painted whipped cream bowl, and Mrs. Roy Jones cut the consolation, a hand-painted trinket holder.

The honor guest was given a hand-embroidered towel.

The score cards were Cupids tied with green ribbons.

The lace covered tea table had as its central decoration an art basket filled with chrysanthemums, the handle tied with green tulle. Other details of the table were in green.

Mrs. Trotti was gowned in black velvet, and Mrs. Graves wore black braided Georgette crepe with black tulle hat, the crown of panne velvet.

Invited to meet the honor guest were:

Mrs. Philip Graves, Mrs. P. H. Jeter, Mrs. Wilbur Haygood, Mrs. Lute Hunnicutt, Mrs. Ed Terrell, Mrs. Armand Hendee, Mrs. Atticus Haygood, Mrs. Roy Jones, Mrs. Broughton Branch, Mrs. Henry Earthman, Mrs. Marshall George, Mrs. Myrick Clements, Mrs. Hugh Burgess, Mrs. Robert Ramspeck, Mrs. Riley, Miss Annie Trotti, Miss Leila Hardeman, Miss Mary Linsey, Miss Mary Louise Maness, Miss Marie Pearce, Miss Annie Mae Glenn, Miss Christine Glenn and Miss Julia Glenn.

Alumnae Meeting of Agnes Scott College.

On Friday afternoon there was a very interesting meeting of the Agnes Scott Alumnae association at the college. It was the pleasure of the members at this meeting to hear a message from Miss Emily Winn, an A. S. C. alumna, who is at home on furlough from Korea. Miss Mary Wallace Kirk, of Alabama, also spoke to the association, and gave a great deal of enthusiasm to the meeting as she gave her words of encouragement for the work accomplished so far on the A. S. C. endowment fund. In her address she made many practical suggestions for launching a further endowment fund drive. These were heartily indorsed in a short address from Dr. Gaines, the president of the college, and were approved by the association and definite steps taken for their accomplishment.

At our next meeting in January it is hoped that all the A. S. C. alumnae in Atlanta and vicinity will be present and so catch the spirit of enthusiasm which characterized our meeting. Due notice of this meeting will be given.

After the business, the alumnae adjourned for a social hour in the college tea room, which has been taken over by the alumnae this year and which is one of the evidences of our desire to help our alma mater.

School Girls Study Red Cross Dietetics.

Ninety-eight pupils of the Girls' High school had their first lesson in dietetics yesterday, the classes conducted by experts from the Atlanta chapter, Red Cross.

Twenty-four High School pupils of the North Avenue Presbyterian church school will begin a similar class today.

"The girls are enthusiastic over the opportunity," states Mrs. Joseph N. Moody, chairman of dietetics, "and the teachers so highly esteem the work that it is being done in school hours as part of the home science course.

"For the high school girls to learn food values and the composition and necessity of a well-balanced meal, the Red Cross feels will be a big step towards an improvement in health conditions. These girls are going to be the future home-makers. We are helping in a very material way, I think, to prepare them for it."

War Mothers' Pantry.

On next Tuesday and Wednesday, December 17 and 18, the War Mothers of Atlanta and vicinity will open a pantry in room 31, Arcade building.

Committees will be on hand from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., both days, to receive supplies and delicacies donated for the sick and wounded men at Fort McPherson and Camp Gordon. Every mother in Atlanta and vicinity, as well as wives, grandmothers, daughters, sisters and aunts will want to send to this pantry something for these noble men who have made sacrifices for us, and are now shut in and suffering. Many of them have mothers far away, and some, whose mothers are up yonder. We suggest jellies, preserves, sweet pickles, fresh fruits of all kinds, dates, cakes, candies, beaten biscuit and fresh eggs. A good book, late magazine or a growing plant would be most attractive. The smallest gift will be acceptable. Make donations from a "War Mother," "a wife," etc., or use your name just as you prefer.

Red Cross Auxiliary.

Until further notice the Red Cross auxiliary of the Immaculate Conception church will meet at Red Cross house, 258 Peachtree street, every Thursday from 9 a. m. until 5 p. m. Mrs. H. C. St. Claire will be chairman. A full attendance is urged, as there is much work to be finished by January 1.

Oyster Dinner.

The Ladies' aid of St. Philip's cathedral will serve an oyster dinner today from 12 to 2 o'clock at their lunch room, 16 Washington street.

Brilliant Program for Piedmont Driving Club.

A brilliant dinner-dance on Christmas night will usher in the holiday season of gaiety at the Piedmont Driving club.

On Saturday, the 28th, there will be the usual week-end dinner-dance, with a special holiday program.

On Tuesday night, the 31st, a dinner-dance will close the year with social brilliance, and dancing will usher in the new.

Child Welfare Committee

Mrs. H. C. Phipps calls a meeting Friday morning at 10:30 of the child's welfare committee of the Atlanta Woman's club, at the club house on Baker street.

Every member of the committee is urged to be present, as plans are to be perfected for the club's annual Christmas tree when five hundred little poor children will be made happy with Christmas gifts.

Holiday Dance At Hexagon Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Turman will entertain informally at midday dinner Sunday at their home, "Hexagon Hall," in compliment to Miss Maude Carlton and Miss Henrietta Davis, debutantes, and for their daughters, Misses Lethea and Dorothy Turman, who have returned from college for the holidays.

Among the bright events of the holiday season will be a supper-dance on December 30, given by Misses Lethea and Dorothy Turman in honor of Miss Beatrice Kirby, of Somerville, N. J., and Miss Beatrice Hurlburt, of Boston, who will visit Miss Henrietta Davis.

For Holiday Visitors.

Miss Maude Carlton will entertain at dinner the evening of the 31st at her home on Peachtree circle, in compliment to Miss Lamar Sparks, of Macon, who will be her guest for the holidays.

Miss Sparks and Miss Beatrice Kirby, of Somerville, N. J., and Miss Beatrice Hurlburt, of Boston, Mass., who will be the guests of Miss Henrietta Davis, will share honor at an afternoon tea to be given by Miss Carlton on January 4.

War Mothers And Red Cross.

Mrs. Samuel D. Jones, president of the War Mothers of Atlanta and vicinity, makes the following announcement to the War Mothers:

"Allow me to remind every mother and relative of men in the service of the 'Red Cross Christmas roll call,' December 16-23.

"We, of all people, should want our names on this honor roll, and gladly give the one dollar asked.

"Only eternity can reveal the stupendous, wise, beautiful, loving service rendered by our Red Cross here at home, all over America, over the seas, everywhere, in administering to the suffering, the needy and the dying.

"If you can work one day, or more, to assist in the enrolling campaign, Phone Mrs. Beaumont Davison, chairman, Ivy 7256."

At Greenbrier White.

Mrs. Samuel K. Dick, of Atlanta, who is north, with Mrs. Samuel A. W. Simmons, has been lately for a few days at the Greenbrier at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., where she is enjoying the autumn season and the meeting with several southern friends. The colony here was greatly distressed this week to learn of the death in Richmond of J. Paul Stevens, general manager of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, and son of its federal director, George W. Stevens, who resigned his presidency of the White Sulphur Springs company, Inc., in order to assist Mr. McAdoo. Mr. Stevens had been identified with White Sulphur Springs since his boyhood days, often visiting the Greenbrier, the White or his father's cottage here.

GEOTCHIUS-CAMPBELL.

Rome, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—A wedding marked by beautiful simplicity was solemnized in the home of Mrs. Charles Bennett Geotchius when her attractive daughter, Miss Annie Daniel Geotchius, plighted her troth to Rev. Ernest Frederick Campbell, of Newton Center, Mass.

At 8 o'clock Miss Lila Herron, of Anniston, played the wedding march and the bride entered the hall from the center door as her two young sisters, Misses Mary and Helen Geotchuius, advanced from either side entrance. Amidst palms and ferns the ceremony was performed by Rev. Arthur Campbell, of Lavonia, the groom's brother, assisted by Dr. G. G. Sydnor, pastor of the First Presbyterian church.

An informal reception followed the ceremony and at 9 o'clock Rev. and Mrs. Campbell caught the northbound train for Newton Center, Mass.

Mr. Campbell has just returned from Russia, where during the war he was one of the Y. M. C. A. secretaries.

Atlantans Offer Jobs.

As a result of the publicity given to the story of the army officers from Maine and Arizona seeking positions in Atlanta through the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, many business men in the city yesterday called Douglas Lawhon, to whom the applications were made, and advised that they would be glad to employ the discharged men.

Among the positions wanted by the men are salesmen, bookkeepers, bricklayers, school teachers, artists, musicians and printers.

Georgia Baptist Sunday School Service Flag With 16,691 Stars Unfurled

Macon, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—A service flag with 16,691 stars, a star for every Baptist from Georgia Sunday schools in the service of Uncle Sam, was unfurled at the session of the Georgia Baptist convention this afternoon.

It represents 8.6 per cent of the 1917 enrollment in the United States military service. The gold star estimate is 249.

The presentation was made by George W. Andrews, secretary of the Georgia Baptist Sunday School association.

There was a special service, including the singing of "America," a prayer by Dr. F. C. Connell, and an address by Dr. L. R. Christie.

Floridian Optimistic.

Jefferson Thomas, president of the Thomas Advertising Service, of Jacksonville and president of the American Association of Advertising Agents, who is at the Hotel Ansley to attend a meeting of a joint committee of that organization and representatives of the publishers' organization, predicts an era of unprecedented prosperity for the state of Florida.

Mr. Thomas states that the phosphate mines which have been closed during the war are to be reopened as soon as shipping facilities are provided and that grape fruit and oranges will bring into the state during the spring approximately thirty million dollars.

Depository Designated.

Governor Dorsey has designated the Hart County Bank of Hartwell state depository. It is one of the strong institutions of that section. Charles I. Kidd is president; Julian B. McCurry, vice president, and Frank T. Kidd, cashier. W. E. White, assistant cashier, is first lieutenant of the A. E. F. in France. Dr. W. E. McCurry, director, is a captain in the United States army at Camp Greenleaf.

Judge Humphries Qualifies.

Judge J. D. Humphries appeared at the governor's office on Wednesday and qualified for the position of judge in the criminal division of the Fulton county superior court, to which he was elected on November 5. Judge Humphries will succeed Judge Ben H. Hill.

Satterfield a Trustee.

Governor Hugh M. Dorsey has appointed Hon. Emory E. Satterfield, of Hartwell, trustee of the A. & M. college, located at Clarkesville, Ga. Mr. Satterfield is one of the leading citizens of northeast Gergia. He and the governor were schoolmates and warm friends when the governor was a schoolboy in Hartwell in 1884.

Medicos Made Guards.

To replace the twenty-eight guards which were yesterday sent from Fort McPherson to Camp Gordon to be mustered out, Colonel Bratton, commander of the post, has appointed Major P. A. Larned, of the quartermaster's department, as prison officer and authorized that twenty-eight men from the medical corps be named to serve as guards. The order was issued yesterday.

Planters in Hawaii have found that sugar cane tops, heretofore considered waste material, make excellent stock feed when properly dried.

WOMAN'S DANGER PERIOD

The period between forty-five and fifty-five years of age is said to be a crisis or danger period in a woman's life which tests her for her fitness to continue in the race. It is then that she suffers from such annoying symptoms as heat-flashes, nervousness, headaches, "the blues," or dread of impending evil, or some dormant disease in the system becomes active. When a woman is passing through this crisis there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which after forty years of success is now considered the standard remedy for woman's ailments.—(adv.)

Give China

See Our Open Stock

Sets or Single Pieces

Over 70 Active Patterns!

Select here from the largest and most attractive stock in the Southeast, of Haviland, Doulton, Coalport and Royal Worcester. Dinner Sets, Breakfast Sets, Guest Sets and a full line of handsome odd pieces, all MODERATELY PRICED. A visit to the store will repay you.

Dobbs & Wey Co.

57 N. PRYOR ST. ATLANTA.

Near Lowry National Bank.

$10 Grey Kid Boots

Military Boots, with cloth top. A perfect shade of medium dark grey.

$5.50

Exactly like the picture. All sizes, 3 to 8, AA to D.

Our Special sale price is less than factory cost price, for this style is a perfect $10 value, that fits well, wears long and which we guarantee in every way. Every size over and over again, as it is not a broken lot.

Covered French heel boots, in Grey, Brown and Field Mouse Kid, with cloth tops; former price $10, on sale for $5.50 also. Three styles from our regular stock that have never sold for less than $10.

Rich's

52-54-56 Whitehall Street.

CHILLS, COLDS, FEVERISHNESS

Black-Draught Is Used by Virginia Lady for Colds, Fever and Other Troubles With Fine Results.

Rocky Mount, Va.—Miss Mae Chitwood, of this place, recently stated: "I have used Black-Draught for colds and stomach trouble and certainly have found it very satisfactory.

When I would feel bad and feverish, as though I was taking a fresh cold, I would make a good cup of Black-Draught tea and it would soon set me all right.

I can recommend it as a splendid laxative and gladly do so. You may publish my statement."

When you feel chilly, tired, feverish, headachy and fear that you are taking cold, take a good dose of the old, reliable, liver medicine you have heard so much about—Thedford's Black-Draught. It is made from purely vegetable ingredients, acts in a gentle, natural way, and by helping to drive out poisonous waste matter from your system, it will often, if taken in time, prevent a chill from developing into a cold.

Thousands of people, during the past 70 years, have found Black-Draught of benefit in such cases.

Try it, the next time you chill or sneeze.—(adv.)

Today---A Sale Which Will Give One Hundred Women New Serge or Silk Dresses for

$14.95

Full Prices Would Be $22.50 to $29.75

BY ALL ODDS, these are the best dresses for the money that we've seen this season. They came to us from a New York maker at a big discount—his surplus stock.

—Choosing takes in surplice, coatee, draped, sashed, overskirt, full-pleated and other styles that women will be glad to get for street and afternoon wear.

—Materials are serge, crepe meteor, satin, crepe de chine, and Georgette crepe combined with other silks. And they are first-class materials, we want you to know. Colors are navy, black, Copen, taupe, brown, Burgundy and green.

Sizes start at 16 and range up to 50. There are 25 dresses in the lot that will fit stout women. $14.95

52-54-56 Whitehall Street

Rich's

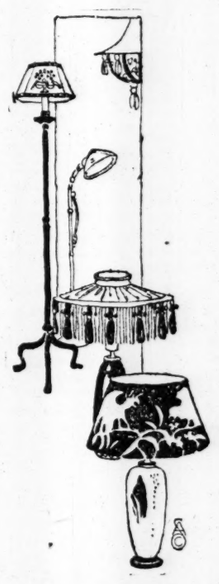
Telephone Number M. 3132

Artistic PICTURE FRAMING

Best Work
Prompt Delivery
Photo Frames a Specialty
We Use Good Glass

Sou. Book Concern
71 Whitehall
GAVAN'S

The Gift Beautiful



ELECTRIC LAMPS are one of the most acceptable gifts a man might choose for wife, mother, sister, daughter.

From a friend to a friend they are highly appropriate and much appreciated, for they are elegant and refined.

Our stock of lamps embraces a wide variety of the most charming designs we have ever shown. One entire floor devoted largely to the display.

Table lamps, desk lamps, boudoir lamps, reading lamps, piano lamps, floor lamps, in many styles and finish.

Carter Elec. Co.
63 Peachtree St.

Useful Christmas Present

A Box of

Carter's

REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

KNIT Underwear

For Father, Mother, Sister, Brother and the Baby. In wool, cotton or silk.

Sold in Department Stores, Men's Furnishings and Women's Shops throughout the United States

Trade marked label on each garment — 6 Carter's REG. U. S. PAT. OFF Short — Carter's Trade marked name

THE WILLIAM CARTER COMPANY

Factories at Needham Heights and Springfield, Mass.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mrs. Andrew Calhoun is ill with influenza at her home on West Peachtree street.

Mrs. W. E. Foster has returned from New York.

Miss Bessie Tift, of High Point, N. C., will arrive the 26th to spend the holidays with Misses Lethea and Dorothy Turman.

Miss Lamar Sparks, of Macon, will arrive December 27 to visit Miss Maude Carlton.

Little Miss Virginia Carter is ill at her home on Fifth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Vassar Woolley received a letter yesterday from their son, Lieutenant Vassar Woolley who is in the south of France, stating that he was safe and well.

Mrs. Margaret S. Dillard is spending the week with a hunting party in south Georgia.

Miss Margaret Horton returns next week from Wellesley college, Massachusetts, to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Horton.

Mrs. W. S. Jennings has returned to Jacksonville after a short visit with Mrs. Frank E. Shumate.

Mrs. E. T. Lamb leaves today for Norfolk.

Mrs. Omar F. Whitten, who has been ill with influenza at a local hospital, is convalescing and has returned home.

Miss Kenneth R. Peck, of Norfolk, who was Miss Charlotte Hart, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Lee L. Baker.

Major and Mrs. W. C. Lyle have returned from Augusta.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Neisler, of Reynolds, motored to Atlanta yesterday and are at the Piedmont for the week.

Lieutenant Glenn Elton Miller has returned to Camp Greene, N. C., after spending the week-end with friends in West End.

Mrs. Charles Godfrey has returned from a six months' visit in Canada.

The Joseph Habersham chapter, of the D. A. R., will meet Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Sunday school room of St. Mark's church, on Fifth street, corner of Peachtree. At the meeting a full report will be read of the Harvest Festival dinner, which was a great success. Other interesting reports will also be read. The guest of honor will be Mrs. Royall Ingersoll, of Washington, whose husband, Commander Ingersoll, is now in Paris, France, with the American peace commission. Officials of St. Mark's church have hospitably tendered the use of the Sunday school room to the chapter for holding their meetings on account of the large number of the members, who are members of the church.

John L. Harper, well-known Atlanta real estate man, who has his offices in the Third National Bank building, is confined to St. Joseph's infirmary with a serious case of influenza.

Ends Stubborn Coughs in a Hurry

For real effectiveness, this old Home-made remedy has no equal. Easily and cheaply prepared.

You'll never know how quickly a bad cough can be conquered, until you try this famous old home-made remedy. Anyone who has coughed all day and all night, will say that the immediate relief given is almost like magic. It takes but a moment to prepare, and really there is nothing better for coughs.

Into a pint bottle, put 2½ ounces of Pinex; then add plain granulated sugar syrup to make a full pint. Or you can use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, instead of sugar syrup, if desired. Either way, the full pint saves about two-thirds of the money usually spent for cough preparations, and gives you a more positive, effective remedy. It keeps perfectly and tastes pleasant—children like it.

You can feel this take hold instantly, soothing and healing the membranes in all the air passages. It promptly loosens a dry, tight cough, and soon you will notice the phlegm thin out and then disappear altogether. A day's use will usually break up an ordinary throat or chest cold, and it is also splendid for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a most valuable concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, known as the most reliable remedy for throat and chest ailments.

To avoid disappointment, ask your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.—(adv.)

Silk Shirts 16

For Christmas

The handsomest line that was ever brought to Atlanta. The largest—the most varied collection of rare patterns and rich colorings.

Indeed, they are exquisite creations, as you will admit.

One of the leading articles for Christmas gifts—a symbol of friendship—a token of esteem.

Appropriate — acceptable—refined—"and everything"—

$5 Up

Styles 24 Hours from Broadway

L. C. Adler 113 Peachtree St.

"I Carried This Aluminum Outfit With Me Everywhere

"—when in training back of the lines, on the march, into battle. Got the roughest kind of usage, but it stood the racket! I know now why I've always seen "Wear-Ever" aluminum utensils in so many homes."

Women who realize that real economy is not a matter of buying "cheap" things, but things that give lasting service, know that it pays to invest in

"Wear-Ever"

Aluminum Cooking Utensils

They know that, because of the strength and enduring qualities of these beautiful utensils, they are saved the expense and annoyance of continually buying new utensils.

"Wear-Ever" utensils are made in one piece—without joint or seam—from thick, hard sheet aluminum. They have no coating to chip or peel; no place for food to lodge—cannot rust—are pure and safe.

Soon the complete line of **"Wear-Ever"** utensils will be obtainable—including those styles and sizes which could not be secured during the war because of the demands of the National Service.

Replace utensils that wear out with utensils that "Wear-Ever"

Look for the "Wear-Ever" trademark on the bottom of each utensil

WEAR-EVER ALUMINUM TRADE MARK

The Aluminum Cooking Utensil Co.
Dept. 3644 New Kensington, Pa.

CONTROL OF ROADS MAY BE EXTENDED

Continued from First Page

ownership. Personally I do not believe it. But whether such a test would indicate that the ultimate solution shall be government ownership or a modified form of private ownership under effective federal regulations, should not cause us to hesitate or refuse to act."

If congress does not extend the time for government control, said Mr. McAdoo, the railroads should be returned to private management "at the earliest possible moment."

Prosperity and Railroads.

"Upon the efficiency of the transportation machine in America," said Mr. McAdoo, "depends in great measure the future prosperity of the nation. Involved in this prosperity is the extension of our foreign trade. We produce so much more than we consume that markets must be found for that surplus. Those markets are the competitive markets of the world. We must be able to enter them upon equal terms with any other nation. Our transportation system, both on land and water, must therefore function at the highest point of efficiency and at the lowest possible cost, if we are to get our reasonable and fair share of the world's trade and in turn be able to keep a prosperous, contented and happy population at home.

"To attempt to continue federal control under the inadequate provisions of the present federal control act and for the very brief period it authorizes, would be to multiply our difficulties and invite failure. On the other hand, I am convinced from the experience of the past year that the return of the railroads to the old competitive conditions will be hurtful alive to the public interest and to the railroads themselves. This course, however, will bring fewer evils in its train than the unsatisfactory, if not impotent, federal control provided for by the present act. The railroads were taken over as a war measure. They have been operated during the past year for the paramount purpose of winning the war. I think it will be generally admitted that the war service has been successfully rendered, and I am sure that experience of great value and benefit has been gained not only for the public but for the railroads themselves during this brief test."

Growing Conflicts.

Practical difficulties of continuing government operation under existing authority, he pointed out, are the growing conflicts of authority between state and federal jurisdictions, inadequacy of the half-billion dollar revolving fund for financing improvements, inability to force railroads to pay for cars and locomotives without litigation, and to require terminal improvements.

President Wilson in his recent address to congress said he was unable to decide what should be done with the railroads, and asked congress to take up the question for discussion immediately. He declared that unless action was forthcoming, he would be forced to turn back the roads to private management.

Acting under this plan, the railroad administration has been preparing to relinquish control of the railroad, and it was the general understanding that the administration would wait two or three months before actually starting he relinquishment proceedings, to give congress a chance to act. Recent developments have shown the difficulty of determining a final policy at this time, however, according to railroad administration officials.

Owners Want Roads.

Most railroad owners and managers are said to have urged that the roads be relinquished, but under some sort of remedial legislation giving them power to pool their resources and eliminate wasteful competition. There have been no important advocates of restoration of the old condition, according to officials. On the other hand, the friends of government ownership have just begun to renew agitation for retention by the government of permanent control, and later purchase of the roads' property.

When the railroad control bill was enacted, Mr. McAdoo urged that the period of control not be limited to twenty-one months after the formal close of the war, saying this would not give opportunity for a real test of government management. At that time he expressed himself as opposed to government ownership.

Recently he again expressed disappointment that government management had such limitations, saying that there was danger of the railroad question becoming a political issue in the elections of 1920.

This would be unfortunate, he said, because the railroad question was purely economic, and should not properly be entangled with political issues.

CONFERENCE MEETS TO DISCUSS ROADS.

Washington, December 11.—A conference of representatives of interests affected by transportation will be held tomorrow and Friday at the call of the United States Chamber of Commerce to formulate a statement of principles which may serve as the basis for popular discussion of the nation's future attitude toward railroads and other transportation agencies. The conference will be informal and development of a definite program is not expected.

Invitations to participate have been sent to representatives of these interests: Financial, commercial and industrial, agricultural; civic and social; labor; railroad administration; interstate commerce commission; state utilities commissions; steam and electric railroads; express, highways organizations and steamboat lines.

MEETINGS

The French class of the Atlanta Equal Suffrage association will meet Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the McClure building, 11 Whitehall street. Lessons are free to everyone interested.

Soldiers are most cordially invited to attend.

RECIPE TO DARKEN GRAY HAIR

A Cincinnati Barber Tells How to Make a Remedy for Gray Hair.

Mr. Frank Harbaugh of Cincinnati, O., who has been a barber for more than forty years, recently made the following statement:

"Anyone can prepare a simple mixture at home, at very little cost, that will darken gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. To a half pint of water add 1 ounce bay rum, a small box of Barbo Compound and ¼ ounce glycerine. These ingredients can be bought at any drug store at very little cost. Apply to the hair twice a week until the desired shade is obtained. This will make a gray haired person look twenty years younger. This is not a dye, it does not color the most delicate scalp, is not sticky or greasy and does not rub off."—(adv.)

BAPTISTS CONTINUE SCHOOL FUND DRIVE REPORT IS ADOPTED

Macon, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—The report of the committee of five named at the Fitzgerald meeting of the Georgia Baptist convention recommending that the committee be authorized to continue the campaign for funds to pay off the indebtedness of Baptist educational institutions but that the institutions concerned be prohibited from contracting any new indebtedness between now and March 1, which is a lien on their property, resulted in considerable wrangling during the session of the convention here today. Their report, however, was adopted and the campaign will continue until April, 1919.

The report submitted today by Dr. F. O. McConnell, of Atlanta, showed that three years ago, when the committee of five was named at Fitzgerald, the combined indebtedness of the Georgia Baptist educational institutions was $524,546.17, and that a total of $496,090.80 has been paid, leaving a balance of $28,456.37, which added to new indebtedness which has been created in the meantime leaves a balance of $75,005.32 yet to be paid. The report showed that there are now outstanding $113,110 in pledges which have not been collected.

It was the provision that the educational institutions not be permitted to contract any further indebtedness, which should be alien on the property, that brought forth the opposition to the report.

Led Opposition.

The opposition was led by Dr. C. W. Daniel, of Atlanta; Dr. Lansing Burroughs, of Americus, and Dr. A. C. Cree, of Atlanta. They contended that some of the institutions might be compelled to make obligations over which they had no control. Dr. Burroughs cited the case of Mercer university, which had incurred an obligation of $18,000 by virtue of having turned its property over to the government for the Students' Army Training corps.

President Mell contended that not a man in Georgia would have subscribed to the fund had he known the institutions were to be permitted to incur new indebtedness. The report was finally adopted, but there were several opposing votes.

The indications tonight were that Macon will be made the permanent meeting place of the Baptist convention, announcement having been made by Rev. Lamar Sims, chairman of the committe on time, place and preacher, that the committee will tomorrow recommend that such action be taken.

To Adopt Pay Plan.

The matter of adopting the pay plan for future conventions, meaning that the delegates pay their own expenses instead of depending on the church people in the places where the conventions are held for entertainment, has been under consideration for some time and the committee will recommend that this plan be adopted for the future, Mr. Sims pointed out tonight that there are only about four cities in Georgia large enough to furnish hotel accommodations for the convention delegates without calling on the private homes, and that of these four Macon is the most accessible and for that reason the committee will recommend that future conventions be held here.

In addition to Mr. Sims, other members of the committee making the recommendation are John M. Green, L. E. Dutton, Lewis A. Henderson and W. L. Culbertson.

Some of the most prominent of the convention visitors tonight expressed themselves as favorable to the plan, among them being Dr. Charles W. Daniel, of Atlanta.

LOCAL BOARD NO. 3 REPORTS TWENTY MEN DELINQUENT

Twenty Atlantans who were assigned to local board No. 3 have failed to return their questionnaires, according to Aldine Chambers, who stated Wednesday that their names have been reported to the local authorities, who have been advisd to take them into custody.

Under the authority of the selective service law, the police are required to immediately investigate the cases and report the matter to the local board. The persons of whom the police have been given complete information as to description, and have been advised to arrest, follow:

Rich Ogletree, 228 Confederate avenue; Thomas Kendall Johnson, 655 Glenwood avenue; Iler Devear Barnett, 66 Savannah street; James McKissick, 25 Terry street; Thomas Moon, 393 Hunter street; Jessie Eugene Hobson, 29 Rhinehart street; Ed McIntosh, R. 292 Capitol avenue. Arthur Purdue, 38 Hammock place; John Griffin, 204 Fraser street; Frank Willingham, 11 Jennings street; George Washington Goodwin, 336 Richardson street; Frank Cheatham, 159 Clark street; James Gentry Jones, 152 Fraser street; William Andrews Davis Rhodes, 236 Richardson street; Grady Wheeler, 17 Kingsly street; Ellis Jones, 173 Fraser street; Edward Waters, 10 Solomon street; Houston Reeves, 533 Glenn street; Earle Gene Burdett, 64 Conley street; Harvey Pierce Sherrill, 115 Pearl street.

Twelve persons were also reported by local board No. 3 to the adjutant general of the state because of their failure to report for physical examination or to submit their questionnaires. A number of them have not been located, others, it is said, gave the wrong address when they registered, and still others have been arrested by the police. Those who have been reported to the adjutant general, follow with their last known address:

John Clyde Mathis, 105 South Boulevard; Henry Williamson, chaingang, Covington; Elias Frazier, 4 Henrietta street, Charleston, S. C.; Willie Cleveland Ballentine, 107 Carroll street; William Marion Johnson, 25 Jennings street. William Roie, 68 Fraser street; Forrest Revis, 68 Fraser street; James Hillsman, 112 Clarke street; Fletcher Williams, 58 Connally street; Walter Fears, 81 Martin street; Wallace Vernoy Cash, 29 Gaskill street; Phillip Ira Coursey, 478 Capito avenue.

ADOR CHOSEN HEAD OF SWISS REPUBLIC

Berne, December 11.—Gustave Ador, member of the Swiss federal council and president of the international committee of the Red Cross, was today elected president of the Swiss confederation for the year 1919. M. Ador received 142 votes out of a possible 188.

M. Ador was elected a member of the Swiss federal council last year in succession of Dr. Arthur Hoffman. In 1910 M. Ador, after the death of M. Moynier, became the president of the international committee of the Red Cross, and in 1912 he visited the United States to attend the international Red Cross at Washington.

Since the outbreak of the European war he has had an opportunity to prove his skill and talents as an organizer. He founded the now world famous agency of the prisoners of war, the main purpose of which was to act as intermediary between prisoners and their families or friends. He started the undertaking in his private residence. It was M. Ador who was largely responsible for the exchange of wounded or ill prisoners by the belligerents.

CHARGED WITH STEALING DIAMOND

Moultrie, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Albert Provost, a young white man, has been arrested on the charge of stealing a diamond from a Doerun woman. Provost admits having had the diamond in his possession and admits that he sold it, but denies having stolen it, asserting that it was given to him by the wife of the man who had him arrested. He will be given a commitment trial this week and some sensational developments are expected.

U. S. NAVY TO STAY ON WAR FOOTING

Washington, December 11.—Twenty-nine battleships, manned by 40,000 men, will be maintained in active service after March 1, according to the plans of the navy department, as disclosed by Rear Admiral Coontz, acting chief of operations, in testimony before the house naval committee in connection with the 1920 naval appropriation bill. Eight other battleships will be held in reserve, he said, and will be manned by a two-thirds complement.

Other units of the navy to be in commission after March 1 were given by Admiral Coontz as follows:

Seventeen cruisers for active service, with two or five in reserve and manned by 12,000 men; twenty-four vessels in the patrol force, including gunboats and other craft, for which 3,900 men would be required; 165 destroyers, 20,600 men; ninety-nine submarines, 4,500 men; fourteen supply boats, 2,498 men ;168 submarine chasers, 5,400 men; seventeen eagle boats, complement not given; forty-two transports, 20,000 men; thirty-seven mine sweepers, 2,400 men, and eighteen submarine destroyer tenders, 5,200 men.

An aviation force of 6,000 men, including aviators, ground officers and mechanics, is also planned after March 1, the admiral said, while the force of miscellaneous employees, including radio men, would number 20,000. Thirty thousand apprentice seamen will be in training under the navy's plans.

Discharges are being made at a rapid rate, Admiral Coontz said, and it will soon be necessary to reopen recruiting in order to keep the personnel of the navy at 350,000, at which it is planned to be held during the 1920 fiscal year. He said that 220,000 mn would be required for operating the navy vessels and another 130,000 for merchant ships.

America's merchant fleet, he said, is fast growing, and by July 1 next will number 729 ships under the operation of the navy. Thirteen hundred other merchant craft, he said, will be added during the 1920 fiscal year.

Mine sweepers are still removing mines from along the Atlantic coast that were placed there by German submarines, Admiral Coontz told the committee. He said that several had been found recently off the Delaware capes and the Chesapeake bay. Information given by Germans since the signing of the armistice as to the location of these mines has proven accurate, he said. The coast, he said, would be completely cleared of mines within thirty days, but he added that he "did not think we suspected so many" were placed there by the Germans.

Washington, December 11.—Three hundred and fifty thousand men will be needed to man the navy during the coming year. In giving this estimate today, Secretary Daniels said there are at present nearly 542,000 men in the navy, leaving a surplus of 174,000 to be released by July 1. The secretary said the process of reduction would be carried through as rapidly as possible with consideration for the convenience of the service.

FOR COLDS AND GRIPPE DOCTORS FIND REMEDY

Physicians and druggists are elated over the fact that they have at last found a genuine and dependable remedy for colds, sore throat, influenza and la grippe. For years they have depended chiefly upon the old style calomel, which is certainly fine, but unfortunately many people would not take it because of its nauseating and dangerous qualities.

Now that the pharmaceutical chemists have perfected a nauseless calomel, called "Calotabs," whose medicinal virtues are vastly improved, the doctors and druggists are claiming that Calotabs are the ideal remedy to abort a cold over night and cut short an attack of sore throat or la grippe. They are also finding it most effective as the first step in the treatment of pneumonia.

One Calotab on the tongue at bed time with a swallow of water—that's all. No salts, no nausea nor the slightest interference with your eating or your work and pleasure. The next morning your cold has vanished and your whole system is purified and refreshed. Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages; price thirty-five cents. Your druggist recommends and guarantees them by refunding the price if you are not delighted.—(adv.)

Restores Natural Color To Hair of Any Shade

There is absolutely no reason why you should look older on account of gray hairs. Mme. Robinnaire's Hair Dye restores at once the NATURAL COLOR of your hair, no matter what the shade. Carefully used, according to direct'ns, it maintains that natural color. It keeps the hair soft and smooth, and its use CANNOT be detected. Regular size bottles $1.00; postpaid on receipt of price. Trial size 25c; by mail 30c. Made only by JACOBS' PHARMACY CO., Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

We Americans

One great lesson of the war has been learned by a lot of us; maybe you've learned it? It's this: Economy is in the quality, not in the price; good quality is the only thing in the jewelry line to buy.

This store is great on quality, and American-made goods. Quality at a fair price is always inexpensive, and this has been our policy for years. Come early and make your selections.

A. M. BALDING
JEWELER
17 Edgewood Avenue

FOR CHRISTMAS!

A Fountain Pen
WATERMAN
PARKER or
EDISON

Most Complete Stock at
SOUTHERN PHOTO MATERIAL CO.
72 NORTH BROAD

REGENSTEIN'S

SENSIBLE CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Make your selections now (only 12 days before Christmas) from our splendid stocks of the better class of merchandise. Qualities and prices right; service and reputation known by all.

— FOR THE LADIES —

Furs—Blouses—Lingerie
Hosiery—Handkerchiefs

FINE FURS
FOX SCARFS

In great demand just now. We have all colors in choice quality.

Taupe Foxes . **$39.50 up**
Red Foxes . . **$25.00 up**
Black Foxes . . **$39.50 up**
Grey Foxes . . **$45.00 up**
Cross Foxes . . **$75.00 up**
Poiret Foxes . **$35.00 up**

ALSO MOLE AND HUDSON SEAL SCARFS AND SETS

XMAS BLOUSES

Of Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chines. White, flesh and colors. Dainty styles—lace trimmed, tucked, beaded and hand-embroidered.

Prices: — $2.98, $3.98, $5.00, $5.98, $6.98, $7.50, $8.00, $10.00, $12.50 and up.

SILK LINGERIE

Just the things for my lady's boudoir—a complete new stock of dainty styles.

Camisoles . **$1.00 up**
Teddies . . . **$2.98 up**
Gowns . . . **$5.00 up**
Petticoats . **$3.98 up**
Silk Vests . . **$1.50 up**
Kimonos . . **$5.00 up**
Boudoir Caps, **50c up**
Bath Robes, **$3.98 up**

Xmas Handkerchiefs IN BOXES

Crepe de Chine Handkerchiefs, **25c up**
Linen Handkerchiefs . . . . . **25c up**
Shamrock Lawn Handkfs. . . **15c up**
Madeira Handkerchiefs . . . . **50c up**

New designs in white and colored embroidered corners.

Also holiday boxes—2, 3 and 6 handkerchiefs to box.

50c, 59c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 Box.

Silk Hosiery

All the best known brands, in white, black and all colors.

FINE VALUES

75c, 89c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.25 up to $5.00 a pair.

Do Your Christmas Shopping—Now!

REGENSTEIN'S

CAMP GORDON BUREAU.
Camp Gordon News Bureau of The Constitution, in charge of Mr. Loyd A. Wilhoit, is in the "Y" administration building. Soldiers are welcome.

THE CONSTITUTIONS NEWS FROM
Gordon and the other Camps

CONSTITUTION ON SALE.
The Atlanta Constitution can be bought every day from news agents of the paper at work in all parts of Camp Gordon.

AMERICA'S ROLL OF HONOR

Heavy casualties continue to be reported by the war department, Wednesday afternoon's and Thursday morning's list containing a total of 3,669 more American heroes, whose names will be added to the nation's honor roll. A total of 2,615 are reported as wounded in action, 511 deaths, and 543 missing, including prisoners. The grand total of army and marine casualties reported to date are 132,601. No marine lists have been issued in the last several days.

The Georgians included in the lists are: Killed in action, Lieutenant Ernest William Davenport, Acworth; Privates Harvey A. Bell, Bremen; Daniel B. Kelly, Rochelle; Virgil C. Teem, Claxton. Died of wounds, Private John L. Todd, Hogansville. Died of disease, Charlie S. Reynolds, Toomsboro; John H. Roland, Gresston. Missing in action, Sergeant Jake Maddox, Brewton; Privates John O. Holt, Climax; John A. Sirmans, Sirmans; Frank Payton, Tarrytown. Wounded in action, Lieutenant Myron Hall Farmer, Newnan; Sergeants James Wright, Carlyle; William Morgan, Richland; Corporals Thomas F. Williams, Toccoa; John M. Thompson, LaGrange; Noland Tupper, 56 Queen street, Atlanta; Robert Owens, Ellaville; Cook, Noah B. Butt, Buena Vista; Privates Paul H. Hudson, Canton; Robert F. Floyd, Chipley; Roy Messer Reece, Holly Springs; Aubrey McClain, Social Circle; David O. Wilson, Grayson; Thomas West, Lindale; Jesse D. Atkins, LaGrange; Albert Early, Shellman; Julius M. McDonald, Dublin; Will Burnett, West Point; George E. Mock, Rossville; Seaborn T. Kitchens, Gibson; Walter L. Jackson, Trion; Luther H. Smith, Chipley; Henry A. Leopold, Montrose; George W. Smith, Loving; John W. Day, Lithonia; Sam T. Hendricks, Cartersville; Thomas R. Higgs, Douglas; Simmie W. Stone, Box Springs; James Horton, Crawfordville; George Watts, Waverly Hall; Edward Freeman, Rome; Jay Zetler, Davenport; Hamp Burd Reece, Cumming.

Army Casualties to Date—	Reported Previously Yesterday.	Reported.	Total.
Killed in action	315	23,968	24,283
Lost at sea	0	496	496
Died of wounds	106	9,279	9,385
Died of accident or other causes	15	1,885	1,900
Died of disease	75	13,560	13,635
Total deaths	511	49,188	49,699
Wounded	2,615	60,199	62,814
Missing, including prisoners	543	14,591	15,134
Grand total	3,669	123,878	127,647
Marine Corps Casualties to Date—	Reported Previously Yesterday.	Reported.	Total.
Deaths	0	1,907	1,907
Wounded	0	2,621	2,621
Prisoners	0	426	426
Total marine casualties	0	4,954	4,954
Total army casualties			127,647
Grand total army and marine casualties to date			132,601

Southern Casualties in Thursday Morning's List

Washington, December 12.—The following southern casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces.

KILLED IN ACTION.
Captain.
ANCARROW, Newton R., Richmond, Va.
Lieutenants.
HARPOLE, Tillman H., Phoebus, Va.
LUHN, Graham D., Taylor, Texas.
Sergeant.
FRASIER, Hoke, Latimer, S. C.
Corporals.
GILL, Geo. W., Denning, Texas.
MAYS, Andrew J., Louisville, Texas.
MOSELEY, Elbert, Sayre, Okla.
SCOTT, Claude S., Hardy, Va.
Cook.
BEDFORD, Oscar, Memphis, Tenn.
Mechanic.
HOPPES, Kelsy, Woodlawn, N. C.
Privates.
DODD, McKinley, Nokesville, Va.
GREER, Glenn J., Laurel Bloomery, Tenn.
HARRIS, Homer, Elba, Ala.
HENLEY, James E., Franklinton, N. C.
HOFNER, Herman, Louisville, Ky.
JOHNSON, Bentley C., Dallas, Texas.
MACHEMEHL, Willie, Belleville, Texas.
NICHOLAS, James J., Holladay, Tenn.
PAUL, Andrew, Buckeye, La.
PELLOT, Joe, Rayne, La.
POTTER, Rufus A., Jonesboro, Tenn.
SANDERS, Ralph S., Erlander, Ky.
BLAIR, Robert, Fairfield, Ky.
BRADLEY, Edward, Columbus, S. C.
COOK, George W., Luling, Texas.
COUNTS, Henry, Purcell, Okla.
CRUME, Wm. Willard, Slocum, Texas.

DIED FROM WOUNDS.
Lieutenant.
CAMPBELL, Raymond C., El Paso, Texas.
Corporals.
M'DONALD, George, Corpus Christi, Texas.
NEEDHAM, Monroe Allen, Dallas, Texas.
Privates.
TERRELL, Joseph, Petitt, Okla.
TODD, John L., Hogansville, Ga.
WATTS, Bedford, Honey Grove, Texas.
ANDREWS, Wm. R., Washington, Okla.
CHAMBLISS, Bruce S., Thomasville, Tenn.
CRABTREE, Arthur W., Chickasha, Okla.
CRADDOCK, Willie J., Spray, N. C.
DEBNAM, Geo. Sims, Columbia, S. C.
DULANEY, Dick, El Reno, Okla.
YAES, Charles O., Pomona, N. C.
GUNNELL, Wm. J., Altoona, Ala.
LEE, Herbert, Depoy, Ky.
LOVETT, Jerome, Walthall, Miss.
MUNN, James E., Leisburg, Miss.
ROBERSON, Otto C., Omaha, Ark.
SMITH, Hugh B., Stonewall, Miss.
STREIT, Karl, Vernon, Texas.
TRENTHAM, Richard Z., Sevierville, Tenn.
TRIPP, Buford R., Buffalo Gap, Texas.

DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES.
Privates.
APODACA, Alfred, El Paso, Texas.
CRAWFORD, Jay, New Albany, Miss.
HICKS, Burl, Candor, N. C.
LOCKER, Chas. Lawrence, Glasgow, Va.

DIED OF DISEASE.
Cook.
KELLEY, Tobie V., Center, Ala.
Mechanic.
CREWS, Hupert B., Dresden, Tenn.
Wagoner.
ANDERSON, Gillis, Moselle, Miss.
Privates.
ADAMS, Robert F., Carmine, Texas.
BERKELEY, John C., Danville, Va.
BROCK, William, Cheraw, S. C.
BREWER, George H., Canecreek, Ky.
DAVIS, Zack, Natchez, Miss.
FINE, John F., Sevierville, Tenn.
JACKSON, Ernest, Stamping Ground, Ky.
LINDSEY, Wm. Charley, Hattiesburg, Miss.
M'RAY, Wallace, Midway, Fla.
NAERN, Lawrence A., Friendship, Tenn.
PHILIP, James F., Easley, S. C.
POLLARD, Elvis O., Biggott, Ark.
POTTER, John R., Linn Creek, Miss.
PRENZLER, Louis W., Burton, Texas.
SHERRILL, Will, Burke, Tenn.
STANFORD, Henry, Pine Bluff, Ark.
STOKES, Jesse S., San Angelo, Texas.
THOMPSON, David W., Fountain Inn, S. C.
THOMPSON, Grover C., Mill Springs, N. C.
THURSTON, Wm. B., Geneva, Ala.
TINGLE, George H., Carlton, Ala.
CARTER, Wm. H., State Road, N. C.
HORNES, Frank, Mountville, S. C.
PEELER, William E., Dickson, Tenn.
REYNOLDS, Chas. S., Loomsboro, Ga.
ROLAND, John H., Gresston, Ga.
STARK, George, Shiloh, Ark.
SUTTON, Linton J., Elizabeth City, N. C.
WALLEY, Alexander, Richton, Miss.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.
Lieutenants.
BUSH, Martin M., Demopolis, Ala.
BYRD, John H., Ardmore, Okla.
Sergeants.
HARLAN, James E., San Antonio, Texas.
HILTON, Richmond H., Westville, S. C.
CASEBOLT, Daniel, Vest, Ky.
Corporals.
ALLMAN, Frank, Big Stone Gap, Va.
GLIDEWELL, Grady R., Stantonville, Tenn.
M'CANN, Thomas B., Springdale, Ky.
M'GOWAN, Wilford H., Maysville, Ky.
BERRY, Bryan, Notasulga, Ala.
NOONE, Dominicki, Buckeye, La.
Cook.
CRANE, Oliver David, Weatherford, Okla.
Privates.
RAYBURN, Leonard, Douthat, Okla.
AVERHEART, Edward, Prattsville, Ala.
COLLETT, Alfred M., Oneonta, Ala.
COOPER, Avery, Corpus Christi, Texas.
DYER, Ory E., Waco, Texas.
ESTES, Kirk, Ellisville, Miss.
JOHNSON, Eugene, Newell, N. C.
MASH, Vonley, Reno, N. C.
STEWART, James Lloyd, Clinchport, Va.
WHITE, Leonard, Denton, Texas.
WILLIAMS, Henry, Chattanooga, Tenn.
HEBERER, Arthur E., Ulm, Ark.
HOLMES, Luther W., Bettle, Texas.
HUDSON, Paul E., Canton, Ga.
JACKSON, Robert, Greenbrier, Ala.
MILLER, Elbert N., Piedmont, Ala.
NAYLOR, Benjamin, Buena Vista, Ky.
POWELL, Milton E., Lalley, S. C.
RODDY, James R., Troup, Texas.
SALMON, Tom, Farney, Texas.
TILLEY, Franklin L., Newbern, N. C.
ALEXANDER, Guy, Monterey, Tenn.
BENOIT, Maurice, Guoydan, La.
BOSHIER, Wm., San Antonio, Texas.
CORLEY, Burnice B., Irmo, S. C.
DAVIS, Martin B., Lauderdale, Fla.
ETHETTON, Ira B., Fort Worth, Texas.
FAULK, Eldridge, Crowley, La.
FORD, Stanford, Dateville, Ala.
FRANKLIN, Wm. Otto, Byrdstown, Tenn.
ALEXANDER, Edwin N., Savannah, Tenn.
CAMP, Ernest T., Clover, S. C.
CAMPBELL, Orve Cleveland, Lee Valley, Tennessee.
CHAMBERS, Roy, Jacksonville, Texas.
ENGLISH, Eddie, Atmore, Ala.
ESTES, Wylie M., Piedmont, Ala.
FLOYD, Robert F., Chipley, Ga.
HARDY, Wm. Esca, Siloam, N. C.
JACKSON, Albert Lester, Hollis, N. C.
STAFFORD, James, Coosawhatchie, S. C.
TOW, Reuben, Dixon, Ky.
WILKINSON, Volmer Lee, Lafayette, Ala.

WOUNDED (DEGREE UNDETERMINED).
Captain.
MURRAY, Cromwell E., Columbia, S. C.
Lieutenants.
ZIMMERMAN, Paul Clayton, Washington, North Carolina.
SPENCER, Daniel O., Cheraw, S. C.
HAMES, Wm. W., Jonesville, S. C.
LANIER, Layman J., Newport News, Va.
Sergeants.
REID, Thomas B., Covington, Va.
HOWARD, Clifford E., Wirt, Okla.
O'NEAL, Albert T., Geary, Okla.
PADGETT, Elmer, Clarksville, Texas.
WHITE, Boyd W., Norlina, N. C.
POWEL, Joe F., Adair, Okla.
WOOD, Henry C., Leesburg, Ala.
Corporals.
OWENS, Robert, Ellaville, Ga.
PULLEN, Jesse P., Flint Hill, Va.
ROUSE, Wm. H., Randleman, N. C.
Cooks.
MASON, Harry E., Looklies, Va.
HEWETT, Geo. Harker, Supply, N. C.
JOHNSON, Frank J., Memphis, Tenn.
JOHNSTON, Julius C., Draper, N. C.
WHITLOCK, Hervey G., Union, S. C.
COOK, Houston E., Redfork, Okla.
M'CLUNG, John A., Heavener, Okla.
GRAHAM, Wesley S., Summerton, S. C.
DILL, George F., Sacul, Texas.
SPRINGFIELD, Robert, Birmingham, Ala.
DOWNUM, Albert R., Eufaula, Okla.
JOHNSON, Quimbia C., Randolph, Texas.
PHELPS, Howard, Fort Worth, Texas.
SEPMOREE, Thomas H., Crockett, Texas.
CARROLL, Clem, Big Cabin, Okla.
BOWMAN, Geo. Rutherford, Lenoir, N. C.
COLLINS, Thomas A., Reidsville, N. C.
NORTHCUTT, Leon D., Longview, Texas.
Mechanic.
DIETZE, Herman Leroy, Karnes City, Tex.
Cook.
FRANKLIN, Louis, Lexington, Ky.
Privates.
BARRETT, Charley, Ammie, Ky.
SMITH, St. Claur, Redoak, Va.
SPROUSE, Thornton, Wm., Massie Mill, Va.
STAFFORD, Jesse G., Montpelier, Miss.
THEDFORD, Joe, Pittsburg, Texas.
BOMAR, Robert W., Gladys, Va.
ELWELL, Harry S., Gallatin, Tenn.
ENGLISH, Thomas W., Kaneard, Texas.
DAUGHERTY, John T., Wirmingham, Tenn.
FRIDAY, Caddie, Canton, Texas.
HERNANDEZ, Jesse, New Orleans, La.
HOLL, Joseph, Jr., Louisville, Ky.
HOLLINGHEAD, Benj. F., Chicaro, Miss.
LOVE, Robert F., Nimmons, Ark.
REECE, Roy Messer, Holly Springs, Ga.
SHEETS, William, McCullough, Ala.
WOOD, Clyde, Sharp, Ark.
ALDERSON, Burpee F., Iuman, S. C.
JOHNSON, Billy E., Statesville, N. C.
BURR, Daniel, Addicks, Texas.
JONES, Jhoil L., Chicora, Fla.
OTT, Raymond E., Enid, Okla.
JOHNSON, Nat, Embreeville, Tenn.
SCHULZE, Edmund A., Round Top, Texas.
KNOLES, Harry, Billings, Okla.
MILLER, John H., Blue Springs, Miss.
MONTGOMERY, Wm., Plymouth, Texas.
PUGH, Carnie C., Queen City, Texas.
RICHIE, John, Pisgah Forest, N. C.
SHOCK, Ernest D., Humble, Texas.
THORNHILL, Charlie, Chipley, Ga.
WILLIAMS, Robert L., Hobart, Ark.
HOFFMAN, Howard D., Nashville, Tenn.
HODGES, Thomas J., Quitman, Ark.
M'CLAIN, Aubrey, Social Circle, Ga.
MILLS, Henry H., Belleville, Ark.
PATTERSON, Eddie, Anniston, Ala.
SANOOK, Ray C., Cherokee, N. C.
TRAYLOR, Kerbey, Beaumont, Ky.
HINES, Charles R., Whitehall, Ark.
IRBY, William O., Charlotte, N. C.
JOINER, Lemuel L., San Saba, Texas.
LOVE, Pearl, Kilmichael, Miss.
M'CLEARY, Thomas P., Lamsco, Texas.
PROCTOR, George, Summit, Va.
SEDBROOK, Frank A., Goltry, Okla.
STEELE, John R., Madisonville, Texas.
THRASHER, John R., Corinth, Miss.
WHITE, William A., Forkney, Texas.
WILSON, David O., Grayson, Ga.
FORD, Isaac, Smithfield, Va.
HUNTER, Marion, Enield, N. C.
LUTTER, Zack, Greenville, S. C.
MASON, Dozie E., Wilmington, N. C.
MORRIS, Thomas Henry, Delaware, Okla.
NOBLE, Harvey, Raleigh, N. C.
NORTHRUP, Henry Clay, Blackwell, Okla.
POLLEY, Sidney C., Center, Texas.
SACRA, Edward C., Clinton, Okla.
SEMAR, Etienne, Dota, La.
SLAYTON, George W., Ruston, La.
SMITH, Dale R., Edmond, Okla.
STEPHENS, Chas. R., Montgomery, Ala.
SUMMERLIN, Marvin B., Winfield, Texas.
TAYLOR, Carris, Pink Hill, N. C.
KELLY, Jesse J., Vilonia, Ark.
MAYO, Charlie, Marianna, Fla.
PARKER, Clyde, Memphis, Tenn.
PARRON, Henry L., South Norfolk, Va.
PEMBERTON, Clyde, Bristow, Okla.
STAGGS, Robert, Maxine, Ala.
TRIMBLE, Richard H., Bonham, Texas.
WEST, Thomas, Lindale, Ga.
WHITE, James Edward, Waco, Texas.
ATKINS, Jesse D., LaGrange, Ga.
COLLINS, Wesley, Whitesbury, Ky.
EALY, Albert, Shellman, Ga.
FISHER, Jutson S., Fort Worth, Texas.
BRANCH, Clanton W., Willis, Texas.
CASH, Clyde, New Glasgow, Va.
M'DONALD, Julius M., Dublin, Ga.
MARTIN, Ollie, Columbia, S. C.
MOWERY, Paul, Eden, Ala.
PETERSON, Wm. R., Clinton, Okla.
SMITH, Marshall C., Greensboro, N. C.
MABRY, Winn E., San Antonio, Texas.
WYNN, Willie, Carrolton, Texas.
TUNCHES, Thomas, Corpus Christi, Texas.
SCHOERLUCKE, Henry, Louisville, Ky.
BURNETT, Will, West Point, Ga.
SMITH, Oliver D., Swifton, Ark.
ALSTON, Isaac P., Norfolk, Va.
BOWDEN, Jesse T., Matthews, N. C.
TAYLOR, King D., Gastonia, N. C.
MONTGOMERY, Otis, Markham, Texas.
AMEAHTUBBE, Henry, McMillan, Okla.
DENTON, Edward G., Charlotte, N. C.
DEWITT, Joseph Ernest, Fairview, Okla.
EWING, Willie M., Shelby, Miss.
BURROUGHS, Joseph A., Albemarle, N. C.
CAUGHEY, Amon J., Altus, Okla.
ANDERSON, Arthur, Trenton, S. C.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY.
Captain.
SHELDON, Joseph S., San Antonio, Texas.
Lieutenant.
SIMPSON, Felix T., Anderson, S. C.
Sergeants.
WRIGHT, James, Carlyle, Ga.
KEYS, Charlie R., Quantico, Va.
Corporals.
HAILES, Porter G., Moselle, Miss.
HARDICK, Mark, Hominy, Okla.
PETTIGREW, Thomas A., Indishoma, Okla.
SIMPLE, Charley, Blocton, Ala.
KENNEDY, Grant, Imboden, Va.
THOMAS, Emmett L., Charleston, Tenn.
THOMPSON, Myron B., Luray, Va.
ROWELL, Knox R., Fayetteville, Tenn.
Wagoners.
CARTER, James Q., Sanderson, Texas.
GINGER, Virgil, Tuckerman, Ark.
GRIGGS, George C., Shreveport, La.
Chauffeur.
IVY, Ernest L., Morristown, Tenn.
Cooks.
ATKINS, Wm. H., Commerce, Texas.
BALDWIN, Lee, Park, Va.
BEARD, George M., Karnes City, Texas.
BURROW, Willie B., Hanceville, Ala.
BUTT, Noah B., Buena Vista, Ga.
CAMPBELL, Fred B., High Point, N. C.
CROWDER, Mark G., Middlesex, N. C.
HARDEN, Marcus A., Water Valley, Texas.
BELL, Thomas, Verbena, Ala.
BEUM, Roscoe P., Arnett, Okla.
BLEVINS, Granville, Chilhowie, Va.
BLACK, Woodfin G., Ethel, Miss.
GALLOWAY, Wm. A., Canute, Okla.
GRIFFIN, Herman O., Centerville, Tenn.
MEEKS, James K., Honea Path, S. C.
MOCK, George E., Rossville, Ga.
PALMER, Thomas Marion, Kemp, Texas.
SANDERS, Benj. Franklin, Cleburne, Tex.
HOOD, Samuel, Carrollton, Ala.
KITCHENS, Seaborn T., Gibson, Ga.
KNOTT, Guy, Kebul, Ky.
M'CULLOUGH, Ira, Senatobia, Miss.
M'MURRAY, Otho R., Arlington, Texas.
NEESE, Oscar, Whistler, Ala.
SHELTON, Edmund B., Stevens, Ala.
STEWARD, Clay D., Maysville, Ark.
WILLIAMS, Lewis, Crews, Va.
YOUNG, Dave, Vildo, Tenn.
WILSON, Willie, Suffolk, Va.
HODGENS, Ira D., Greenville, S. C.
JACKSON, Walter L., Trion, Ga.
LOCKWOOD, Judson, Gerry, Okla.
NEWMAN, Robert J., Pronto, Ala.
ROBERTS, Monta, Fairland, Okla.
SCOTT, Sam, Eros, La.
TYLER, David, Denmark, S. C.
WALTERS, Sam, Inola, Okla.
LEVY, Joseph, Forrest City, Ark.
MIGUEZ, Ferdinand J., New Orleans, La.
PARRY, William J., El Paso, Texas.
REAGAN, James T., Sevierville, Tenn.
SAMFORD, Thomas H., Stockman, Texas.
SMITH, Luther H., Chipley, Ga.
SMITH, William E., Bearcreek, N. C.
WALKER, Sidney C., Buckholts, Texas.

MISSING ACTION.
Sergeant.
MADDOX, Jake H., Brewton, Ga.
Corporals.
MARSHALL, Delford, Hoods, Ky.
QUIGLEY, Robert Cline, Memphis, Tenn.
HAYES, Morge, Starr, S. C.
CALLAWAY, Wm. T., Adkins, Texas.
JENNINGS, Andy J., Poplar Camp, Va.
SIMMONS, Earl O., Hamilton, Miss.
Privates.
BLANKENSHIP, Harlen, Woodman, Ky.
BREWER, Elmer, Haynes, Ark.
CARTER, George, Mayflower, Ark.
DORIAN, James C., Shreveport, La.
DUNCAN, James G., Indian Trail, N. C.
FLETCHER, Walter F., Warrenton, Va.
GUTHRIE, Fred A., Lufkin, Texas.
HAGER, Carl, Alderson, Okla.
HIPHEIL, James G., Tolu, Ky.
HOLT, John S., Climax, Ga.
HURST, Rado, Arlington, Texas.
HUTCHINSON, Will Henry, South Park, Kentucky.
MANUEL, Herbert F., Washington, Va.
POWELL, Wesley S., Tasley, Va.
ALLEN, Elijah J., Broken Bow, Okla.
BAILEY, Stanley C., Ashville, Ala.
BRAWNER, Frank D., Kinsbury, Texas.
BROWN, Bethrl, Tompkinsville, Ky.
BUNJES, Charles, Westhoff, Texas.
CORNETT, Wm. H., Evark, Ky.
DANIEL, John E., Monroeville, Ala.
ELLIS, Walter, Gainesville, Texas.
FLANIGAN, John, Alma, Ark.
BARKSDALE, Edward M., Petersburg, Va.
BULLARD, Willis A., Cameron, Texas.
DAVIS, Wm. Harvey, Maud, Okla.
DUNHAM, Jack W., Rockdale, Texas.
GOLDEN, Homer H., Tyler, Texas.
GOOMES, Bryan W., Louisville, Ky.
HUNNICUTT, Gentry, Greenville, S. C.
LONG, Charles H., Nevina, Ark.
STAPLES, Howard V., Dumbarton, Va.
WELLS, Owen, Sardis, Ky.
HEYEN, Harry J., Hondo, Texas.
HORNER, Henry R., Burkburnett, Texas.
M'KENZIE, Thad, Pickwick, Miss.
MASTERS, Marion, Triplet, Ky.
MATHER, Thomas W., Sonora, Ky.
MOODY, James C., Mount Holly, Ark.
NANTZ, Flem, London, Ky.
OLSEN, John D., Pascagoula, Miss.
HARRIS, Joe E., McIntosh, Ala.
HOLLIS, Charlie, Grand Ridge, Ark.
LOMBAS, Tete, Morgan City, La.
M'COWN, Wm. F., Aberdeen, Miss.
NALL, Claud Nathanial, Searight, Ala.
NAPIER, Guy J., Paintlick, Ky.
REYNOLDS, Wm. Thomas, New Orleans, Louisiana.
RICHARDSON, Glenn A., Garner, Texas.
SIRMANS, John A., Sirmans, Ga.
SPENCE, Eck, Harrisburg, Ark.
WALKER, John P., Aiken, S. C.
WALKER, William T., Dehart, N. C.
WHITE, Ed, Cason, Texas.
BURNS, James R., Beach, Miss.

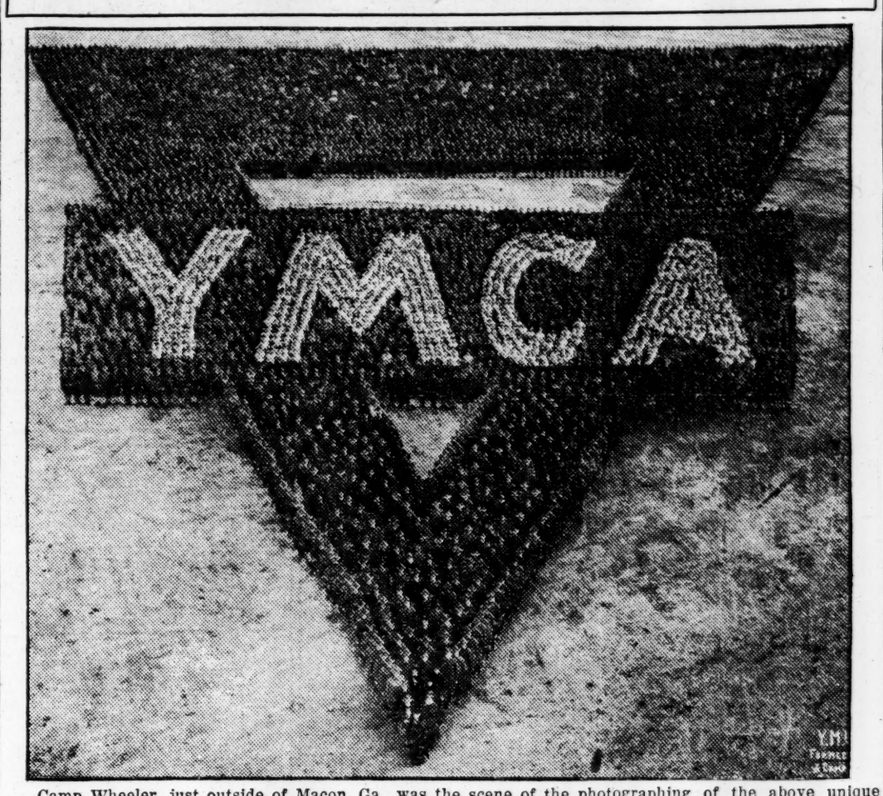
Southern Casualties in Wednesday Afternoon List

Washington, December 11.—The following southern casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces:

KILLED IN ACTION.
Lieutenant.
KANE, Bothwell B., Fort Worth, Texas.
Sergeants.
MARCHBANKS, J. F., Waxahachie, Texas.
DAVENPORT, Earnest W., Acworth, Ga.
WHITNER, Eliot, Calhoun, S. C.
HARGIS, Willie, Meece, Ky.
ODOM, Paul P., Town Bluff, Texas.
WILLIAMS, Robbie, Pendleton, S. C.
Corporals.
CULLEN, Norman, Henryetta, Okla.
LEVINS, John A., Shawnee, Okla.
Privates.
BELL, Harvey A., Bremen, Ga.
BENTON, Malan A., Hartford, Ky.
BYRNE, Hugh C., Houston, Texas.
CONNELL, John C., Gordo, Ala.
DOUGLAS, Otis R., Taylorsville, N. C.
GORE, Harmon M., Altus, Okla.
HINKLE, Freeman I., Stanley, N. C.
HUNTER, Jesse J., Mabank, Texas.
LONG, Horris L., Grandfield, Texas.
MILLER, Charley, Batesburg, S. C.
MORMON, Fred D., Columbia, S. C.
MORRIS, Jacob B., Walton, Ky.
MUNN, Simon, Helena, Ark.
MURRAY, E. B., South Richmond, Va.
SMITH, Frank L., Washington, Va.
WINNINGHAM, Robt. E., Bonham, Texas.
WITTE, Adolph O., Lyons, Texas.
ARNOLD, Charlie, Arlington, Tenn.
BRACKIN, Gib, Bevier, Ky.
BULLARD, Francis H., Tillman, Fla.
CALAHAN, Aubrey H., Leaday, Texas.
DEDRICK, George H., Petersburg, Va.
DIENES, Peter J., Louisville, Ky.
ELLIOTT, Frank, Pilot Point, Texas.
FISHER, John R., Austin, Texas.
JESSIE, Joe W., Nickelsville, Va.
JONES, Charlie, Snyder, Okla.
KELLEY, Daniel B., Rochelle, Ga.
KELLEY, Robert E., Wellston, Okla.
PARKS, Albert C., Temple, Texas.
SHEHANE, Alfred, Norene, Tenn.
SMITH, James R., Toms Creek, Va.
TEEM, Virgil C., Claxton, Ga.
ALEXANDER, Perry D., Rhinehart, La.
ALLISON, Stephen C., Birchwood, Tenn.
ARON, Edward, Darlington, S. C.
BEASLEY, Walter C., Murfreesboro, N. C.
BLAIR, John M., Trevat, Texas.
CRAVEN, Floyd F., Ramseur, N. C.
GARY, John C., Hopkinsville, Ky.
GREEN, David, Saluda, S. C.
HARRISON, Eddie, Pleasant Lane, S. C.
HAYLES, Louis, Eliska, Ala.
HENRY, Castillia, Newbern, N. C.
OSBORN, Monroe, Pomp, Ky.
OVERSTREET, Jas. S., Salitpa, Ala.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.
Captain.
BIRKHEAD, Chas. D., Waco, Texas.

THE LIVING SYMBOL



Camp Wheeler, just outside of Macon, Ga., was the scene of the photographing of the above unique picture. The symbol of the Red Triangle, representing the army and navy Y. M. C. A., was formed by placing thirten thousand troops in such formation that when the picture was taken the desired result was attained. The lettering, "Y. M. C. A." is formed by having the men forming these letters wear their white undershirts over their khaki blouses. The forward tip of the triangle is formed by the staff of the Wheeler Hostess house, and immediately behind these women workers are the staffs of all the various welfare organizations represented at the camp, including Y. M. C. A., Knights of Columbus, Jewish Welfare board and others.

Lieutenants.
WHITAKER, Edmond K., San Antonio, Tex.
DAVIS, William C., Westpoint, Va.
MENEFEE, Marvin J., Luray, Va.
COLEMAN, William C., Athens, Texas.
RANDOLPH, John, Lynchburg, Va.
Sergeants.
THORNBERRY, Archie, Ratcliffe, Miss.
BENNETT, Wayne M., Manassas, Va.
TURNER, James W., Goldsboro, N. C.
SOUTHARD, Charlie, Adamson, Okla.
CONNERLY, Cullen W., Tylertown, Miss.
HOUSER, Thurman F., Rutherfordton, N. C.
ALEXANDER, Chas. F., Clinton, S. C.
BROWN, John Ashby, Greelyville, S. C.
BOYLES, George, Shattuck, Okla.
HAYS, Jess B., Gainsville, Texas.
CHEEK, Adolphus G., Siler City, N. C.
Corporals.
MULLINS, Ray Hudson, Peoples, Ky.
BRADSHER, Dee E., Oakland, Tenn.
HONEYCUTT, Troy B., Oakboro, N. C.
BAKER, William, Lafollette, Tenn.
HOLADAY, Robert M., Charleston, S. C.
BARTLOW, Leroy F., Dallas, Texas.
TUPPER, Noland, Atlanta, Ga.
JOHNSON, Edmund E., Hutto, Texas.
M'DONALD, Frank, Memphis, Tenn.
MEDLEY, James J., Edge, Texas.
PUCKETT, Albert S., Dawson, Texas.
DYE, Weldon, Great Falls, S. C.
HAMILTON, Walter, Hamilton, Tenn.
HOLDER, Cecil H., Healdton, Okla.
LEWEY, Walter, Winfield, Ala.
LOVEN, Geo. C., Spruce Pine, N. C.
ZEGEER, Moses, Mount Hope, Va.
LILES, Hobart, Coalfield, Tenn.
MILLIORN, John D., Clyde, Texas.
YORK, Thos. W., Yantis, Texas.
Mechanic.
PETERFISH, Karl C., Staunton, Va.
Cooks.
ROSS, Calvin, Prattville, Ala.
KRAUSE, Henry F., Columbus, Texas.
Privates.
MILLIGAN, Elbert C., Scottsville, Ark.
NEWMAN, Earl R., Darbyville, Va.
O'QUINN, Walter, Saltville, Va.
ROSE, James, Middlecreek, Ky.
SANDLIN, Clarence D., Friendship, Tenn.
SWORD, James A., Rock Dell, Va.
TERRILL, Samuel D., Vinita, Okla.
TUCKER, George, High Point, N. C.
VAUGHAN, Louis, Somerset, Ky.
ALLEN, John B., Richmond, Va.
BELLAMY, James, Wampee, S. C.
CRENSHAW, Luther F., Gastonia, N. C.
ESTER, Samuel R., Bells, Tex.
FRAZIER, S. O., Nicholasville, Va.
LINDLEY, Henry D., Fulton, Miss.
BAILIFF, Edward P., Laurel, Miss.
CHATTIN, John B., Chatham, Va.
CHERRY, Roame, Cuthand, Texas.
DUDLEY, George W., Woodridge, Va.
FETTY, Fred, Berlin, Okla.
LEOPOLD, Henry A., Montrose, Ga.
M'KINNEY, Bert, Lewisburg, Tenn.
MOORE, Tolbert F., Sterrett, Ala.
ROBINETT, Fererl, Catlettsburg, Ky.
SMITH, George W., Lovnig, Ga.
SNEAD, Leonidas, Saltville, Va.
CAUGHFIELD, Don H., Atascosa, Texas.
CHASTAIN, John A., Pickens, S. C.
CURTIS, James, Bristol, Tenn.
DAY, John W., Lithonia, Ga.
DESPAIN, Herbert M., Malt, Ky.
SHACKELFORD, Valcar L., Haskell, Texas.
TOLLEY, James H., Evergreen, Va.
WADE, John W., Shepardsville, Ky.
WALL, Hick B., Sunset, Texas.
ELLIS, Ester, Purdon, Texas.
FRY, Earl, Blue Ridge, Texas.
HAIRE, C. B., Dibble, Okla.
HALCOMB, Charlie, Big Sandy, Texas.
HENNESSEY, Wm. B., Hennessey, Texas.
HILL, Robert R., Glenmora, La.
HINES, Everett H., Carbon, Texas.
HOOD, Constant, Toledo, Texas.
HUFFMAN, Jessie, Jean, Texas.
KNICKERBOCKER, F. W., Nix, Ark.
LEWIS, John, Hixson, Tenn.
MARTIN, John, Speedwell, Va.
MATNEY, Earnest R., New River, Va.
MURPHY, William, Conestee, S. C.
PECK, Earl, Arapaho, Okla.
RANEY, John H., Dennis Mills, La.
ROBINSON, Walter W., Wazar, Ala.
BROOKS, Alfred W., Staunton, Va.
CORNER, Luther, Huntsville, Texas.
CROCK, Will, Kerens, Texas.
DEPAS, Paul, Long Bridge, La.
HARRELL, Irvin C., South Norfolk, Va.
HARVEY, Clarence A., Dewar, Okla.
HENDRICKS, Sam T., Cartersville, Ga.
HILTON, Gus, Heflin, Ala.
HINSON, Earl B., Bermuda, Ala.
HIPSHER, Arthur B., Noeton, Tenn.
HOPKINS, Fred, Meridian, Miss.
M'MILLION, Tivis O., Dexter, Texas.
MITCHILL, Sam S., Lake Providence, La.
ROSE, William E., Hayward, Okla.
FULLER, Tuffie H. A., Buckner, Ark.
GIBSON, Eli B., Gibson, N. C.
HENRY, Charles R., Rentiesville, Okla.
HIGGS, Thomas R., Douglas, Ga.
HUNT, Lonnie, Fairmont, N. C.
JENKINS, Earnest A., Altoona, Ala.
M'WHORTER, Curtis, Texarkana, Ark.
MASON, Lesley L., Boydton, Va.
MOORE, Ray E., Crosby, Texas.
O'DOUGHERTY, Henry C., Bedford, La.
PATTERSON, Robert F., Elm City, N. C.
PIERCE, Jesse N., Manila, Ark.
TRIESCHMAN, W. F., Crossett, Ark.
WILLIAMS, Frank, Boggy Depot, Okla.
FIELDS, William T., Easley, S. C.
HAYES, Robert Elvin, Pound, Va.
HOLL, Harry, El Paso, Texas.
LANFORD, Floyd W., Temple, Okla.
STONE, Simmie W., Box Springs, Ga.
TITTLE, Cordie U., Yantis, Texas.
M'ADAMS, William B., Jonesboro, Texas.
NABORS, David L., Emory, Texas.
PRIVETTE, Douglas, Wadesboro, N. C.
SMITH, Paul A., Anderson, S. C.
STEWART, Ernest R., Stony Point, N. C.
WALL, George, New Orleans, La.
WARNER, Robert W., Jasper, Va.
WILEY, Steve, Spring Hill, Tenn.
BARDER, Albert J., Henly, Texas.
COMTE, Richard, Colmesnell, Texas.
DANIEL, John, Burkeville, Texas.
BARKLEY, Charles T., Little Muddy, Ky.
BROOM, Darwin R., Great Falls, S. C.
BURGER, Joseph H., Richmond, Va.
BROWN, Owne L., Chinquapin, N. C.
CRANE, Floyd J., Glen Raven, N. C.
ANDERSON, Bert L., Timmonsville, S. C.
ARTONTIS, Charles, Statesville, N. C.
BALLARD, McK. W., La Follette, Tenn.
BOLDEN, Thomas, Boykin, S. C.
BRODE, Jake J., Brockshire, Texas.
CHADWICK, V. M., Harelton, Texas.
CISSNA, Laurence L., Tecumseh, Okla.
FUTCH, Robert T., Lille, La.
GILL, Henry L., Mosleys Junction, Va.
HEASLET, John, Nashoba, Okla.
HERZIK, Stephen J., Weimar, Tenn.
AMIS, Andy, Ricetown, Ky.
AUDREY, Tom, Richmond, Va.
BOSWELL, John S., Foreston, S. C.
BRYANT, Benj. K., Bluff City, Tenn.
CARTER, Henry L., Alba, Texas.
CASEY, Alton B., Miami, Texas.
CLARK, Dave, Delton, Va.
COX, George G., Kelly, La.
DIXON, George Perry, San Antonio, Tex.
DRAEGER, August, Jr., San Antonio, Tex.
FIELDS, Roy A., Pineland, Texas.
FRANCISCO, Harry, Belleview, Fla.
FULCHER, Henry R., Critz, Va.

WOUNDED, DEGREE UNDETERMINED.
Lieutenant.
FARMER, Myron Hall, Newnan, Ga.
Sergeants.
CASE, William H., Luck, N. C.
SAULS, John E., Selma, N. C.
STIGLAR, Arthur M., Rulesville, Miss.
BROWN, Harry B., Oxford, N. C.
GILL, John H., Henderson, N. C.
HULIN, Joseph E., Greensboro, N. C.
Corporals.
GOODMAN, Wm. H., Olive Hill, Ky.
THOMPSON, John M., LaGrange,

CHARLES PIEZ SLATED FOR SHIP DIRECTOR

Washington, December 11.—Charles Piez, vice president and general manager of the Emergency Fleet corporation, is to succeed Charles M. Schwab as director general of the corporation, it was said today at headquarters of the shipping board.

A Los Angeles inventor's device makes it possible for one man to operate three automobiles along a road at once without assistance.

Quick Relief For Colds In This Favorite Remedy

In relieving a cold not only the skin pores, but also the bowels, must be kept open so as to get rid of all congestion. It is the combination of the two that brings quickest and surest relief.

Jacobs' Cathartic Dovers-Quinine Compound, in the form of tablets or capsules, made from an old and popular formula of proved efficiency, accomplishes both purposes. It relieves congestion through gentle bowel movements, opens the head passages and drives out all fever and inflammation. No better, safer or surer remedy for colds, grippe and feverish headache. Price per box 25c. At Jacobs' Pharmacy—Stores all over Atlanta.—(adv.)

FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND SORE THROAT

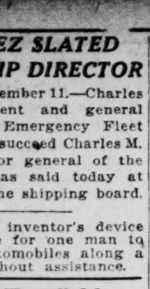
There is no remedy equal to the old reliable

JUNIPER TAR

The safest, best and cheapest family medicine.

60 Doses, 30 Cents

At All Druggists



For Colds, Grip and Influenza

Open on the head and allays free breathing. Call at the CHAS. A. SMITH DRUG CO., Arcade Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

at once for a box of it. Wonderful results—Kills germs and heals sore membranes. Use this fragrant healing antiseptic cream to stop sneezing and break up a cold in a hurry. 25c a box.

ACHES AND PAINS QUICKLY RELIEVED

You'll find Sloan's Liniment softens the severe rheumatic ache.

Put it on freely. Don't rub it in. Just let it penetrate naturally. What a sense of soothing relief soon follows.

External aches, stiffness, soreness, cramped muscles, strained sinews, back "cricks"—those ailments can't fight off the relieving qualities of Sloan's Liniment. Clean, convenient, economical. Ask any druggist for it. 30c, 60c, $1.20.—(adv.)

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

FOR CONSTIPATION

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion.

Genuine bears signature Brent Good

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack of Iron in the Blood

Carter's Iron Pills

Will improve this condition

FREE TREATMENT

Everyone suffering from Indigestion, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Headaches or any stomach trouble should cut this out and mail for my Free treatment. H. N. Alford, Dept. 1, 231 Stewart avenue, Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

HAVE LONG HAIR AND STOP DANDRUFF

By using Herolin Pomade Hair Dressing, produces beautiful, soft, silky, straight, long, fluffy hair—just the kind you want. Herolin feeds the scalp and makes kinky, nappy, short, stubborn hair so soft, long and lustrous that you can easily handle it and put it up in any style. Stops falling hair. Don't be fooled into getting anything else, but insist on having

HEROLIN

It makes short hair grow long and beautiful, stops itching scalp and dandruff.

SENT FOR 25 Cents BY MAIL

HEROLIN MED. CO. - - - - - ATLANTA, GA.

AGENTS Be your own man or woman. We make you a liberal offer—and show you how to make money fast.

ALLIED WARNING GIVEN GERMANY

Alleged Foodstuffs Will Be Withheld Unless the Radical Councils Are Dissolved—Reserve the Right to March to Berlin

Copenhagen, December 11.—According to reports from Berlin, the entente governments intend to refuse to send foodstuffs to Germany until a demand they are said to have made for the dissolution of the soldiers' and workmen's council is carried out. The allies, the reports add, will reserve the right to march into Germany.

Dr. Schiffer, the German finance minister, in a statement issued in Berlin, says that if peace had actually come this fall the amount of money required from imperial taxes for the coming year would have reached 14,000,000,000 marks, and that the taxation from the various states would have totalled 5,000,000,000 marks. These calculations, however, have been upset by recent events.

"If we continue as we have been going, ruin is inevitable," the finance minister declared. "We squander money on irrelevant details of state administration.

"There is a lack of employment and consequently our credit at home and abroad is failing. A new bill for war taxation will be introduced at once and will be retroactive as far back as 1914."

RADICAL SOCIALISTS ONLY SMALL MINORITY.

Berlin, December 11.—"A fortnight ago Dresden; today, Chemnitz the people speak plainly," says Vorwaerts commenting on the result of the election in Chemnitz to the soldiers and workmen's council there, the majority socialists having polled 78,500 votes as against 6,600 by the independent socialists. In Dresden the old party polled 117,566 votes as compared with 8,440 for the independents.

Vorwaerts points out that not a single vote by a capitalist was polled, the only votes being those of laborers.

The Vossische Zeitung declares that the result in Chemnitz "shows that the Spartacans have no footing among the people."

An article in Vorwaerts attacks Adolph Hoffman, one of its former editors and an independent socialist, for voicing a threat to disperse the national assembly when it is called. The newspaper believes it will be impossible for the bourgoisie to secure a majority in the election. If such a wonder happens, it says, it will then be an expression of the will of the people, to combat which we would not choose the Russian method of dispersing the assembly, but would employ the social democratic method of enlightenment so that the next election would have a better result."

MORTUARY

Death of Infant.

William Howard, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Y. Leslie, died at 7 o'clock Wednesday evening at the residence, 132 Tift street. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Death of Infant.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Perkins died Wednesday morning at the home in Forrest Park. She is survived by her parents. The body was removed to the chapel of A. C. Hemperly.

Death of Infant.

Fred, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Gober, of 169 Davis street, died Wednesday morning at a private sanitarium. He is survived by his parents. The body was removed to the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son.

Mrs. Susan C. Springer.

Mrs. Susan C. Springer, 78 years old, died Wednesday morning at the residence, 283 Gordon street. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. W. W. Springer and Mrs. A. P. Treadwell, and a son, Charles E. Springer, all of Atlanta.

Mrs. J. M. McDonald.

Waycross, Ga., December 11.—(Special.) News has been received in the city of the death on Saturday of Mrs. J. M. McDonald at her home in Axson following an illness of several months. Mrs. McDonald was the widow of the late Dr. J. M. McDonald, of Axson.

Mrs. Fannie Few.

Mrs. Fannie Few, 81 years old, of 119 Park avenue, died at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at a private hospital. She is survived by three daughters, Mrs. W. J. Auten, Mrs. Etta F. Hampton and Miss Lillie Few. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole and will be taken today to Madison, Ga., for burial.

Nash Page.

Nash Page, aged 70, died Wednesday morning at the residence, 139 Jefferson street. He is survived by four daughters, Mrs. W. E. Hames, Mrs. Hattie Todd, Mrs. Mollie Hines and Mrs. Mattie Scarbrough; three sisters, Mrs. James Buchanan and Misses Harriet and Battie F. Page; two brothers, John and William Page. The body was removed to the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son.

Mrs. Frances M. Allen.

Mrs. Frances M. Allen, 68 years old, died Wednesday night at 7 o'clock at the residence, 48 Vedado way. She is survived by her husband, Leroy J. Allen; three sons, Charlie, Henry and Robert Allen; four daughters, Bessie, Lucy, Margaret and May Bell Allen, off at Atlanta. The body was removed to the chapel of Barclay & Brandon and will be sent Thursday afternoon at 2:10 o'clock to Demopolis, Ala., for funeral and interment.

W. L. Dowling.

Waycross, Ga., December 11.—(Special.) W. L. Dowling, age 45, died Sunday evening at a local hospital after an illness of a few days. Mr. Dowling was a native of Pierce county, but has made his home in Waycross for the past fifteen years. He is survived by his widow, a son, John L. Dowling, and three daughters, Mrs. W. J. Carter, of Race Pond, and Mrs. H. R. Highsmith and Mrs. E. D. Harris, of Waycross.

Mrs. J. R. Hicks.

Macon, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. R. Hicks, wife of the sheriff of Bibb county, died this afternoon at her home on Mulberry street, she being a victim of pneumonia following Spanish influenza. She had been ill only two weeks. Before her marriage to Sheriff Hicks a year ago Mrs. Hicks was Mrs. Adele Hamilton. Besides her husband she is survived by her mother, Mrs. Wheat; a son and a sister, who live in Florida. The first Mrs. Hicks died two years ago.

Mrs. William S. Tarver.

Albany, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Mrs. William S. Tarver died suddenly at her home here today. She was apparently in perfect health, and was sitting by a window with some needlework in her lap, when death came. She was one of Albany's universally beloved women. She was the oldest grandchild of Colonel Nelson Tift, founder of Albany. Besides her husband, she leaves two children, C. R. Tarver and Mrs. W. M. Fitch, both of Albany. The funeral will occur here tomorrow afternoon.

Don't get up at night. Drink the Celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money-back offer. Tastes fine, costs a trifle, delivered anywhere by our Atlanta Agents, Coursey & Munn Drug store, Marietta and Broad Sts. Phone them.—(adv.)

HONOLULU

SUVA NEW ZEALAND, AUSTRALIA

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Largest, Newest, Best-Equipped Steamers

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PAYS TRIBUTE TO NAVY

VICE ADMIRAL HENRY T. MAYO

Just before going aboard the flagship, the Pennsylvania, to command the escort on the presidential voyage to Europe, Vice Admiral Henry T. Mayo paid a warm tribute to the American navy for its heroic achievements and voiced the hope that the lesson of the war will find expression in a greater navy. America's sea force has been active through the last year of war side by side with the British navy and has met every test with courage and intelligence, the admiral said. He returned only a short time ago from a three months' inspection tour of all the naval posts and sea fleets abroad, and his word not only carries authority, but is the last to come across the sea from American squadrons and flotillas. The admiral is commanding officer of the Atlantic squadron, and this is his first word to the country since we went to war.

NO REDUCED WAGES FOR NUMBER OF YEARS

Washington, December 11.—No reduction in wages can be expected for a number of years because of the demand for labor will exceed the country's supply, the house rules committee was told today by Secretary of Labor Wilson. He appeared to urge the completion of legislation to provide useful and necessary public work for discharged soldiers and industrial workers.

The secretary thought it would be only for a brief period if at all that the government would have to provide employment, but that the precaution should be taken. He suggested extensive work on highways, rivers and harbors and public buildings under new appropriation bills being framed by house committees, adding:

"The restoration of the industries may not take place as fast as demobilization so a reservoir of opportunities should be created to care for men for a brief period.

"From the time we restore ourselves to our normal post-war production the demand for labor will be so great that there is not a remote chance of reduced wage rates. The manufacturer who does not maintain his force for the short readjustment period will be handicapped."

U. S. CONTROL TO END OVER STEEL INDUSTRY

Washington, December 11.—Government supervision over the steel industry and steel price-fixing will end December 31. The war industries board so announced today after a conference with spokesmen of the industry.

The present prices and the steel industry's proposed reductions in the basic steel product were: Bessemer pig iron $35.20, basic pig iron $33, and foundry pig iron $34, each to be reduced $3 a gross ton. Blooms and large billets now $47.50, to be reduced $4 a gross ton; heavy shapes now $67.20 to be reduced $4 a net ton; sheared and universal plate, $72.80, to be reduced $5 a net ton; merchant bars, now $64.96, to be reduced -4 a net town; black sheets (No. 28), -112 a gross ton, to be reduced $6 a net ton; tin plate, $7.75 a hundred pounds, to be reduced 40 cents a hundred pounds.

Reductions were made in the same proportions which Mr. Gary had intended to recommend in the less important products of the steel mills with the exception of plain and barbed wire and wire nails. It was noted that iron ore was eliminated from the industry's list of new prices.

Mr. Gary explained that the industry believed these prices should be the basis when the government lifted its control.

CONTRACTS ANNULLED FOR WOODEN VESSELS

Washington, December 11.—Cancellation of all outstanding contracts for construction of wooden ships where builders have not spent more than $200,000 on a ship, has been determined upon by the shipping board.

This applies to yards on the Atlantic, gulf and Pacific coasts. Contracts for 160 ships of this type were suspended recently and many of these are affected by the decision, though officals would not attempt today to estimate the number.

The contract cost of wooden vessels averages about $700,000, and it is understood that the board's expert decided that where not more than $200,000 worth of work had been done it would be economy for the government to cancel the contract with provision against loss to the builder.

Although the board approved the wooden ship for emergency purposes, it has been made clear that its policy will be to add as few wooden craft as possible to the permanent merchant marine. Arrangements already are under way for selling a number of wooden, as well as some small steel, vessels.

The gas meters of the houses in New York city are now recorded by cameras, which yield a permanent record of each of the regular readings.

LAWS ARE WANTED FOR AERIAL TRAVEL

New York, December 11.—Creation of a permanent committee to draft laws covering national and international aerial travel was authorized by the board of governors of the Aero Club of America here today.

Declaring there is danger of restrictive laws and even of "absurd" state registration laws, members of the club went on record as favoring federal registration of aircraft and the enactment of laws "which will meet the conditions arising from the general use of large aircraft for the transportation of mail, express and passengers, as well as international air travel.

Negro Baptists Name Delegates to Attend Paris Peace Congress

Nashville, Tenn., December 11.—At a peace conference here today representatives of the colored National Baptist convention named Edward P. Jones, of Evanston, Ill.; Henry A. Boyd, of Nashville, Tenn.; John H. Frank, of Louisville, Ky.; E. R. Carter, of Atlanta; J. W. Hurse, of Kansas City, and C. P. Madison, of Norfolk, Va., as representatives to go to France representing their denomination at the peace conference. Among instructions given to this delegation was that at the conference the colonies of Africa formerly held by Germany and Belgium, be either controlled by the United States or Great Britain, and that religious training be further established among the soldiers left over there.

A quarter of a million dollars was appropriated for religious education and for the furtherance of the theological and training seminary, buildings and grounds, which have already been purchased in this city at a cost of $25,000.

TRANSIT MEN HELD FOR DEADLY WRECK

New York, December 11.—Warrants charging manslaughter in the second degree were issued today by Mayor Hylan, sitting as committing magistrate, against Timothy S. Williams, president of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, four subordinate officials of the company, and Anthony Luciana, motorman of the train wrecked November 1 in a tunnel with the loss of 93 lives and injuries to many other passengers. Issuance of the warrants was the outcome of a "John Doe" inquiry begun by the mayor the day after the wreck, which followed a strike of motormen.

John J. Dempsey, vice president and superintendent of transportation; W. S. Menden, chief engineer and assistant to Williams; J. H. Hallock, president o a subsidiary company operating the line on which the wreck occurred, and Thomas F. Blewitt, a division superintendent, were the other officials accused. Bail for the defendants was fixed at $10,000 each, except in the case of Luciana, who was held in $5,000. Luciana was arraigned today and the others are to appear tomorrow.

The public service commission later issued a statement through Charles Bulkley Hubbell, its chairman, declaring that Mayor Hylan, in attacking the commission, had used his judicial function as a committing magistrate "to further a political purpose and gratify a personal grudge."

Asserting that it was the mayor's duty to hold every person for the grand jury "whom there is a reasonable ground to believe had committed a crime," the commission pointed to the fact that he did not hold any member of the commission and declared he "admitted frankly" that there was no evidence that any member had been guilty of any crime.

U. S. CONTROL SOUGHT OF RADIO STATIONS

Washington, December 11.—Private or amateur wireless stations would be excepted from government control by an amendment to the administration radio-control bill introduced today by Representative Goodall, of Maine, republican. The amendment would require the amateur owners to obtain a license from the navy department and operate only low voltage stations.

Hearings on the bill, which proposes permanent control of all radio communication by directing the president to requisition all stations, will begin tomorrow before the house merchant marine committee with navy department officials testifying in favor of the measure. Opponents of the bill will be heard beginning December 17.

POLES IN U. S. ARMY WANTED IN POLAND

Paris, December 11.—Brigadier-General Pilsudski, Polish minister of war, has requested Marshal Foch to forward the following message to President Wilson:

"In the name of the Polish army, of which I am the head, I have the honor to ask that you kindly consent that the Polish detachment under the American flag be sent to Poland as quickly as possible for incorporation in the Polish army."

An Amsterdam dispatch of Monday quoted the Warsaw correspondent of The Weser Zeitung, of Bremen, to the effect that Polish-American troops had embarked at Havre for Danzig, West Prussia. It was added the troops would have headquarters at Posen and would occupy the provinces of Posen and Silesia.

A spring attached to a book mark that is intended to be fastened to a book makes it operate automatically as pages are turned.

SOUTH AMERICA URGED TO ACTION

To Prevent War Between Chile and Peru—United States Asks All Countries to Join in Request for Settlement.

Washington, December 11.—All South American countries have been asked by the United States to join in the suggestion to Chile and Peru that the interests of pan-American unity demand an amicable settlement of their controversy over the provinces of Tacna and Arica. Acting Secretary Polk of the state department announced this today, explaining that it had been erroneously reported that Argentine alone had been approached on the subject.

Secretary Polk made it clear that the American government was not offering its goods offices to compose the trouble between the two South American republics, but at the same time let it be known that if such good offices were requested they would be extended promptly. This information was conveyed to all the American republics with the suggestion that each make similar representations to both Chile and Peru.

May Be Misinterpretation.

Officials explained that Peru's prompt acceptance of the proffer of "the good offices" of the United States might simply be a misinterpretation of the state department's note.

While the main endeavor now is to end the present strained relations between Chile and Peru, it was said at the department that the occasion may arise for a final settlement of the dispute by the carrying out of the treaty of Ancon, signed in 1883 by the two republics and calling for a plebescite in the dispute in the provinces to determine their disposition.

The American government was represented as being particularly desirous that conditions in the western hemisphere be settled during the meeting of the peace conference at Paris. The Tacna and Arica dispute, it was said, is the only serious disagreement now existing in the western world.

CHILE WOULD LIMIT SCOPE OF MEDIATION.

Buenos Aires, December 11.—The Chilean government has sent a message to the government of Argentina, asking the latter to explain its offer of mediation in the controversy between Peru and Chile. The message inquires whether mediation would be confined to clearing the present crisis, which grew out of the disturbances and Iquique, or whether it would contemplate a settlement of the old question of the provinces of Tacna and Arica.

The Chilean newspapers assert that the government of Chile would accept intervention for the object of settling the Iquique trouble, but would reject it in the Tacna-Arica dispute.

In well-informed circles it is believed that Peru will decline Argentina's offer of mediation if the declination has not already been sent.

In these circles it is declared that the present status of the situation is that Peru has accepted President Wilson's offer of mediation and is inclined to reject that of Argentina, while Chile is disposed to reject the offer of the American president and accept that of Argentina if President Irigoyen assures Chile that the settlement will be confined to the present conflict and that the Tacna-Arica dispute will not be brought up.

ARGENTINA PLEDGED TO REMAIN NEUTRAL.

Santiago, Chile, December 11.—Gonzalo Bulnes, recently Chilean ambassador to Argentina, on a special mission, in an interview with a local newspaper, says that President Irigoyen, of Argentina, promised him that Argentina would remain neutral in the event of a conflict between Chile and Peru.

BROWN RE-ELECTED TO BANK BOARD

Washington, December 11.—Directors of federal reserve banks of the class chosen by the federal reserve board whose terms expire December 31, were re-elected today by the board for a period of three years. All present chairmen, federal reserve agents and deputy chairmen of the reserve banks also were redesignated for the year 1919. This action was based on a desire to prevent disruption of personnel in the reserve system during the readjustment in which reserve banks are expected to play an important part.

Directors re-elected were:

Allen Hollis, Boston Reserve bank; George Foster Peabody, New York bank; Charles C. Harrison, Philadelphia; H. P. Wolfe, Cleveland; Howard Bruce, Richmond; Edward T. Brown, Atlanta; William A. Heath, Chicago; William McC. Martin, St. Louis; William H. Lightner, Minneapolis; R. H. Malone, Kansas City; W. B. Newsom, Dallas, and Walter N. Moore, San Francisco.

Edward T. Brown is one of the best known citizens of Atlanta, having been in the practice of law here for a number of years. He is a member of the firm of Brown, Randolph & Parker, one of the most prominent legal firms in the state. At present Mr. Brown is on a visit to New York city.

GREAT CONFERENCE OF PRESBYTERIANS

Atlantic City, N. J., December 11. A great pan-Presbyterian conference opened here today with delegates present from the Presbyterian church in the United States, the Southern Presbyterian church and the Presbyterian church of Canada, with the object of uniting on a reconstruction program for the Presbyterian church.

At the opening session it was decided to hold three great meetings setting forth what the Presbyterian church has accomplished in the war as a preliminary to the new era movement of reconstruction. One of these meetings will be held in Toronto, another in Philadelphia and the third in some southern city yet to be named.

The proposal has been made that all the churches of the faith unite their energy and their resources generally for the reclamation of church property in the war zone.

DONALD McELROY

Scotch-Irishman

By W. W. CALDWELL

A Thrilling Tale of the Scotch-Irish in America.

Illustrated with colored jacket, $1.35

At Your Bookstore

Geo. W. Jacobs & Co., Publishers, Phila.

SHERIFF GUILTY OF BREAKING LAW FOR BONE DRYNESS

Knoxville, Tenn., December 11.—John L. Callaway, former sheriff of Knox county, was convicted of violating the Tennessee "bone dry" laws Wednesday afternoon by a jury in the Knox county criminal court. The degree of punishment—constituting a misdemeanor—was left to the court.

Immediately following the report of the jurors, counsel for the defendant entered a motion for a new trial. This will be argued before Judge T. A. R. Nelson Saturday morning.

The indictment and conviction grew out of the alleged disappearance of approximately 1,000 gallons of whisky confiscated by the sheriff and his deputies, but more particularly the disappearance of 700 gallons, said to have been in the custody of the courts.

Callaway contended he had destroyed the whisky an accordance yith a court order.

CANADA PLANNING FOR DEMOBILIZATION

Winnipeg, Canada, December 11.—Plans for the demobilization of Canada's 286,304 overseas troops under a system intended to meet economic and industrial conditions have been completed and will be put into operation when withdrawal of the forces is consented to by the high command.

After considering available shipping facilities and rolling stock in Canada, the Imperial Ministry of Shipping and the Canadian war board have concluded that the rate of return caan approximate 20,000 men a month.

Close study of the military and economic phases of demobilization resulted in a decision to first return men whose trade classification showed there was immediate use for them in industry. Preference is to be given married men, the order of their return to be determined by the length of time in overseas service. Then single men will be returned along the same general lines.

Classification of the troops into occupational groups by the military department was deemed advisable to meet the requirements of the labor market in the various districts. To return the men regardless of their occupation in civil life and demands of the labor market in their respective districts would work a hardship upon them as well as upon industry, officials decided.

Latest figures list 286,304 as the number of Canadian troops overseas. An estimate of how these men will be distributed among the various provinces, based on the ratio of enlistment in each province, follows:

Ontario, 121,500; Quebec, 39,500; New Brunswick, 12,500; Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, 15,000; Manitoba, 33,500; Saskatchewan, 18,500; Alberta, 21,500; British Columbia, 25,500.

The problem of bringing back from England the wives and families of Canadian soldiers, estimated at 35,000 persons, has been placed with the department of immigration. They will be returned to Canada as quickly as possible, as the government desires to have the soldier's homes re-established before their arrival.

GERMANS GET USED TO AMERICAN TROOPS

Coblenz, December 11.—The flutter of excitement caused by the arrival of the American troops yesterday having subsided, Coblenz settled down today to taking the occupation of the city as a matter of course.

The store windows of the city are full of toys and Christmas decorations, some of the shops devoting all their show space to suggestions for Christmas and New Year.

Tons of worn German army uniforms have been turned over to the junk dealers of Coblenz, the uniforms having been left in the barracks by discharged soldiers.

Coblenz civilians in general are continuing their courteous attitude towards the occupying forces. In many instances pedestrians are going out of their way to direct the Americans as they seek the location of various buildings about town. As in Treves, the children regard the American automobiles as a great curiosity and assemble in crowds wherever a machine stops, despite the efforts of the Coblenz police to prevent them.

PILOTS MAY STRIKE ON MISSISSIPPI RIVER

New Orleans, December 11.—At a meeting here tonight members of the Masters, Mates and Pilots' association voted to reject the proposals of the owners of tug and ferry boats which were submitted at a conference this afternoon.

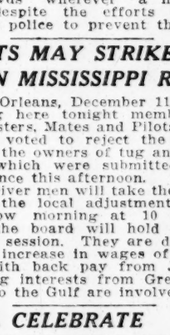
The river men will take their case before the local adjustment board tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock when the board will hold an executive session. They are demanding an increase in wages of 25 per cent with back pay from June 1. Shipping interests from Greenville, Miss., to the Gulf are involved.

WILL CELEBRATE HIS 97TH BIRTHDAY

Franklin Wright, prominent Atlantan, who is well known throughout the state, today will celebrate his 79th birthday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Frank Weldon, 665 Piedmont avenue. He has already received a number of telegrams from his friends all over Georgia.

Among the guests at the celebration today will be Mrs. Andrew B. Martin, wife of the dean of Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn. Mr. Wright is a native Georgian, having been born in Putnam county on December 12, 1821. He is now in perfect health.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT



Helps You to Resist Disease

Two Teaspoonfuls in Hot Water Before Breakfast. Sip Slowly.

With clean digestive tract and active liver, you are prepared to resist practically every disease. JACOBS' LIVER SALT will do it. Two weeks' treatment usually suffices.

At All Druggists

Generous Packages

35c and 75c

Jacobs' Pharmacy Co. Atlanta, Ga.

HAVANA PARALYZED BY GENERAL STRIKE

Havana, December 11.—With more than 24 hours elapsed since the government announced the signing of an agreement between the Cuban Railway company and its striking employees, which should have put an end to the countrywide general sympathetic strike that began Monday at midnight, the strike leaders still assert that they have not received the message or signal agreed between the Havana secret committee directing the movement here and the Camaguey committee.

The tie-up, therefore, continued in full force today, with further additions to the ranks of the strikers and business completely at a standstill. Only a few cafes were open and their meager food supply was soon disposed of. No evening papers appeared today and all plants are closed tonight.

The authorities have issued instructions to all commercial houses and cafes to open their doors to the public tomorrow and street car traffic will be renewed by strike-breakers, guarded by police or soldiers. Food supplies on the docks will also begin to move with the putting to work of a large number of convicts, petition for whose service was made to the warden of the presidio today by the food controller.

The American minister, William Gonzales, denied to the Associated Press tonight the reports that the Washington government had offered to interfere in the strike situation, saying that Cuba had neither asked nor been offered aid by the United States government. He also confirmed the signing of the Camaguey strike agreement yesterday and added:

"Therefore, there is no reason for a continuation of the present strike which was alleged to be in sympathy with the Cuban railway strike movement. It is generally conded," he concluded, "that the hands guiding the movement in Havana are not the hands of laboring men."

INVESTMENT BANKERS PROTEST TAX BILLS

Atlantic City, N. J., December 11. Resolutions protesting against tax law measures pending in congress were adopted by the National Investment Bankers' association at the closing session of its annual convention here today. Western delegates were urged to stop in Washington on their way home and discuss the subject with United States senators and representatives. Reporting for the foreign securities committee, Thomas W. Lamont, of New York, said that next to Great Britain America has taken its place as the greatest creditor nation of the world. "Before the war," he said, "America's indebtedness abroad was approximately $4,000,000,000. Within a year after the war began America began to buy back her foreign securities, and as I figure it today, she repurchased about three-fourths of the total."

The association elected these officers:

President, William G. Baker, Jr.; secretary, Frederick R. Fenton, Chicago; treasurer, H. L. Stuart, Chicago.

PROMINENT NEWNAN CLUB WOMAN IS DEAD

Newnan, Ga., December 11.—(Special.)—Mrs. Isora Burch Hardaway, widow of the late Captain Robert H. Hardaway, died this morning after an illness of five days with pneumonia.

She was one of Newnan's most progressive women and a leader in social and benevolent activities for many years.

She founded the Country club, one of the city's most popular institutions. She also organized a chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution several years ago and filled the office of regent from its organization until her death.

She was 73 years of age and leaves four children: Mrs. Mattie H. Strickland, Mrs. W. C. McBride, Mrs. T. J. Fisher and Mrs. J. H. Powell, all of Newnan.

The funeral will take place Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

OFFICER IS ACCUSED OF MURDERING WOMAN

Washburn, Tenn., December 11.—Deputy Sheriff David Wolfenberger was today held to the grand jury without bail after a hearing before Justices Dalton and Palmer on the charge of murdering Evelyn Brooks near here Sunday night. Sisters of the dead woman testified that Wolfenberger had followed her into the yard and a short while later a scuffle and shot was heard. The officer then came back into the house with a smoking revolver in his hand and stated that the woman had shot herself. The defendant entered a plea of not guilty.

By a chemical process all the wood work used in the rolling stock of London's underground railways is made noninflammable.

CAMPAIGN PLANNED TO "DRY" THE WORLD

Atlantic City, N. J., December 11. The temperance committee of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ of America, of which Governor Milliken, of Maine, is chairman is making preparations for a world-wide prohibition campaign, according to an announcement made here tonight at the meeting of the executive committee of the council.

A committee of survey will probably be named tomorrow to proceed to Europe and organize the various countries there, including Germany for a militant campaign.

Denunciation of the "brutality shown by Germany" in her African colonies was made by Dr. J. Hawkins, of Washington, who said that the peace conference should place the colonies under protectorates.

Moderator J. Wilbur Chapman, of the Presbyterian church, advocated the "churching" of negro settlements and logging camps.

The wartime commission reported that the Protestant churchs of America would take an active part in the government's demobilization program and would help the men return to civil life with the least possible waste and friction.

The report said the churches are to be notified of ways in which they may assist in securing situations for the men and the chaplains and camp pastors will be instructed to influence them strongly to return to their old homes and to their old jobs, unless they are capable of something better.

NEW GOVERNMENT WANTED FOR RUSSIA

Stockholm, December 11.—According to The Dagens Nyheter, the formation of a new Russian government in Stockholm is contemplated. It is asserted that this government will be headed by former Premier Alexander Feodorovich Trepoff, who is said to have recently arrived here.

Prince Vladimir Volkonsky, former assistant minister of the interior; Baron Taube and Senator Jassiadko also are mentioned as members of the new cabinet, which it is declared the entente will support and which temporarily will carry on matters of state in Stockholm while awaiting the fall of the Bolsheviki.

STRAND

11 A. M. to 11 P. M.

Adults 15c; Children 10c.

Starting Today

CHARLES RAY

In a Pippin of a Play

"STRING BEANS"

(Paramount)

Also

A CHRISTIE COMEDY

The Gaumont Weekly—showing the latest news views, both here and with the boys "overseas."

FORSYTH

TODAY

Beautiful Screen Star

ELSIE FERGUSON

In Romantic Play

"UNDER THE GREENWOOD TREE"

—ALSO—

A Sunshine Comedy.

RIALTO

"HOME OF SCREEN SUCCESSES"

DAILY 11 TO 11—ADULTS 15¢ CHILDREN 10¢

TODAY

DAVID W. GRIFFITH'S

Newest Film Masterpiece

"THE GREATEST THING IN LIFE"

With

LILLIAN GISH, Robert Harron

And Other "Hearts of the World" Players.

ATLANTA Theater

TONIGHT FRIDAY & SATURDAY

Matinee Saturday.

THE PLAY WITH A THRILL IN EVERY LINE.

"THE TRAIL OF THE LONESOME PINE"

POPULAR MATINEE SATURDAY

BEST SEATS $1.00.

LOEW'S GRAND

Continuous 1 to 11 P. M.

Vaudeville 3:30—7—9 P. M.

Afternoon 10-15c. Night 10-20-30c

(War Tax included)

Thurs.-Fri.-Sat.

FRESCOTT

Master Mind of Mental Mysticism and His Co-worker, Miss Hope Eden.

5—Big Vaudeville Acts—5

Gladys Brockwell, in "THE STRANGE WOMAN"

B. F. KEITH'S LYRIC

SUPREME VAUDEVILLE

MARIE NORDSTROM

Musical comedy star; Notorious Delphine, and other Keith acts. The best by test.

TAP CRITERION

Today

THOMAS DIXON'S

Masterful Drama

OF FREE LOVE

"The One Woman"

with

Clara Williams Lawson Butt

and

Herchell Mayall

also

A Vitagraph Comedy

SAVOY

Best Features for a Nickel.

TODAY

"Doug" Fairbanks

—IN—

"Manhattan Madness"

FRIDAY

Barbara Castleton

And Irving Cummins in

"The Heart of a Girl"

ALPHA

House of Successful Serials.

TODAY

Wm. S. Hart

—IN—

"The Desert Man"

FRIDAY

"The Giant's Leap." Second Episode of "The Lure of the Circus," with Eddie Polo.

"A Canyon Romance"

"Stars and Stripes"

ADMISSION ALWAYS 5c A COMEDY EVERY DAY

COTTON BREAKS ON CROP REPORT

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	27.75	26.50	25.40	25.65	26.39
March	26.40	26.29	24.35	24.60	25.25
May	25.20	24.45	23.45	23.72	24.37
July	24.30	23.78	22.90	23.10	23.65
Oct.	23.45	21.90	21.00	21.15	21.75

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	26.00	26.02	24.85	25.35	26.07
March	24.64	24.73	23.30	24.09	24.74
May	23.84	24.00	22.65	23.27	23.92
July	23.15	23.16	22.40	22.62	23.15
Oct.	20.95	21.03	20.30	20.40	20.95

Closed steady.

New York, December 11.—The final government crop report of the season, indicating a wield of 11,700,000 bales, excluding linters, was followed by a sharp break in the cotton market here this afternoon. The general list closed steady at a net decline of 20 to 74 points.

The market was very quiet before the report was issued. In fact inexperienced cotton men here said there was probably less business and less show of interest than on any other final government report day for years. The opening was steady at a decline of 9 points to an advance of 20 points, with spring and summer months relatively easy. This resulted from further transferring of hedge or straddle short interest from near to later deliveries. Otherwise, there was little or no feature and the market showed very little change until nearly the time for the government report. Scattering liquidation then developed, which became more active and general as soon as the figures were published. December broke from 27.75, the early high level, to 26.66, and March sold off from 25.25 to 24.35, with active months showing net losses of 90 to 100 points. Trade interests were good buyers at this decline and the close showed rallies of 45 points on December and of 20 to 25 points on later active months, as compared with the lowest.

The private crop estimates published during the past two or three weeks had averaged in the neighborhood of 11,591,000 bales, and the official figures were evidently somewhat above expectations. The selling was attributed chiefly to Wall street and local longs. New Orleans was also a seller here, but otherwise there was little or no pressure from the south.

LOWER PRICES PREVAIL IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New Orleans, December 11.—Lower prices prevailed during the entire session in cotton today, liquidation being against the market prior to the government report at 1 o'clock, while after that time wide breaks occurred because the crop estimate of 11,700,000 bales was larger than expected. In the first few minutes of trading after 1 o'clock prices fell 65 to 80 points; subsequently the crop widened to 85 to 100 points, or a loss of $5 a bale in the weakest months. At the lowest levels, prices were 122 to 144 points under yesterday's close. Toward the end there was a reaction on fresh buying and the profit-taking of early sellers so that last prices showed net declines for the day of only 65 to 74 points.

The opening was lower and liquidation persisted throughout the morning, the trading months losing 36 to 49 points before the bureau reports came in. During the morning session opinion settled down to about 11,500,000 bales as the figures probable in the government report on the yield. The average guess among the members of the exchange was 11,567,000 bales, the lowest of 83 guessts being 10,925,000 and the highest 12,117,000.

The reaction toward the close was due, apparently, to the realization that while the government's estimate of the yield was larger than expected, the indicated crop was not large, compared with the peace needs of the world. Also, bullish traders made much of the fact that the estimate of 11,700,00 bales compared with the average crop for the last five years of 13,327,317.

Spots in New Orleans.

Spot cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales on the spot, 110 bales; to arrive, 357. Low middling, 24.75; middling, 28.50; good middling, 29.50. Receipts, 10,354; stock, 418,345.

COTTON MOVEMENT

ATLANTA COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE:

Good middling, 27.90.
Receipts, 1,622 bales.
Shipments, 1,131 bales.
Sales, 800 bales.
Stocks, 22,894 bales.

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Middling 28.50; receipts 10,354; sales 467; stock 418,345.

Galveston—Middling 29.50; receipts 3,264; exports 9,078; sales 4,197; stock 302,586.

Mobile—Middling 26.00; receipts 1,027; sales 35; stock 27,997.

Savannah—Middling 29.00; receipts 3,571; stock 274,994.

Charleston—Receipts 576; stock 49,374.

Wilmington—Receipts 375; stock 47,706.

Texas City—Stock 9,448.

Norfolk—Middling 26.75; receipts 1,676; sales 676; stock 94,050.

Baltimore—Stock 13,439.

Boston — Middling 29.10; receipts 855; stock 11,700.

Philadelphia—Middling 28.80; stock 10,325.

New York—Middling 28.35; stock 165,869.

Minor Ports—Stock 16,052.

Totals Today—Receipts 21,698; exports 9,078; stock 1,441,885.

Totals for Week—Receipts 102,085; exports 52,706.

Totals for Season—Receipts 2,403,608; exports 1,491,980.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 28.85; receipts 5,178; shipments 7,281; sales 5,692; stock 280,273.

Memphis—Middling 29.00; receipts 7,028; shipments 5,717; sales 600; stock 284,704.

Augusta—Middling 27.19; receipts 1,961; shipments 772; sales 271; stock 148,123.

St. Louis—Middling 29.00; receipts 882; shipments 982; stock 23,545.

Little Rock—Middling 29.00; receipts 721; shipments 1,078; sales 1,078; stock 34,739.

Dallas— Middling 27.85; sales 4,417.

Montgomery—Middling 27.25; sales 44.

Atlanta (semi-weekly)—Sstock 22,894.

Totals Today—Receipts 15,270; shipments 15,830; stock 771,384.

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, December 11.—(Special.)—The United States crop reporting bureau's estimated production of 11,700,000 bales, exclusive of linters, was a little larger than the trade expected. Immediately after the publication there was liquidation of long contracts and some southern selling, which brought about a decline, with closing prices about 60 points lower. Spinners and local trade interests were free buyers on the decline.

J. W. JAY & CO.

New York, December 11.—(Special.)—The government's estimate of the crop was published this afternoon at 2 o'clock and adds larger than the trade had expected. The result was a decline of about a cent a pound, over half of which was recovered before the close. There did not appear to be very much selling from the south, and with the absence of outside pressure the market, which is speculatively long, recovered from the shock of the report and rallied to the close. There was considerable trade demand fixing the price in the near deliveries, particularly December and January, and this demand materially assisted in sustaining the market. We did not find any interest displayed by the trade in the spring months, which brings us face to face again with the real question before the trade. That is not a question of supply, the market had its advance on short supply early in the fall. The question now is, with the war demand removed, at what price for the raw material will the civilian of the world be willing to buy cotton goods ahead and thereby fill up depleted stocks.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, December 11.—Cotton, spot quiet, prices easier; good middling 21.60; middling 20.97; low middling 19.82; good ordinary 18.40; ordinary 17.87. Sales 500 bales, including 400 American; receipts 6,000 bales, including 1,800 American.

Futures closed quiet and steady. December 19.68; January 18.58; February 17.79; March 17.13; April 16.28.

Dry Goods.

New York, December 11.—Cotton goods and yarns were quiet today with prices easier. Dress goods were quiet, although inquiries were more numerous. Raw silk quiet. Light weight burlaps lower.

Government Cotton Estimate For 1918 Is 11,700,000 Bales

Washington, December 11.—With an estimate of 11,700,000 bales, each of 500 pounds gross weight as this year's cotton crop, the department of agriculture's final figures today are 118,000 bales less than forecast from the condition of the crop September 25. This year's crop, however, is larger than any since 1913.

The acreage this year was large, but in August the crop suffered more than in any month in the history of American cotton growing. The production forecast for September showed a falling off of 2,482,000 bales as a result of deterioration during August. The first production forecast of the crop this season, based on June 25 conditions, was 15,325,000 bales.

The value of this year's cotton crop is estimated by the department of agriculture at $1,616,207,000, based on prices paid to farmers on December 1. That is $50,009,000 more than the value of last year's crop.

Washington, December 11.—The total production of cotton in the United States for the season of 1918-19 will amount to 5,525,529,000 pounds, not including linters and equivalent to 11,700,000 bales of 500 pounds gross weight, the department of agriculture today announced in its final report of the season.

Total production last year was 11,302,375 bales.

Production of sea island cotton is estimated at 48,000 bales, compared with 92,619 bales last year, and of American Egyptian cotton, produced in Arizona and California, 38,000 running bales.

The average weight per running bale is estimated at 505.8 pounds gross, compared with 502.4 pounds last year.

The price per pound of lint cotton to producers December 1 was 27.6 cents, compared with 27.7 cents a year ago.

The estimated production by states in bales of 500 pounds gross weight follows:

Virginia	26,000
North Carolina	870,000
South Carolina	1,500,000
Georgia	2,100,000
Florida	25,000
Alabama	820,000
Mississippi	1,210,000
Louisiana	525,000
Texas	2,580,000
Arkansas	935,000
Tennessee	330,000
Missouri	70,000
Oklahoma	550,000
California	100,000
Arizona	51,000
All other states	8,000

Production of sea island by states follows:

Florida	18,000
Georgia	22,000
South Carolina	8,000

ADVANCE IN CORN ON THE ASSUMPTION OF REDUCED YIELD

Chicago, December 11.—Corn advanced in value today on the correct assumption that a cut might be made in the government estimate of the 1918 yield. The market closed firm, ¾ to ¾ net higher, with January $1.31⅞ to $1.32 and May $1.30⅝ to $1.30½.

Oats finished ⅛c off to ⅜c up, and provisions varied from 12c decline to a rise of 15c.

Although the government crop report did not become public until after trading hours, the fact was well understood beforehand that the revised figures from Washington in regard to corn production this season were likely to show a decided shrinkage as compared with preliminary estimates. The consequnce was something of a bulge all around in prices. Earlier in the day free buying of January delivery for a leading elevator company was a notable feature, but the bullish effect on the market as a whole was partly counterbalanced, owing to persistent selling of May on the part of commission houses with country connections.

Oats held within narrow limits.

Expected resumption of hog shipments to Chicago tomorrow largely offset in the provision market the influence of the immense movement of meats and lard to the seaboard.

Chicago Quotations.

The following were the ruling prices on the exchange Wednesday:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
CORN—					
Dec.	1.34½	1.34½	1.34	1.34½	1.34
Jan.	1.31⅛	1.32⅜	1.30⅝	1.32	1.31⅝
Feb.	1.29⅝	1.31	1.29¼	1.30½	1.30
March	1.29⅝	1.31	1.29¼	1.30⅝	1.30⅛
OATS—					
Dec.	....	....	73½	73	73⅛ 73¼
Jan.	72¾	72⅞	72½	72⅝	72⅝
Feb.	72½	72½	72⅛	72½	72⅝
March	72	72½	72	72⅜	72⅝
PORK—					
Jan.	48.80	48.95	48.75	48.75	48.75
May	45.00	45.10	45.10	45.00	44.85
LARD—					
Dec.	....	....	....	....	26.44 26.40
Jan.	26.42	26.45	26.35	26.35	26.45
May	25.80	25.85	25.75	25.77	25.75
RIBS—					
Jan.	25.90	25.90	25.75	25.75	25.87
May	25.05	25.05	24.87	24.90	24.95

Receipts in Chicago.

	Wednesday.
Wheat	461 cars
Corn	436 cars
Oats	171 cars
Hogs	30,000 head

Cash Grain.

Chicago, December 11.—Corn: No. 2 yellow $1.45@1.50; No. 3 yellow $1.46; No. 4 yellow $1.35@1.39.

Oats—No. 3 white 73@73¼c; standard 73¾@74c.

Rye—No. 2, $1.62½.

Barley 90c@$1.05; timothy $8.00@11.00; clover nominal.

St. Louis, December 11.—Corn steady; No. 5, $1.33.

Oats—Steady; No. 2, 74½c; No. 3 white 75c.

Kansas City, December 11.—Corn, steady; No. 2 mixed, $1.48@1.49; No. 2 white, $1.49@1.51; No. 2 yellow, $1.49@1.51.

Oats, steady to ½c higher; No. 2 white, 72; No. 2 mixed, 71@72.

Provisions.

Chicago, December 11.—Cash:
Pork, nominal.
Lard, $25.35.
Ribs, nominal.

Commodities in New York.

New York, December 11.—Flour, quiet and unchanged.

Pork, firm; mess, $48.50@49.00.

Lard, firm; middle west spot, $26.65@26.75.

Sugar, raw, firm; centrifugal, 96-test, 7.28; refined, firm; cut loaf, 10.50; crushed, 10.25; powdered, 9.15; granulated, 9.00.

Coffee, Rio No. 7, on spot, 15.25.

Hay, steady; No. 1, $1.80@1.90; No. 3, $1.45@1.60; clover, $1.45@1.80.

WHOLESALE COST PRICE FRUITS AND PRODUCE

The following quotations represent prices at which the bulk of good stock was selling early this morning. Prices are on the basis of goods in the original package sold by the wholesale dealers to retailers. Some fancy stock is bringing higher prices, and produce in poor condition is selling lower. You must bear in mind that some sales are made f. o. b. store for cash, others represent credit and delivered prices, hence the range.

Compiled by Atlanta Market News Office of the U. S. Bureau of Markets; F. H. Bottenfield, acting in charge:

White Potatoes—Minnesota and Wisconsin Round Whites, sacked, per cwt., $2.85@3.00.

Apples (barrels)—Virginia Yorks No. 1, $7.00, Ben Davis No. 1, $6.00; Maryland Winesaps, A grade $8.00@8.50, B grade $6.00; New York Baldwins, B grade $7.00. Boxes: Winesaps, fancy and extra fancy $3.00@3.25; Yellow Newtons, XF $3.25; Romes, XF $3.00.

Onions—Northern Red and Yellow Globes, 100-lb. sacks, $2.50@2.75.

Cabbage—New York Danish, crated, $3.00 per cwt.

Sweet Potatoes—Georgia Porto Ricans, sacked, per cwt. $2.50@3.00.

String Beans—Florida, ⅞-bushel hampers $2.25@2.75.

Oranges—Florida, $4.25@5.00 per box.

Grapefruit—Florida, $3.00@3.50 per box.

Lemons—California, $7.00@8.00 per box.

Tangerines—Florida, fancy wrapped $7.50 per box; small sizes $7.00.

Celtuce—Louisiana, barrels 8 dozen heads Big Boston $7.00@7.50.

Beets—Louisiana, 90c per dozen bunches.

Carrots—Louisiana, 75c per dozen bunches.

Rutabagas—Canadian, sacked, per cwt. $2.25@2.50.

Squash — Florida, yellow crook-necked $2.50 per crate.

Tomatoes—Florida, 6-basket crates $4.00 @4.50.

F. H. BOTTENFIELD,
Acting in Charge.

Country Produce.

New York, December 11.—Butter easy; receipts 4,191; creamery higher than extras 69½@70; creamery extras (92 score) 69; firsts 63@68; packing stock, current make No. 2, 41@41½.

Eggs irregular; receipts 5,219. Fresh gathered extras 75@76; fresh gathered regular packed extra firsts 73¾74; do. firsts 71@72.

Cheese strong; receipts 1,601. State fresh specials 37½; do. average run 36¼.

Live poultry firm; chickens 24@26; turkeys 25; others unchanged. Dressed quiet; prices unchanged.

Chicago, December 11.—Butter firm; creamery 54@67½.

Eggs lower; receipts 1,360 cases; firsts 63@64; ordinary firsts 54@58; at mark, cases included, 60@63.

Potatoes lower; receipts 25 cars; sacks $1.80@1.85; do. bulk $1.70@1.75.

St. Louis, December 11.—Poultry, hens 21; springs 20; turkeys 29; ducks 24; geese 20.

Rice.

New Orleans, December 11.—Rough rice sales: 24 sacks Japan at $7.00; 325 blue rose $6.75@7.25. Receipts 118; millers 118.

Clean rice sales: 1,506 pockets Honduras at 5⅝@6⅛; 617 Japan 5¼@5⅝; 87 blue rose 5¼@5¾. Receipts 2,442.

Metals.

New York, December 11.—Metal exchange quotes lead unchanged: spot, 7.05; spelter, easy; East St. Louis delivery spot offered at 8.30.

TWELVE BILLION IS TOTAL VALUE PRINCIPAL CROPS

Washington, December 11.—With a total value of $12,272,412,000 the nation's principal farm crops this year were worth more, based on prices paid to farmers December 1 than in any year in the history of American agriculture. December crop estimates today of the department of agriculture showed that this year's total exceeds that of the former record year 1917 by $614,380,000. There also was a marked increase in acreage, the 355,895,722 total exceeding that of last year by 10,700,000 acres.

These crop figures were looked upon with satisfaction by officials as showing that the nation will be in even a better position to fulfill its pledge of twenty million tons of foodstuffs to Europe next year than had been expected.

Most of the crops are larger than the five-year average and some of them established records, particularly spring wheat, barley, rye and tobacco. Corn, however, fell below the five-year average. Today's estimates placed the crop at 166,384,000 bushels less than forecast in November, with a total of 2,582,814,000 bushels. That is almost half a billion bushels less than last year's record crop.

The wheat crop is larger than the five-year average, and almost 300,000,000 bushels larger than last year's crop, but it is more than 100,000,000 bushels smaller than the record crop of 1915.

Almost all of the crops were worth more this year than in any previous year, because of the high prices paid to producers. Corn's value was more than three and one-half billion dollars, wheat almost two billions, hay and cotton more than a billion and one-half and oats more than a billion.

Winter wheat, 598,449,000 bushels.
Spring wheat, 358,651,000.
Oats, 1,538,359,000.
Barley, 256,375,000.
Rye, 89,103,000.
Buckwheat, 17,182,600.
Flaxseed, 14,657,000.
Rice, 40,424,000.
White potatoes, 397,676,000.
Sweet potatoes, 86,334,000.
Hay (tame), 75,469,000 tons.
Hay (wild), 14,274,000.
Tobacco, 1,340,019,000 pounds.
Sugar beets, 5,822,600 tons.
Beet sugar, 1,480,200,000 pounds.
Maple sugar and syrup (as sugar), 53,512,500 pounds.
Sugar beet seed, 6,384,000 pounds.
Sorghum syrup, 29,224,900 pounds.
Beans (six states), 17,733,000 bushels.
Peanuts, 53,497,000.
Kafirs (six states), 66,396,000.
Broom corn (five states), 58,000 tons.
Onions (fourteen states), 13,438,200 bushels.
Cabbage (nine states), 565,200 tons.
Hops (four states), 20,193,000 pounds.
Cranberries (three states), 350,100 barrels.
Apples (total), 178,632,000 bushels.
Apples (commercial), 25,404,000 barrels.
Peaches, 40,185,000 bushels.
Pears, 10,342,000 bushels.
Oranges (two states), 19,587,000 boxes.

The value of the various crops, based on December 1 prices to producers, follows (figures in thousands, i. e., 000's omitted):

Corn, $3,528,313; winter wheat, $1,154,200; spring wheat, $720,423; all wheat, $1,874,623; oats, $1,092,423; barley $235,269; rye, $134,947; buckwheat $28,585; flax seed, $49,870; rice, $77,474; potatoes, $475,731; sweet potatoes, $116,867; hay (tame), $1,122,473; hay (wild), $221,185; tobacco, $374,318; cotton, $1,616,207; sugar beets, $58,341; maple sugar and syrup (as sugar), $12,074 sorghum syrup, $28,017; beans, $93,639; peanuts, $91,522; kaffirs, $99,848; broom corn, $13,598; onions, $16,268; cabbage, $14,818; hops, $3,958; cranberries, $3,794; apples (total), $229,990; apples (commercial), $98,824; peaches, $66,587; pears, $14,200; oranges, $12,723.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

(Price fixed by the Government.)

Crude oil, prime basis	17½
Cottonseed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	55.00
Cottonseed meal, 7 per cent Georgia common point rate	55.00
Cottonseed hulls, loose	16.00
Linters, clean mill run	4.67

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, December 11.—Cotton seed oil was dull with prices nominal. Prime crude, 17.50.

COFFEE AND SUGAR EXCHANGES TO OPEN

New York, December 11.—The New York coffee and sugar exchange, which was closed to trading in coffee futures October 18 by the food administration, will be reopened for that purpose December 26.

The board of governors decided late today that fluctuations would be limited to 150 points daily, while operations will be in deiveries for May and later dates only.

The food administration announced some time ago that as a result of improved conditions in the coffee supply the exchange might be reopened, but the governors had deferred action hitherto owing to the objections of some members to restrictions on profits and stocks retained in the federal regulations.

Sugar.

New York, December 11.—The market for raw sugar was steady and unchanged at 7.28 for centrifugal to the refiner. The weather in Cuba was reported as fine with 14 centrals now grinding. 9 having started up within the past week. Receipts of sugar at Atlantic ports were smaller than last week, aggregating 7,502 tons, against 13,905 the previous week. Meltings were 24,000, against 36,000 with the stock 19,934, against 36,432 last week. The committee reported purchases of 2,404 bags of Porto Rico old crop sugars afloat. In refined some delay is being experienced on account of the lack of raw sugars. Business was moderate and prices were unchanged at 9 cents for fine granulated.

Coffee.

New York, December 11.—Reports that there would be a meeting of the board of managers of the coffee and sugar exchange after the usual closing hour today led to rumors that the matter of reopening the futures market was to be rediscussed and that a decision would probably be reached one way or the other. No change was reported in the local spot situation. Cost and freight offers were rather more numerous with indications that Brazil was more anxious to make sales.

Offers of Santos bourbons threes and fours were reported at 21 cents, American credits. The official cables reported an advance of 25 reis. The Santos spot market was unchanged and futures 25 to 50 reis lower. Brazilian port receipts, 40,000; Jundiahy receipts, 21,000.

Live Stock.

Chicago, December 11.—Hogs: Receipts 13,000. Market mostly 10c higher, closing weak with part of advance lost. Butchers $17.50@17.75; light $17.00@17.50; packing $16.60@17.40; throw-outs $16.00@16.50; pigs, good to choice, $14.25@15.50.

Cattle—Receipts 14,000. Good beef steers, canners and calves strong to higher; other classes steady; one load of extra fine Christmas beeves $20.50—a new record. Beef cattle, choice, $15.00@19.50; prime $9.25@$15.00; common and medium $9.15@14.90; butchers stocks, cows and heifers $6.50@13.50; canners and cutters $5.85@6.50; stockers and feeders, good, choice and fancy $9.00@13.50; inferior, common and medium $7.00@9.50; veal calves, good and choice $17.00@17.50; western range beef steers $14.00@17.50; cows and heifers $7.75@12.25.

Sheep—Receipts 15,000; market steady. Lambs, choice and prime $15.60@15.85; medium and good $14.25@15.60; culls $10.00@12.50; ewes, choice and prime $9.50@10.00; medium and good $8.00@9.50; culls $4.00@6.75.

Kansas City, Mo., December 11.—Hogs: Receipts 33,000. Lower. Bulk $17.00@17.35; heavy $16.85@17.40; packers and butchers $17.00@17.45; lights $16.75@17.30; pigs $12.00@14.00.

Cattle—Receipts 13,000; steady. Prime fed steers $18.00@20.00; dressed beef steers $13.00@18.00; southern steers $6.00@12.00; cows $5.50@12.50; heifers $7.00@13.50; stockers and feeders $6.50@14.25; bulls $6.50@13.50; calves $6.00@13.50.

Liberty Bonds.

New York, December 11.—Final prices on Liberty Bonds were:

3½s	97.50
First convertible 4s	93.50
Second 4s	96.20
First convertible 4¼s	97.06
Second convertible 4¼s	95.84
Third 4¼s	95.96
Fourth 4¼s	96.94

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s registered, bid	98
do. coupon, bid	98
U. S. 3s registered, bid	83
do. coupon, bid	83
U. S. 4s registered	106¼
do. coupon, bid	106
American Tel. & Tel. clt. 5s	95¼
Anglo-French 5s	96 5-16
Atchison gen. 4s	80⅝
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s, bid	87
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s	85¼
Central of Georgia Consol. 5s	93½
Central Leather 5s	96½
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 5s	88
Chicago, B. & Quincy joint 4s	95½
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul cv. 4½s	82
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry. ref. 4s	55½
Colorado & Southern ref. 4½s, bid	79⅝
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s, bid	59½
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931), bid	97⅛
Erie gen. 4s	59
French Government 5½s	103¾
Illinois Central ref. 4s	64¾
Int. Mer. Marine 6s	101½
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s	86
Liggett & Myers 5s, bid	93½
Louisville & Nashville un. 4s	89
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s, bid	68½
Missouri Pacific gen. 4s	64¼
New York Central deb. 6s	100¾
Norfolk & Western Consol. 4s	88⅝
Northern Pacific 4s	88
Pennsylvania Consol. 4½s, bid	98
do. gen. 4½s	93
Reading gen. 4s, bid	88
Republic Iron & Steel 5s (1940), bid	94
St. Louis & San Fran. adj. 6s	72½
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	35
Southern Bell Telephone 5s	95½
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	103½
Southern Railway 5s, bid	95½
do. gen. 4s	69⅝
Texas Company cv. 6s, bid	101
Texas & Pacific 1st	90
Union Pacific 4s	80⅞
U. S. Steel 5s	100
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s	96
Wabash 1sts	96

Stocks in New York.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	65	63½	63½	64¼
Am. Can	48	46¼	46¾	46⅝
Am. Car & Foundry	91¼	89½	90¾	89
Am. Locomotive	66¼	64¼	66½	65⅜
Am. Linseed	47¾	44¼	44¾	44½
Am. Smelt. & Refin.	86⅞	85¼	85¼	85⅝
Am. Sugar	113	111¾	112¾	112⅝
Am. Tel. & Tel.	103¼	102¾	103¼	103¼
Am. Tobacco	198¼	197	197	198
Anaconda Copper	67⅞	66⅞	67	67⅝
Atchison	95	94⅝	94⅝	95
Atlantic Coast Line	103	105	105	106
Atl. Gulf & W. I.	112⅝	111	111	111⅝
Baldwin Locomotive	78½	76¼	76¾	78
Baltimore & Ohio	55½	55¼	55⅝	55⅝
Bethlehem Steel "B"	69	67¼	67¼	68⅝
Canadian Pacific	161¼	160½	160½	161½
Central Leather	64¼	63	63	64
Chesapeake & Ohio	58¼	58	58¼	58¼
Chi., Mil., & St. P.	47½	47	47⅛	47⅜
Chi., R. I. & Pacific	28	27½	27½	28
Chino Copper	55¾	55¼	55½	55⅝
Colo. Fuel & Iron	416	41¾	41½	41
Corn Products	48¾	47⅛	47¼	48¼
Crucible Steel	60⅞	58½	58⅞	60⅜
Cuba Cane Sugar	31⅝	31¼	31¼	31½
Erie	19⅝	19¼	19⅜	19½
General Electric	152	152	152	151½
Generol Motors	129½	127	127	128
Great Northern pfd.	98½	98¼	98½	98⅝
Great Northern Ore ctfs.	32⅜	31½	31⅝	32⅛
Gulf States Steel	68	68	68	68
Illinois Central	99	98¾	98¾	99
Inspiration Copper	49¼	48¼	48¾	48⅞
Int. Mer. Marine	27	26⅝	26⅞	27
do. pfd.	114⅝	112½	114	113⅞
International Paper	33¼	31⅝	32½	31⅝
Kennecott Copper	36⅛	35⅜	35⅝	36
L. & N.	121⅞	121⅜	121⅞	121½
Maxwell Motors	30	27¼	27¼	30¼
Mexican Petroleum	169	159⅝	165½	161¼
Miami Copper	25⅜	25⅛	25	25
Midvale Steel	47	45½	45⅝	46½
Missouri Pacific	28⅝	27⅞	27⅞	28⅜
New York Central	79	78⅜	78½	79⅜
Norfolk & Western	107½	107½	107½	107¼
Northern Pacific	97	96⅝	96⅝	97
Ohio Cities Gas	44	43½	43¾	44
Pennsylvania	47¼	46⅞	47	47
Pittsburg Coal	47⅝	47½	47½	48
Ray Consol. Copper	22⅜	22½	22½	22⅜
Reading	86	85	85⅞	85¼
Rep. Iron & Steel	78¼	77	77¼	78
do. pfd.	....	....	....	97⅜ 101¼
Sinclair Oil & Refin.	34⅝	34	34	34¼
Sloss-Shef. S. & I.	50	49	50	49
Southern Pacific	103⅜	102⅜	102⅜	103⅝
Southern Railway	32⅝	31⅞	31⅞	32¼
do. pfd.	70	70	70	70
Tennessee Copper	....	....	....	14½ 15
Texas Co.	191⅝	188⅝	189½	188½
Tobacco Products	82⅜	81	81	81⅝
Union Pacific	131⅞	131	131	131⅝
United Cigar Stores	108	106½	106½	108
United Fruit	154	153	153	153½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	103⅝	102⅜	103⅜	104
U. S. Rubber	76⅜	75¼	75¼	74⅝
U. S. Steel	99⅝	98⅛	98⅛	99¼
do. pfd.	113⅜	113⅛	113⅛	113
Utah Copper	80⅜	79⅝	79⅝	80⅛
Va.-Caro. Chemical	54½	54⅛	54⅛	54¼
Wabash pfd. "A"	38⅝	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝
Western Union	88	89	89	87½
Westinghouse Elec.	44½	43⅞	44	44¼
Willys-Overland	26⅞	26¼	26⅝	27

Total sales, 538,200 shares.

Money Market.

New York, December 11.—Mercantile paper 6. Sterling sixty-day bills 4.73½; commercial sixty-day bills on banks 4.72⅜; commercial sixty-day bills 4.72½; demand 4.7565; cables 4.7645. Time loans strong; sixty days, ninety days and six months, 6 bid.

Francs, demand, 5.45⅝; cables, 5.45. Guilders, demand, 42¼; cables, 31½. Lire, demand, 6.36; cables, 6.35. Rubles, demand, 13½; cables, 14, nominal. Mexican dollars, 77½. Government bonds easy; railroad bonds easy.

Atlanta Bank Clearings.

Bank clearings Wednesday	$10,801,073.89
Same day last year	11,201,180.87
Decrease	$ 400,115.98

In the World of Sports

By DICK JEMISON.

JAKE ABEL LOSES IN LONDON RING

In One of Bouts of Inter-Allied Boxing Tournament Atlantan Beaten. Pal Moore Is Winner.

London, December 11.—An inter-allied boxing tournament in which men from the British and American forces participated, was held here today. In the bantamweight class, Jimmy Wilde, the British "fly-weight" champion, representing the British army, won from Joe Lynch, of the American army. In the light-weight class J. Miller, British army, defeated A. B. Mitchell, United States navy, while in the welter-weight class A. Wilkinson, British army, won from Jake Abel, U. S. army.

Groves, of the British army, defeated Callender, of the American navy, on points in a fly-weight contest. In another fly-weight bout Joe Percival, British army, knocked out Sims, of Canada, in the second round.

In the light heavyweight division H. C. Grebb, American navy, beat Baker, of South Africa, while Joe Beckett, British army, heavyweight, won from Joe Cox, American navy, the decision in both cases being awarded on points.

Pal Moore, American navy, was awarded the decision on points over Pattern, British navy, in a bantamweight bout.

The contests were held in the Royal Albert hall, and the tournament was the largest ever staged there. The United States, England, Canada, New Zealand and South Africa were all represented in the bouts at the eight championship weights. The men fought in teams and the trophy for the winning team is a silver shield, the gift of King George. The competition is to be conducted on the elimination principle and the final bout will take place Thursday night. It is expected that King George will then be present and personally hand the trophy to the winning team.

Admiral Beatty, commander-in-chief of the Grand fleet, was present today and received a great ovation.

The bout between Seaman Mitchell, U. S. N., and Sergeant Instructor Miller, was an exciting one. Miller was on the offensive all the time and though in the third round Mitchell floored him, Miller gained the verdict on points.

In the heavyweight contest between Beckett and Cox the Englishman had all the better of the fighting, Cox being slow and apparently not in the best of condition. Cox landed one or two heavy blows on Beckett in the third round, but the representative of the royal air force gained a well-deserved victory on points.

Jimmy Wilde was at a disadvantage in height, reach and weight in his contest with Joe Lynch, but nevertheless the Briton was awarded the decision on points.

AMERICAN LEAGUE IN SESSION TODAY

Players Who Jumped to Shipyards May Be Barred — Radical Retrenchment Favored.

Chicago, December 11.—Baseball players of the American league who deserted their clubs last season for positions in shipyards would be barred from playing in the league if a resolution to be introduced at the annual meeting of the league tomorrow should be adopted. President Ban Johnson tonight said that a discussion had been prepared for submission to the meeting, but he withheld the name of the club owner who drew it.

Radical retrenchment will be the policy adopted for the 1919 season. President Johnson said that while the club owners did not favor reducing the present player limit of twenty-five, they would not carry any more players than absolutely necessary in the road trips and that the club trainers probably will be left at home.

The American league executive favors a joint committee meeting with a committee from the National league to consider the problems confronting the future of baseball, as proposed by President Heydler, of the National league, today. He preferred committees of three or four members to a joint meeting of the two leagues.

The length of the 1919 schedule and the date for opening the season will be among the important questions to be considered tomorrow. While President Johnson himself favors a 140-game schedule, the usual program of 154 games probably will be adopted. Definite action probably will not be taken until after the proposed joint meeting with the National league.

Replying to the statement of John H. Farrell, secretary of the National Association of Minor leagues, that he had "no authority" to negotiate with the National Baseball commission for the minor leagues, President A. R. Tearney, of the Three I. league, said tonight that he was appointed chairman of the committee at the annual meeting of the minor leagues in Peoria, Ill., at which Farrell presided.

WOMAN IS FINED FOR HAVING WHISKY

In DeKalb superior court Wednesday, Mrs. Julia Demeana, an Atlanta woman, who formerly resorted to her country place in DeKalb, known as

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The arrival and departure of passenger trains. Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information, and are not guaranteed.

CONSOLIDATED CITY TICKET OFFICE.
74 Peachtree Street. Phones, Ivy 2726; Atlanta 142.

Atlanta Terminal Station.

* Daily except Sunday. s Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Arrive From—		Leave For—
6:05 am	Waycross and Thomasville	7:15 am
5:35 pm	Waycross and Thomasville	10:30 pm

Sleeping cars on night trains between Atlanta, Thomasville and Waycross.

Atlanta and West Point.

Arrive From—		Leave For—	
42 West Pt.	8:40 am	35 New York	6:00 am
18 Columbus	10:55 am	33 Montgom'y	8:05 am
38 New Orl'ns	11:50 am	39 New Orl'ns	2:10 pm
40 New Orl'ns	2:40 pm	17 Columbus	4:05 pm
34 Montg'ry	7:15 pm	37 New Orl'ns	6:50 pm
36 New Orl'ns	12:40 am	41 West Point	5:40 pm

Central of Georgia Railroad.

Arrive From—		Leave For—	
Savannah	7:00 am	Jacksonville	12:15 am
Thomasville	5:46 am	Savannah	7:50 am
Albany	5:40 am	Albany	7:50 am
Jacksonville	5:40 am	Macon	12:30 pm
Montgomery	5:40 am	Macon	4:00 pm
Macon	7:00 am	Jacksonville	9:10 pm
Jacksonville	8:15 am	Valdosta	9:45 pm
Macon	11:30 am	Savannah	9:45 pm
Macon	2:30 pm	Thomasville	11:00 pm
Savannah	4:20 pm	Montgomery	11:00 pm
Albany	8:40 pm	Albany	11:00 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.
(The Southland.)

Effective October 20—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville, Chicago and Northwest	6:00 am	11:55 pm

SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINES

Arrives From—	Leaves For—	Arrives From—	Leaves For—
1:10a Cincinnati	3:55a	——— Charlotte	6:30 a
5:35a Jaxville	11:55p	12:30p Birm'ham	5:15p
5:40a New York	1:00a	9:25a Cincinnati	6:25p
5:35a Jaxville	1:30a	4:40p Charlotte	6:30a
7:45a Charlotte	10:40p	6:10p Jaxville	9:45a
7:45a Shrevep't	10:20p	6:15p Wash'tn	11:40a
8:10a Tocoa	4:45p	——— Richmond	11:40a
11:10a Chat'nooga	3:30p	6:30p Wash't'n	12:20p
11:10a Macon	5:00p	8:15p Brunswick	7:50a
11:15a Ft. Valley	4:55p	9:10p Chat'nooga	6:25a
11:20a Columbus	4:45p	9:00p Greenville	12:55p
11:40a Memphis	———	9:25p Columbus	7:20 a
		11:25p Kans City	5:50a

Following Southern Railroad trains arrive and depart from Peachtree Station and do not enter Terminal Station:

Arrives From—	Departs For—	Arrives From—	Departs For—
1:10p Wash't'n	3:00p	3:00p B'ham	1:15p
1:10p Richmond	———	3:00p Memphis	1:15p

Seaboard Air Line Railroad.

Arrive From—		Leave For—	
New York		Birmingham	8:10 am
Washington	8:00 am	Monroe, N. C.	6:10 am
Richmond		Richmond	
Norfolk		Norfolk	12:15 pm
Abbeville, S. C	8:50 am	Washington	
Birmingham	11:59 am	New York	
Piedmont, Ala.	10:00 am	Piedmont, Ala.	3:50 pm
New York		Abbeville, S. C.	4:00 pm
Washington	5:00 pm	Birmingham	5:10 pm
Richmond		Richmond	
Norfolk		Norfolk	8:25 pm
Birmingham	8:15 pm	Washington	
Monroe, N. C.	9:00 pm	New York	

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
(Dixie Flyer.)

No. 94		No. 95
8:35 am Lv.	Atlanta	Ar. 8:45 pm
11:51 am Lv.	Dalton	Lv. 5:25 pm
1:00 pm Ar.	Chattanooga	Lv. 4:20 pm

Union Passenger Station.

Georgia Railroad.
* Daily except Sunday.

No. Arrive From—		No. Leave For—	
3 Charleston	7:50 am	2 Augusta and East	6:00 am
3 Wilmington	7:50 am		
*13 Monroe	7:50 am	6 Augusta	11:45 am
1 Augusta	1:55 pm	8 Augusta	3:25 pm
5 Augusta and East	6:10 pm	*14 Monroe	6:10 pm
		4 Charleston	7:30 pm
7 New York & Augusta	8:25 pm	4 Wilmington	7:30 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective October 20—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and Louisville	4:00 pm	12:30 pm
Knoxville via Blue Ridge	7:20 am	5:10 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	4:00 pm	12:30 pm
Blue Ridge accommodation	3:40 pm	10:35 am

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Leave For—	
5 Nashville	8:00 am	2 Nashville	7:30 am
5 Chattanooga and Rome	10:30 am	6 Rome and Chattanooga	5:10 pm
1 Nashville	7:15 pm	4 Nashville	8:30 pm

TAXICABS

BELLE ISLE—TAXICABS
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE ST. IVY 5190

HELP WANTED—Male

CHIEF ENGINEER FOR HOTEL PLANT. MUST UNDERSTAND REFRIGERATION. 1018 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

WANTED—A good butler. 765 Peachtree street.

HELP WANTED—Female

EXPERIENCED white nurse for infant. 1210 Piedmont avenue.

WANTED—Young lady elevator operator. Apply Mr. Clarke, Atlanta Constitution.

WANTED—Competent white lady caterer to take charge of kitchen at once; state past experience and salary desired; references required. The Cricket Tea Room, Columbus, Ga.

WANTED—Names women, 18 or over, wishing become government railway mail clerks. $1,100 first year. F-44, Constitution.

WANTED—At once, a good, reliable woman to cook for a family of 3 adults in Peachtree home. Address P. O. Box 691.

PEACE work at war pay guaranteed for three years. Knit urgently needed socks for us on the fast, simple Auto-Knitter. Full particulars today, 3c stamp. Auto-Knitter Co., Dept. 500, 821 Jefferson, Buffalo, New York.

COLORED woman to clean up office. Apply Southern Photo Material Co., 72 North Broad street.

SALESLADY for kodak department; experience in our line not necessary, but applicant must have some sales experience. Permanent position with excellent future. Apply Southern Photo Material Co., 72 North Broad street.

WANTED—A nurse (colored). Apply 45 W. Thirteenth street. Hemlock 805.

TWO EXPERIENCED HOTEL PANTRY WOMEN. 1018 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

WANTED—Combination soda water and grocery clerk; lady preferred. Main 2248-J.

A RELIABLE maid for general housework; must have references. Ivy 2302. 23 East Merritts. Apartment 1.

WANTED—Several good, strong, middle-aged white women, of good character, for maid's work; good pay. Call Matron, I. 861.

Help Wanted--Male, Female

IMMEDIATELY—Expert stenographer for temporary work, $5 per day. Bellamy Business Agency 1226 Candler bldg.

Salesmen and Solicitors

WANTED—"Live ones" to learn our new and improved system of vulcanizing.

ANDERSON MACHINE, LOWEST COST, CHEAPEST TO OPERATE, BIG PROFITS, NO COMPETITION.

Demonstration shop and school soon to be opened in Atlanta. Manager to announce his arrival. Until then address

Anderson Seam Vulcanizer Co., S-565 Constitution.

WANTED—Best road men; product with merit to property owners; others making $800 to $1,500 per month; you can do the same in Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina. Write M. A. Sexton, 233 Peachtree Arcade, Atlanta, Ga., for appointment in your state, or see him in Atlanta.

WANTED—Southern distributor auto appliances; also state and county; investment depending on man and territory. Address S-589, Constitution.

WANTED—Two salesmen to travel Georgia and Florida; experience not necessary, but must be willing to work and able to furnish good references and ready to leave the city at once. Call from 10:30 to 2:30, room 305 Kimball house.

TEACHERS

ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY, Healey Bldg., Atlanta, constantly placing teachers.

HAVE vacancies to fill. South Atlantic Teachers' Agency, 306 Walton bldg.

AGENTS

COMPLETE HISTORY of world war. Large book. Low price. Big profit. Enormous sale. Outfit only 25 cents. Harvest for hustlers. Southern Map Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WORLD WAR HISTORY—By Francis A. March and General March. Highest authorities. Four years in preparation. Every one waiting for it. Get busy. Outfits 25 cents. Huse Sales Co., Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS! Don't wait longer. Start now taking orders for our "Complete History of the War." Best terms; write today for free outfit. Nichols Co., Naperville, Ill.

$20 DAILY distributing Gen. Pershing, Foch and Wilson pictures; enormous demand; samples free. Twentieth Century Publishing Co., 510 Lindlow St., Philadelphia.

HISTORY OF WORLD WAR—Authentic, complete and illustrated from official photographs of allied governments. Introduction by Gen. March, chief of staff, U. S. A. Big commissions to agents. Prospectus and outfit free. Send 10c for mailing. Bible Educational Society, Seventh and Pine Streets, St. Louis, Mo.

Situation Wanted—Male

FERTILIZER SUPERINTENDENT

15 YEARS' experience; familiar with all branches manufacturing and mixing of fertilizer. References. Address S-577, care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper and office man desires position January 1; married man, age 27; best of reference. Address Bookkeeper, care Constitution.

SALESMAN, well acquainted with Atlanta territory, wants work by January 1. Address S-576, care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED credit man and accountant will be open for change of position Feb. 1st. Present position 9 years. Good reasons for changing. Address F-42, care Constitution.

A-1 experienced, reliable stenographer desires permanent connection. References. Address S-594, Constitution.

WANTED—A position as salesman; four years' experience in city and road; at present employed by large manufacturer as city representative; open after Jan. 15. Address S-583, care Constitution.

YOUNG MAN with high school and business college education desires business position. Address S-593, Constitution.

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper, now employed, desires to change January 1. Desires connection with good firm or corporation where there is chance for advancement. Address "H," Box F-47, care Constitution.

LINOTYPES repaired by expert; will go anywhere. B. B. Ware, 382 Piedmont avenue. Ivy 2687-J.

TWO well experienced machine men, also good auto men, are idle. Address S-568, care Constitution.

YOUNG man just discharged from army desires position with some firm where there is good chance for promotion. An executive position preferred. References. Address S-569, care Constitution.

WANTED—Extra set of books by competent bookkeeper. Box S-575, Constitution.

EXPERT bookkeeper and accountant, 15 years' experience, wishes permanent position. Address S-592, Constitution.

Situation Wanted—Female

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper and typist in general office work, by young lady, age 24 years; five years' experience; can furnish best of references; can begin work December 26 or January 1. Address L. A. H., care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

RICH SOUTH GEORGIA KINDLING. CAN DELIVER IN ANY QUANTITY. CITY COAL COMPANY.

DOLLS! DOLLS!

A Few More Imported Dolls for Sale at The Atlanta Doll Hospital, 143 Marietta St.

PORK SAUSAGE, put up by myself and wrapped in sanitary paper. D. L. THOMAS, 32 EAST ALABAMA ST.

JELLICO COAL—Nut, slack, best on market. Burn-Well Jellico Coal Co. M. 2901.

FOR SALE—Choice Tennessee Red Cobb seed corn; grown in the Mississippi delta; $6.00 per bushel f.o.b. Issaquena. Issaquena Lumber Co., Issaquena, Miss.

Scales—Safes The Howe Scales Co., 18 South Forsyth St.

CALL GATE CITY COAL COMPANY. Teams for heavy haulings. M. 666-J.

Mainspring Put in your watch, 50c. McDuffie, 148 Peachtree.

UNDERWOOD—Model 5, in good condition. West 904-L.

EXPERT safe opening and repairing. Large stock new and second-hand safes. Atlanta Safe Company, 64 West Mitchell street.

FOR FURNITURE BARGAINS GO TO BOORSTEIN'S, 33 N. PRYOR. USED furniture, stoves, ranges, rugs and office furnishings. Ivy 1611.

WE BUY HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

IF show cases for Christmas goods are wanted write us. Prompt service; low prices. Catalogue "C" or salesman sent you upon request. Atlanta Show Case Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—One oil mill complete. Address P. O. Box 29, Branson, S. C.

WE make switches from combings. Price $1.25. Phone Ivy 1966-J. Gallaher Parlors, 70½ Peachtree.

PHONOGRAPH BARGAINS

WE HAVE several talking machines used by salesmen as samples, which we will sell at a big sacrifice. Cash, Liberty Bonds or terms. Raymond Phonograph Co., 21 Auburn avenue, chamber of Commerce Bldg.

BURROUGHS 9-column Duplex adding machine; cost $500; cheap for cash. Call Main 231 after 6 p. m.

SET of Georgia Reports, Park's Code and Michie's Digest. Lawyer, P. O. Box 945, Atlanta.

ONE Victor screw door safe, time locks, compartments below for change, etc., in A-1 condition. P. O. Box 1443, Atlanta.

LEAVING city and will sell Storey & Clark upright piano, in good condition; cheap at $175. Ivy 6316.

ATTENTION

Property Owners and Builders

WE have lot of composition roofing and shingles to close out. Distributors of roofing and paints. 23-37 E. Mitchell street, near Pryor.

AGRICULTURAL LIME
HIGH-GRADE. RELIABLE SHIPPER.
W. M. HUTCHINSON, Box 7, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Piano, in first-class condition; must sell at once; cheap. Lieutenant John S. Rozelle, Co. D, 4th Replacement Regt., Camp Gordon, Ga. Camp Gordon 9160.

PIGS and fat geese. Mrs. J. Ashworth, Oakland City, Avon avenue, last house.

PIANO, mahogany, good make, slightly used, perfect condition; special bargain. Walter Hughes Piano Co., 88 N. Pryor st.

15-H. P. engine and sawmill outfit, $400. McKown & Baker, Morrow, Ga.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—Circular sawmill plant, 50,000 ft. daily capacity, exceptionally located for shipping; 75,000,000 feet of timber available. Reasonable price. Address Box No. 522, Savannah, Ga.

ORANGES—Shipped everywhere, $2.95 and $3.85 crate, f. o. b. Interlachen, Florida. "Hurry." Ladysmith Stock Farm.

COLUMBIA Grafonola; electric motor attachment; no winding; worth $150; sacrifice $85, including records; cash only. Address S-581, care Constitution.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WANTED—2 carloads of second-hand furniture, in small or large lots, for cash. Atlanta Rebuilt Furniture Exchange, 108 S. Forsyth st. Main 778.

WE buy second-hand furniture. Southern Wreckage Co., Main 2806. 109 Peters street.

WANTED—Small iron safe and cash register; state best price for cash. Southern, 151, care Constitution.

WANTED—Old clothes, shoes and ladies' clothes. Call L. Pfeffer, 130 Decatur. Main 1320-L.

THE Salvation Army needs old clothing, furniture, papers, books. Main 2960; Atlanta 1736.

Furniture BOUGHT and sold for cash. S. M. Snider, 62 South Broad street. Main 2610.

HOUSEHOLD goods bought by Central Auction Co., 10-12 E. Mitchell. M. 2424.

RELIABLE party, no children, wishes to rent piano. Ivy 6381.

WE PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR USED FURNITURE. MAIN 156.

Furniture BOUGHT for cash. E. B. Gibson. Main 4647.

WANTED—2d-hnd. furniture, stoves, ranges, gas stoves, heaters, refrigerators, etc. Wonder Furn. Co., M. 1157. 20 E. Mitchell.

WE BUY HOUSE and office furniture, stoves, heaters, refrigerators, etc. BOORSTEIN'S. Ivy 1611.

WANTED—Popcorn on the cob and sorghum syrup. J. T. Collins, 144 Plum st.

WANTED—Atlanta City Directory 1918 at nominal price. Address S-591, Const.

HIDES MILES & COMPANY 305 Marietta St.

WANTED—Coil or water-back tank, heater stove. East Point 530-J.

FURNITURE STOVES AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS, IN ANY QUANTITIES, BOUGHT AT HIGHEST CASH PRICES. SWIFT FURNITURE CO. 17 E. MITCHELL—MAIN 2769.

BUSINESS CHANCES

GEORGE WARE
The Business Broker.
725 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.
If you have any kind of business which you wish to sell, or want to buy a business, see me. Phone Main 1705.

WRITE, PHONE OR CALL for our printed list of "100 Business Opportunities." LIGHTFOOT'S, Peters Bldg. Main 517.

PARTNER WANTED—Well established progressive wholesale house selling staple goods, desires to sell half interest in business to young man not over 35 years old who is of highest character; business has grown beyond present finances and expect to enlarge with other staple lines; exceptional opportunity for right man; must have had wholesale grocery experience, and able to invest $15,000 cash. If you haven't the cash and other qualifications do not answer, as this is a high-class offer. Answer R. H. D., Box S-400, care Constitution.

HANDSOMELY furnished 7-room house in fine residence section. Rent paid until May 1st. Winter's supply of coal and many other extras. Owner says it is easily worth $2,000, but he is ordered to Oregon and offers for quick sale at $750. This is more than a bargain and must be seen to be appreciated. Lightfoot's, 317-18 Peters building. Phone Main 517.

FOR SALE—Established business college in Augusta, in flourishing condition and fine prospects. Must sell on account of death of partner. Address Mrs. D. E. Stack, 1011 Reynolds street, Augusta, Ga.

FOR SALE—My millinery business, in the heart of Atlanta; over $1,200 stock and fixtures: $600 cash. Address Box 10, care Constitution.

EASY fortune for you if you have some money and want to multiply it like planting it right. Constitution, Box S-884.

INSURANCE

"Are You a Mason?"

YOUR SECURITY—Twenty-three years of successful experience writing Masons exclusively. Admitted assets nearly three-quarters of a million dollars.

YOUR PROTECTION—Modern policy contracts. Liberal settlement of claims. Low rates. No assessments.

YOUR DUTY—Protect your income against both disease and accident and ECONOMIZE while doing it.

Give me your age and occupation for full details.

R. L. THURMAN
STATE AGENT.
MASONIC PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.
817 Third National Bank Bldg., IVY 8361.

MONEY TO LOAN

LIBERTY BOND SPECIAL.

We lend market value and make special rates and terms on Liberty Bonds.

We also pay cash for any issue. Special attention given out-of-town bond owners.

O. F. WHITTEN CO.,
201 Flatiron Bldg.
Ivy 6150

SMALL LOANS ON LIBERTY BONDS AT LOW RATES
WE lend full value $50 to $500. Atlanta Discount Co., 818 Atl. Nat'l Bk. Bldg.

Money ON NOTES. PAYMENTS TO SUIT. CONFIDENTIAL. BELLINGER BROS. 219 PEACHTREE ARCADE.

MONEY
For salaried people without indorsement. R. D. ISON COMPANY, 201 PETERS BLDG.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy terms; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

Money furnished salaried people. Business confidential. C. G. Mathis, 33½ South Broad St. Bell Main 3397.

LIBERTY BONDS—Will buy your bonds or interest in them. "F. T." Ivy 4286.

PAY CASH

FOR YOUR NECESSITIES with our money.

LOANS made promptly on furniture, pianos, or anything of value, in amounts of $24 and upward, without removal.

SEE US TODAY and be convinced that our plan is the best.

SURETY LOAN CO.
408 FLATIRON BLDG.

LOANS made promptly, 6, 7 and 8 per cent. E. E. Radenslehen, att'y, 1320 Empire.

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Money FOR all. Easy terms. Hudson & Co., 313 Peters Bldg. M. 4843

LIBERTY BONDS BOUGHT FOR CASH. Want $20,000 in $50 and $100 denomination. E. S. Grant, Ansley hotel.

MONEY—On Real Estate

LONG TIME LOANS AT LOW RATES On Improved Farms, Residential and business property. Inspection invited at Atlanta, Macon, Columbus and various points. Quick Action. Write for Application. Mortgage Loan Department. PAN-AMERICAN LIFE INS. CO., 1305 Whitney Bldg., New Orleans, La.

MONEY

TO LEND—1st or 2d mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 51 N. Forsyth st. Ivy 8369.

WE WILL TAKE UP balance you owe on your Liberty Bonds. Best prices paid for Liberty Bonds, all issues. Fidelity Discount Co., 1006 Fourth National Bank bldg.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGE MONEY MONEY for first mortgages on farm, city or suburban property; limited amount for second mortgage also. Fulton Investment Company, Green, Tilson & McKinney, attorneys, 1701-10 Hurt Building.

Cliff C. Hatcher Ins. Agency
LOAN AGENTS for Investors' Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate, payable monthly. See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

$300 AND UP, city and farm loans. H. F. West, 218 Atlanta National Bank.

FUNDS on hand for loan and purchase money notes. A. P. Liebman, 23 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting

FUNDS here for real estate loans. Quick action; reasonable rates. J. E. Van Valkenburg, 319 Trust Company Georgia bldg.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 or over. Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier, 229 Grant building.

FIRST and second mortgage loans. A. G. Smith, Connally building. Main 2940.

$1,000—$1,500—$2,000—$4,000 TO LEND on improved real estate in Atlanta or suburbs. W. O. Alston, 1206 Third National Bank building.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT 5, 6 and 7 per cent, city improved property. Established 27 years. Prompt and confidential attention. TURMAN & CALHOUN, EMPIRE BLDG

LOANS on farm and city property. W. B. Smith, Phone 16 Ivy. 706 4th Nat'l.

FARM MONEY.
Special Rate for Farms and City Property. S. W. Carson, 414 Empire Bldg.

MONEY to loan on real estate. Smith & Ewing, 66 North Forsyth street.

MONEY TO LEND AT 6 TO 7 PER CENT ON ATLANTA REAL ESTATE. DUNSON & GAY, 409 TRUST COMPANY OF GEORGIA. IVY 567.

MONTHLY money to lend on Atlanta and nearby real estate, payable $2.16 per month on the $100, which includes interest. No delay, money here. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

STOCKS AND BONDS

HOW would you like to own stock in a leading Georgia financial institution that has earned over 20 per cent in dividends? This institution will bear the closest investigation. It has every reason to expect greatly increased profits. The desire is to broaden the scope of its influences and if your standing is satisfactory it will consider your application for some of its unissued stock. Write for particulars. Box S-203, care Constitution.

Purchase Money Notes

WE make real estate loans and buy purchase money notes.

Eiseman & Weil Inv. Co.

Phone M. 3010, 313 Atl. Nat'l Bk. Bldg.

WE HAVE fine demand for real estate purchase money notes. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

MOTORCYCLES

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, model 1918, with side car; used 3 months; property of army officer leaving town. Call afternoons, Apt. 4, 21 N. Moreland avenue.

WANTED—Harley-Davidson side car or van; must be cheap. 46 Edgewood avenue.

AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRS

Welding and Machine Work

Our new garage is now ready to take on general overhauling of automobiles.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

RIDDELL BROS., Inc.

Office 16-18 E. Mitchell St.
Garage 761 Whitehall St.

ANNUAL SALE
OF
STANDARD MAKE
USED CARS

Stearns-Knight 4, Touring
1918 Model 90, Overland Touring
1917 Overland 90, Panel Delivery
1917 Overland 85-4, Touring
1915 Oakland Touring
1916 Willys-Knight, Touring
1916 Overland, 1200-lb., Panel Delivery

WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc.
USED CAR DEPARTMENT
451 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 4270.

BUICK—2-passenger, 4-cylinder, A-1 mechanical condition, with bumper, spot light, 5 good tires, starter and lights; in excellent condition. The very thing for a doctor.

OAKLAND—1917 touring, equipped with bumper, extra tires; run about 5,000 miles. Price on application.

STUDEBAKER—1917, 4-cylinder, 5-passenger; brand-new tires in rear; repainted, starter and electric lights. $400.

PATTERSON AUTO CO.
255 Peachtree Street.
Ivy 6365.

USED CAR VALUES

WE still have on hand a few used cars that have been gone over thoroughly in our shop and are ready for service.

Apperson Show Rooms
239 Peachtree Street.

FORD CAR BARGAINS

1918 Ford Sedan, demountable wheels	$850
1917 Ford Sedan	$690
1918 Ford Coupelet, demountable wheels	$750
1918 Ford, with electric starter	$750
1917 Ford Touring, like new	$550
1917 Ford Touring	$450
1917 Ford Runabout	$400

Several other cheaper cars in stock.

New touring and roadster bodies in stock; also commercial bodies for Ford chassis and trucks.

BEAUDRY MOTOR CO.
169 Marietta Street.

HAVING 2 CADILLACS, BOTH NEWLY PAINTED AND MECHANICALLY PERFECT. WILL SELL ONE FOR CASH. HEMLOCK 1491-L.

FORD CARS
USED CAR DEPARTMENT
BELLE ISLE
380 PEACHTREE ST.

1917 Dodge bargain for quick cash sale. Owner, 201 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 7787.

USED CARS AND TRUCKS.

Twin Six Packard	$2,000
New 1918 Dodge	1,050
Overland sedan	525

We buy, sell, trade or auction used cars. USED CAR CLEARING HOUSE. Second Floor—181 Marietta St.—Main 4231.

FOR SALE—Cadillac "8," late 1917 model, 7-passenger. Beautifully painted, 5 new tires, excellent condition, $2,000. Call Ivy 3749-J.

1918 MODEL Haynes Light Six, 5-passenger, perfect mechanically, newly painted Belgian blue, brand-new tires, rims and battery. Like new in every respect. A high-grade car at a moderate price. Paterson Auto Co., 255 Peachtree. Ivy 6365.

FOR SALE

1 Series 9 Franklin Touring, newly painted, like new in every respect... $1,750
1 Series 8 Franklin Touring, thoroughly overhauled and newly painted... 1,250
1 Series 7 Franklin Touring, overhauled, excellent condition... 750

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR COMPANY
50-61 W. Peachtree St.

NEW AND USED FORDS

IF you want a new Ford or practically new Ford come to ATLANTA AUTO MART, 142 Marietta St.—Main 415.

A BARGAIN

4-CYLINDER Oakland 5-passenger; good condition; for $250 cash. 328 Peachtree street.

AM leaving city, will sell my electric charging board; reasonable; good condition. Hemlock 1786.

Dodge, 1917 model 5-passenger	$1,050
Dodge, 1915 model 5-passenger	750
Hudson 6-40	1,000
Hudson Super Six 7-passenger	1,400
Packard limousine	1,500
Overland coupe, 4-passenger	385
Ford, 1917 model 5-passenger	625
Locomobile; 2 bodies	1,750
Ford; panel body	250

These are rebuilt cars with new tops and newly painted.

J. W. GOLDSMITH, JR.-GRANT CO., INC., 229 Peachtree Street.

BUICK SIX, DRIVEN FOUR MONTHS. CALL MAIN 2917.

HUDSON SUPER SIX, fine condition, $1,500. F. W. Hadley, 87 Gordon st. West 299.

ONE 1918 model Ford touring car; new tires and in first-class condition, $625. A. C. Fraser, Grain, 268 Marietta street.

FOR SALE—Dodge touring car on account of change in salesmen; first-class condition and practically new tires. $650. Apply Mr. Trimbach, 1101 Fourth National Bank Building.

FOR SALE—One Oakland Six, 1917 model, in A-1 condition. Can be seen at 303 Grant st.

DODGE five-passenger touring car; perfect condition; wire wheels, new tires. Cash $800. G. C. Ranson. Main 2682-L.

FORD ROADSTER. GOOD CONDITION. BARGAIN FOR CASH. IVY 3400.

Used Cars BARGAINS. Willys-Overland, Inc., 451 Peachtree.

USED TRUCKS Brigman Motors Co., 255 Peachtree street.

AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRS

Welding and Machine Work

Our new garage is now ready to take on general overhauling of automobiles.

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ANNUAL SALE
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Stearns-Knight 4, Touring
1918 Model 90, Overland Touring
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1916 Willys-Knight, Touring
1916 Overland, 1200-lb., Panel Delivery

WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc.
USED CAR DEPARTMENT
451 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 4270.

USED CARS APPERSON SHOW ROOMS, 239 P'tree St

SEE us for motor truck bargains. Tegder Motor Co., 373 Peachtree.

Used Cars Georgia Velie Sales Co. 457 Peachtree Street.

FORD CARS HILL-HOLDEN CO., 245 P'tree. Ivy 1694.

USED CARS SEE Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree st.

Ford GOOD NEW FORD—Bargains, Haynes 6, Saxon 6, Ford sedan. Dodge. Ford Exchange, 30 Wall st. M. 5207.

USED CARS BEAUDRY MOTOR CO. 169-171 Marietta St.

BARGAIN in used cars. John Lottridge Motor Sales Co., 264 Peachtree.

FORD CARS—When you think of Ford think of Bussey, 188 Peachtree.

BRISCO

4-passenger Country Club Roadster; A-No. 1 mechanical condition guaranteed; newly painted. Will accept Liberty bonds as part payment, balance cash. Main 3713.

BARGAINS IN USED CARS AND TRUCKS. SOUTHERN MOTOR CAR CO., 246 PEACHTREE STREET.

FORD SEDAN—Bosch high tension magneto, demountable rims, two extra, four new Lee puncture-proof tires, storage battery, Neville steering wheel; first-class condition. Telephone Hemlock 34 or call 1051 Peachtree street.

FOR SALE—Babcock Electric; good condition. Call West 1428.

FOR SALE

TWO 1-ton trucks; standard make; brand new; fully equipped with self-starter, electric lights and generator; will sell for half price to quick buyer. Address S-312, care Constituton.

FOR SALE

1 SUPER SIX Hudson sedan; newly painted; in perfect condition; left with us by owner for immediate sale at $1,750; can be seen and inspected in our salesroom.

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.
50-61 W. Peachtree St.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.
5-PASSENGER Chevrolet car for sale or trade. Call B. P., W. 885.

SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES.

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FORD TOPS READY TO SET ON
Other Tops made to order.
Upholstery, Auto Paints and Varnishes, Repainting and Refinishing.

Walker Roofing Company
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Auto Top and Seat Covers
New tops, old tops recovered. For seat covers, come to headquarters.
"We do it better."
ATLANTA AUTO TOP AND TRIMMING CO.
155-157 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

WIRE WHEELS
WE SPECIALIZE ON WIRE WHEELS and REPAIRS.
BRIGMAN MOTORS CO.,
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INQUIRE about Mystic WINDSHIELD CLOTH at 317-318 Peters building.

AUTO STARTERS.
The Rockway
Automatic ($65.00)
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S-T-A-R-T-S.
For agency write
Rockway Sales Co.,
222 Peachtree, Atlanta.

GASOLINE PUMPS AND TANKS

GASOLINE PUMPS AND TANKS—The American Oil, Pump and Tank Co., 23 Auburn avenue.

AUTO TOPS, TRIMMING, PAINTING.

AUTO TOPS, SEAT COVERS, SLIP ON, cushions, curtains and trimmings, made on short notice.
A. C. MILLER & CO.,
33 Gilmer St.

VULCANIZING

FOR BEST vulcanizing at most moderate prices; new and used tires. TWO-IN-ONE TIRE CO., 35 Auburn ave. I. 3238

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
AUTOMOBILE COACH WORK
CARS REPAINTED
Tops recovered and repaired. Wheels, springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVE.

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OFFICIAL SERVICE

ALL makes of electric starters, generators, magnetos, carburetors and ignitors repaired.
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SIMS Magneto Service station. All kinds elec. repairing done. E. H. Odom Bros., Atlanta. Gill stop-leak piston rings, $1 each.

RADIATORS REPAIRED.

BARWALD RADIATOR CO.
21 IVY ST. PRICES RIGHT. IVY 4534.

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Special prices on all Religious Books, Bibles and Testaments.

Complete Line Tillman's Song Books. COLUMBIAN BOOK & STATIONERY CO., 39 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

CARPENTER SHOP.

CITY CARPENTER AND REPAIR SHOP.

GENERAL contractors and builders; alterations and repairs a specialty. 48 South Forsyth street. Main 1655.

GENERAL CONTRACTING.

Potts & Moore CONTRACTORS. 150 Marietta St. M. 5554.

DENTAL WORK.

DENTIST DR. H. JENSEN, 78½ Whitehall street.

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ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery.
58 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5000.
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Bell Phone Ivy 1782.

FURNITURE REFINISHED & REPAIRED.

SUPERIOR UPHOLSTERING CO., 405½ Edgewood Avenue.
Atlanta Phone 1654, or Drop Us a Card.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.

COAL ranges, cook stoves, gas stoves, etc., bought, exchanged. M. 1652-J. 224 Peters st.

HEATING.

HEATING

COMBUSTO installed on your furnace will save 10 per cent to 30 per cent fuel and 40 per cent labor. Costs $25 to $37.50 installed. Results guaranteed.

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Box 681. 87 S. Pryor St.

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BY expert milliners. Newest ideas in frames and trimmings. Large assort. modish hats for matrons and mourning hats. Prices reas. Accts. opened. Mrs. C. H. Smith, 80 Whitehall.

HEMSTITCHING AND DRESSMAKING.

PLAITING, buttons covered, first-class workmanship. Mail orders given prompt attention. Atlanta Hemstitching and Plaiting Co., 73½ Whitehall.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.

OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders give a prompt attention. ACME MATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

LOCKS, KEYS, SAFES, LAWNMOWERS

C. C. DOWNS E

$25,000,000 PROPOSED FOR S. C. HIGHWAYS

Columbia, S. C., December 11.—Meeting in a good roads convention in Columbia today, the South Carolina Automobile association adopted a plan for presentation to the general assembly providing for the issuance of $25,000,000 in state highway bonds to build roads connecting every county seat in the state. The money to retire the bonds will be raised by increasing the automobile license tax. The plan was presented to the convention by R. Goodwyn Rhett, of Charleston, former president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

BEVO

PHONES: Main 1773, Atlanta 7

Prompt Deliveries Made to All Parts of the City

BRADLEY & WOERTZ
DISTRIBUTORS

Alonzo Richardson and Co.
CERTIFIED
Public Accountants
1421 to 1425 EMPIRE BLDG.
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ATLANTA

A gleaming candle in your window signals
Christmas carolers to your house.

Dress up, Men!
Now Look Your Best!

While many of our self-imposed restrictions are now tabooed there is no reason why we shouldn't get our full money's worth in the clothes we buy. And when you buy a Kuppenheimer or High-Art Suit or Overcoat you certainly do get your money's worth.

Quality garments every one. Pledged by their makers and endorsed by Eiseman's to pay good dividends in long satisfactory service and good permanent style.
Fine fabrics. Faultless tailoring.
Spruce models.
All sizes. A host of pleasing patterns. An appropriate, good looking suit and overcoat is here for every man at

$25 to $75

Men of the S. A. T. C.

You valiant men—who did not have a chance to "go over"—but who'd have made good if you had—are now ready to don the "civies" for the khaki. And Eiseman's—Atlanta's livest and best store for men—is ready to serve you with your outfits from A to Z. Always a large array of shirts, hats, gloves, cravats, underwear, sox, shoes, clothes, in fact everything that makes up a man's dress.

EISEMAN'S
50 YEARS IN ATLANTA

GREAT TRADE CHANCES IN LATIN-AMERICA

Baltimore, Md., December 11.—The after-the-war trade possibilities of the United States with South and Central America were pointed out and emphasized by John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American union, in an address before the annual convention of the Southern Commercial congress here today.

Mr. Barrett said that there was no question whatever that the trade possibilities of the United States in the twenty countries of Central and South America are now more inviting than those offered by any other section of the world.

Warning against the "false impression so generally prevailing," that Germany was in control of the Latin-American field before the war, Mr. Barrett said that in the last fiscal year before the war, the total value of the commerce of the United States with the twenty Latin-American countries was several hundred million dollars greater than that of Germany.

If the United States would hold what it has already gained in Latin-America, he said, there must be developed the very best shipping facilities from our seacoasts to those countries; that the banking facilities of this country must be extended to every South and Central American capital, and that there is great need of the financial interests of the United States providing the governments and legitimate undertakings of Latin-America with the necessary loans and capital to develop those lands.

PECANS PAPER SHELL

Sent prepaid on receipt of check, 5 lbs., $3.75; 10 lbs. $7.00; 100 lbs. $60. Excellent Xmas Gifts for whole family. Pecan Trees and Groves for sale.

I. F. CHENEY PECAN CO.
ALBANY, GA.

DAY OF ISOLATION PASSED FOREVER

Daniels Tells Southern Congress United States Must Look After Welfare of Men in Every Clime.

Baltimore, Md., December 11.—A banquet in honor of the diplomatic representatives of the allies was the climax of today's proceedings of the Southern Commercial congress. Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels and officials of several embassies attended the banquet, together with several senators and congressmen. Judge Robert Worth Bingham, president of the congress, was toastmaster.

Speeches were made at the banquet by Secretary Daniels, John Temple Graves, C. E. Roberts, vice president of the City National Bank of New York, and General Calidette, a French veteran of the Marne. Asked how many American soldiers fought at Chateau Thierry General Calidette answered he did not know, but he knew hundreds of thousands of American hearts were there and they won the battle.

Day of Isolation Gone.

"The day of isolation in the United States has passed for good or ill, and I profoundly believe it is for good. This republic must concern itself with every problem that touches the people of every portion of the world," declared Secretary of the Navy Daniels in an address at a banquet given here tonight by the Southern Commercial Congress in honor of the diplomatic representatives of the nations associated with the United States in the world war. The secretary said that the Monroe doctrine would always abide as a pillar of cloud by day and a pillar of fire by night. "But our interests," he added, "while closer, are to be made still more intimate and cordial with other American republics, and must embrace the welfare of men in every clime and under every sky."

Referring to the peace congress, Secretary Daniels said the American representatives would insist upon such provisions in the treaty as will give to smaller nations the same rights that greater nations will enjoy and the elimination of any measures that may produce irritation and make possible another war. "We look for sound definitions and perfect safeguards for the freedom of the seas and such a league of nations or high tribunal with powers to enforce decrees as will give to all peoples the security from the danger of war as will enable them to work out their own destiny and enlarged prosperity," the secretary said.

In order to allow the country to defend its own the liberties of other free peoples the secretary said it would be the part of wisdom for this congress to authorize another three-year program of naval construction identical in power with the program adopted three years ago.

"The day must never come again when the product of America must depend upon foreign bottoms," said the secretary in conclusion. "We have relearned how to build and operate merchant ships and we shall continue to do so."

Atlanta Resolutions.

The convention reached its main stage and purpose today in the trade expension discussion, when resolutions drafted last October in Atlanta, Ga., were brought up for discussion.

They will be adopted or amended at the trade meeting tomorrow when officers of the congress will be elected. At the session of the trade expansion department this afternoon, Senator Smith, of South Caroline, pointed out the menace of an immediate cotton famine; Senator Hoke Smith discussed the American navy as a factor in patrolling the seas, and suggested its equalization to the British navy by the confiscation of surrendered German vessels.

S. Guyt McLendon, of Georgia, told of the advantages of the Florida canal.

At the trade sessions in the morning, John Hays Hammond criticised the activities of Americans in other countries who have hindered investments in those countries by professing a distrust of their own countrymen. The women's auxiliary sessions were addressed by Mrs. Josephus Daniels, wife of the secretary of the navy, who discussed her work in connection with the activities of the Y. W. C. A., during the months of the war.

Mrs. Ida Clyde Clark, of Washington and New York, editor of The Pictorial Review, suggested an organization of successful business women to advance to all business women a sense of job consciousness and the spiritual possibilities in their work.

Colonel Cameron, of North Carolina, vice-president of the United States Good Roads association, and Mr. J. A. Rountree, secretary of the association, appealed to the women to take an active part in promoting the cause of good roads.

Mrs. Algeron Sartoris, wife of a grandson of President Grant, spoke upon the work of the women in France and the devastation she has witnessed there.

MEN IN FEZES "OWN THE HOUSE" AT LYRIC SHOW

The Lyric Wednesday evening was the property of the Shriners for the first performance. Practically every man in the well-filled house wore the fez, and the women present were their wives, sweethearts and friends. The fraternal enthusiasm reached its height when the chanters, led by their director, Frank Cundell, started without announcement at the conclusion of one of the acts, a parody on "Are You From Dixie?" entitled "Are You a Shriner?" The applause forced the singers to the stage where they gave some rousing favorites.

There were some jokes put off on local nobles by one of the comedians, making the performance a true Atlanta Shriners' evening. George M. Napier, potentate, announced memorial services Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at Trinity church for Lieutenant Wiley Sutton, a former member of the Shrine, killed in action in France. All Shriners are asked to attend.

Following the entertainment at the theater the crowd went to the Elks hall, where there were dancing and refreshments, with plenty of good music.

Mrs. W. Joel Dabney, Jr., Passes Away After Short Illness With Pneumonia

Mrs. W. Joel Dabney, Jr., died at 6:20 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at St. George's infirmary. Death was the result of influenza-pneumonia. Mrs. Dabney had been ill only a few days, and her death is made sadder on account of her age, she being only 19 years old.

Besides her husband, she is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Crawford, and a sister, Miss Francis Crawford, all of Thomasville, Ga.; and her father and mother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dabney.

The funeral will be held at 11 o'clock Thursday morning from the residence, on Ponce de Leon and Candler street, in Decatur, with interment in Decatur. H. M. Patterson is in charge.

Mrs. Dabney was a devout member of the Episcopal church, and the entire community mourns her loss, and extends deep sympathy to the bereaved family.

Six young women wearing caps and gowns have appeared as ushers in an Episcopal church in Philadelphia to take the place of men in military service.

German Atrocities Vivi dly Described by Doctor Hillis

Showing pictures which vigorously and convincingly supported his tales of German atrocities and ravages, Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis gave last evening at the Auditorium, speaking in the Lyceum course, a description of horrors which he had witnessed and crimes whose results he had seen, which stirred and staggered the large audience who listened to his address on "The Atrocities of Germany."

Dr. Hillis is well known to the people of Atlanta through his daily articles on the war in The Constitution, written out of a direct and personal knowledge of the events which have been transpiring on th other side of the water. Dr. Hillis spent the last two summers in Europe, and had the opportunity of seeing the conflict from every angle.

Compared to Beecher.

Referring to Dr. Hillis' interpretation of issues growing out of the war as he has been enabled to do through his visits to the battlefields, Charles J. Haden, who introduced the speaker, compared his mission now to that of his successor at the famous Plymouth church in Brooklyn, Henry Ward Beecher.

"In 1861, when the storm of war broke over America, Henry Ward Beecher, the pastor of Plymouth, was sent by Abraham Lincoln to tell the people of Great Britain, from pulpit and platform, the truth from the federal viewpoint, and the result of Mr. Beecher's visit in shaping the policy of England was long felt. Fifty-six years afterwards the pastor of the same Plymouth church, Newell Dwight Hillis, was sent to visit storm-stricken Europe and report the whole truth to the American people. Old Plymouth church is proud of its record of service not only to God, but to the government."

The eloquence of Dr. Hillis, which has made him one of the foremost ministers and public speakers in America, was at its best last evening as he talked on a subject on which he feels profoundly and speaks fearlessly.

"Every American," he said, "who has passed through France and the edge of Belgium this year has returned home a permanently saddened man. German cruelty and French agony have cut a bloody gash in the heart, and there is no Dakin solution that can heal the wound."

History's "Sickening Page."

The statement that "the cold catalogue of German atrocities now documented and in the government archives of the different nations makes up the most sickening page in history" was proved by the actual photographs which were thrown on the screen toward the close of the lecture.

A picture of the token which is carried by the German soldier showed this motto. "Strike him dead. The day of judgment will not ask for any reason." There was a picture of some twenty French farmers who had been taken by the Germans with a view to using them for workmen, slain in an open field when their victors were tired of the job of taking them along. Another picture of unusual interest was that reproducing the great cathedral of Rheims with a cloud of smoke arising from it directly after the first shot had been fired on it by the barbarous Hun.

In one day Mr. Hillis said he and those with him saw 26 devastated villages and a picture of the main street of one of them where nothing was left but wreckage and destruction presented the best preserved scene in them all. Even the orchards were ruthlessly cut down in the work of pillage and not a tree with an evidence of fruit was left standing where an ax was available. But the personal inhumanities were much more infamous, and Dr. Hillis told of these with the utmost indignation.

Would Bar Criminals.

Discussing the peace conference, Dr. Hillis declared that he was heartily opposed to the Germans, murderers that they are, having a place at the peace table. "It is customary for the judge and jury to pass upon the case of a prisoner while he awaits the sentence of death in his box. It is a new problem in civilization for a robber, a criminal to sit with the justices in a discussion of a settlement." And then in an outburst of fervor, the eminent divine added: "I hope to live to see the kaiser with a rope around his neck. There have been many suggestions as to his punishment. A couple of million years in hell would satisfy my idea of justice."

Dr. Hillis told of seeing a German officer taken prisoner and putting the question to him, "How are things going with your side?"

"Oh," replied the officer, "we were repulsed a little today, but the good old German god is still on our side."

A very cocky little Frenchman who overheard this, interrupted with, "You may have the good old German god, but we have the Americans."

This brought laughter and applause and Dr. Hillis then said, "The German god is my devil. The Germans have had God and the devil mixed up for four and a half years."

The spirit of the soldier as it has been manifested on the French battlefields was characterized by Dr. Hillis in quoting an expression of one of them who said, "We sleep in mud, we bathe in blood, but our souls, our souls, sir, are with the stars."

Dr. Hillis is now on a tour of the southern states and he leaves Thursday at noon for Greenville and other points. He returns Sunday evening to give an address at Camp Gordon for the boys there.

Body of Woman Found In River Believed That Of Officer's Missing Wife

Columbus, Ga., December 11.—The body of a woman, believed to be that of Mrs. H. P. Perrine, was found late today in the Chattahoochee river near Sneads, Fla., 21 miles below Columbus, by Dr. T. N. Hughes. Mrs. Perrine, who was the wife of Major H. P. Perrine, U. S. A., located at Fort Benning, disappeared on November 18 and nothing had been heard from her since.

A description of clothing and jewelry found on the body today tallied with that of Mrs. Perrine on the day of her disappearance, and Captain U. M. Elmendorff left here today to attempt an identification Major Perrine left today for Atlantic City to visit his parents before information of the discovery was received here.

Mrs. Perrine was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theophilus Allen, of Palo Alto, Cal. She left her home here on the afternoon of November 18, teling friends that she was going to fill an engagement for a golf match.

When she failed to return a search was instituted by soldiers from Fort Benning, but no trace of the missing woman was ever found, and her disappearance had remained a mystery until today's discovery.

Women's Higher Education in Japan.

(From The Detroit News.)

"Higher education for women is one of the latest developments in Japan," writes the editor of the Tokio Asahi. "Although Japan possesses two institutions called 'Women's universities,' they are only technical colleges (meaning for the instruction of teachers). They differ greatly in scholarship rank from the men's universities. One imperial university opens its doors to women students, the Tohoku Imperial university, at Sendai, and has two or three girl pupils. Recently three women have been graduated from that institution with the degree of M. A.

Collecting dandelions, an Italian woman living in Philadelphia has been able to save $2,000 during the last forty years. She has supported herself since her husband died, forty years ago, selling dandelions to her countrymen in the Quaker City.

Taffy, a dog living on a ranch in Oregon, pays no attention to the rings on a seven-party telephone line unless the call is four rings, which means that the ranch is wanted. Then he rushes to hunt up his mistress and gives four short banks.

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—Dr. R. H. KLINE CO., Department D 32, RED BANK, N. J.

PRO-GERMAN CHARGE DENIED BY GROSSCUP

New York, December 11.—Peter S. Grosscup, of Highland Park, Ill., former judge of the United States circuit court of appeals, made public here tonight a letter he had written to United States Senator Knute Nelson, of the senate judiciary committee, protesting against inclusion of his name in a list of alleged pro-Germans furnished the committee in the investigation of propaganda in this country.

Except for an article published in the fall of 1914 blaming Russia for the conditions out of which the war arose, and an interview given to The Washington Post following the sinking of the Lusitania advocating "separation of passengers crossing the ocean from ammunition-bearing ships," Mr. Grosscup declared he had written or spoken nothing that could have led to placing his name on the pro-German list.

"I have been in no one's employ in connection with the war," said his letter. "I received no compensation for anything I wrote or spoke. I belonged to no league or other organization and spoke for none except the National Security league."

EVERYTHING GERMAN BARRED BY LONDON

Brussels, December 11.—The board of aldermen today approved a motion to insert in city contracts a clause barring the use of any product of German origin. For infraction of the new law the holder of the contract may be fined one-quarter of the total amount involved.

The aldermen also recommended that the city services should not ask estimates for work from citizens of enemy countries or from persons who have worked for or dealt with the enemy.

Porto Rico Sugar.

San Juan, P. R., December 11.—The sugar grinding season in Porto Rico opened this week with three centrals in operation. The prospect is good for small quantities of new sugar to reach the refineries before the new year.

Army Remount Stock.

Washington, December 11.—Army remount stock on hand when the armistice was signed included 477,262 animals, a war department report issued today shows. Of these, 113,725 were cavalry and riding horses, 186,348 draft horses, 144,611 draft mules and 17,298 pack and riding mules, the remainder being unclassified.

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WE GIVE YOU 4 MONTHS TO PAY

And Arrange Payments to Suit Your Convenience

Ladies' Suits Ladies' Coats
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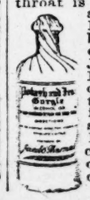
Girls' Coats, $4.98 Up
MEN'S SUITS and OVERCOATS
BOYS' SUITS, OVERCOATS and MACKINAWS

Hub Style Shop
83 WHITEHALL STREET

Stop That Sore Throat!



Neglect of hoarseness and sore throat is doubly dangerous in cold and changeable weather. It leads to most serious bronchial and lung diseases. Stop it NOW with JACOBS' POTASH AND IRON GARGLE, which is cooling and soothing to the throat and allays the inflammation. It gives sure and prompt relief. Four-ounce bottle, 25 cents; by mail, 30c. At Jacobs' Pharmacy—stores all over Atlanta.—(adv.)

BRITISH ARCHIPELAGO MAY BE FEDERATED

Sydney, Australia, November 8.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Pronouncement by Arthur J. Balfour, British secretary of state for foreign affairs, that Germany's colonies will not be returned to her after war, revives in Australia and New Zealand animated discussion of the future of all the islands in the Pacific south of the equator.

Whatever conclusion is reached by the allies at the peace conference as to the disposition of German New Guinea and German Samoa, not to mention the Marshall, Caroline and Ladrone groups, it is generally admitted that an entire recasting of the various administrations of the British islands is needed to develop their great potential wealth, afford security for trade and insure adequate defense.

It is believed that a federation of all the British archipelago under a central authority having its seat of government at the most convenient center will eventuate after the war.

Thus, in effect, a new state would be created which might be called the British Pacific Federation, and might be administered by a governor general or high commissioner. Such a governor general or high commissioner would not be concerned with the local governmental affairs of any particular group, but with the federation as a whole. He might be assisted by a council composed of appointed officials, representatives elected by each island group, and trade commissioners representing Great Britain, Australia, New Zealand and Canada. Local legislatures would, under such a scheme as this, have as large a measure of self-government as compatible with the proportion of whites to South Sea islanders and Asiatics, incapable at present of self-government.

It is pointed out here, however, that if the British islands are federated, means of communication between them must be provided in order that their administration and general welfare may obtain. Existing steamer services radiate from Sydney, in Australia, and Auckland, in New Zealand, but groups served by any one line have no connecting link with adjacent islands served by other lines, or with China and India, save by way of Sydney.

Attention is called to the now well known fact that just prior to the war Germany was engaged in linking up her Pacific island possessions with the east with a view to a monopoly of the copra trade, and it is argued from this that if there should be a comprehensive British steamship service with Singapore at one end and New Zealand at the other insuring a continuous supply of Asiatic labor for the islands, it would greatly contribute to the material benefit of the proposed federation.

Not only will German New Guinea or Kaiser Wilhelm land, and German Samoa be disposed of at the peace table, but the exceedingly valuable phosphate island, Nauru, the German Solomons, the Bismarck Archipelago, the Marshalls, Carolines and Ladrones.

BOLSHEVIK FORCES REPULSED BY ALLIES

Archangel, December 11.—The Bolsheviki forces were repulsed with considerable losses when they launched strong attacks against the Russo-allied positions on the sector between the Dvina and the railroad near Narasevo Saturday. Fighting in the snow-clad forests, the Anglo-Russian troops captured considerable booty in a counter advance. On the Pinega sector the Russo-Americans have withdrawn to more tenable positions than the villages far up the river which they recently captured.

LODGE NOTICES

B. P. O. of Elks.

A regular session of Atlanta Lodge, No. 78, B. P. O. of Elks, will be held this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers cordially invited to meet with us. Fraternally,

CHAS. W. BERNHARDT, Exalted Ruler.

THEO MAST, Secretary.

The regular convention of Capital City Lodge, No. 33, Knights of Pythias, will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in Pythian Castle hall, Forsyth building. Officers will be elected for the ensuing term. Visiting brothers cordially welcomed.

J. B. RICHARDSON, Chancellor Commander.

MILTON CRONHEIM, K. of R. & S.

The regular meeting of Barnes Lodge, No. 55, I. O. O. F., will be held in Odd Fellows hall, West Alabama and Broad streets, Thursday night, December 12, at 7:30 o'clock. All members urged to be present. Members of other lodges cordially invited. Annual election of officers will take place.

J. HUNT, N. G.

THOS. J. BUCHANAN, Secretary.

A regular convocation of Decatur Chapter, No. 119, R. A. M., will be held this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock in the Masonic Temple, Decatur, Ga. Work in the degrees. All companions are urged to attend.

WALTER E. HANCOCK, High Priest.

A. R. ALMON, Secretary.

A regular communication of Kirkwood Lodge, No. 548, F. & A. M., will be held this (Thursday) evening, December 12, 1918, at 7:30 o'clock. The Fellowcraft degree will be conferred. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited. By order of

H. W. DEWS, W. M.

T. J. NORMAN, Secretary.

The regular communication of Capitol View Lodge, No. 640, F. & A. M., will be held this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. The Entered Apprentice degree will be conferred by Sam Johnson, of Piedmont lodge, on a class of ten candidates. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited. By order of

ALFRED M. TURNER, W. M.

CARL DOLVIN, Secretary.

A called communication of Lebanon Lodge, No. 655, F. & A. M., will be held this (Thursday) afternoon, December 12, 1918, at Lebanon Temple, corner Georgia avenue and South Pryor street, beginning at 12:30 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, George C. Bullard. All duly qualified brethren are cordially invited to meet with us. By order of

M. T. WALKER, Acting W. M.

J. BEN DANIEL, Secretary.

The regular communication of Atlanta Lodge, No. 59, F. & A. M., will be held in the Masonic Temple, corner Peachtree and Cain streets, this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp. The Fellowcraft degree will be conferred. Candidates for examination and advancement will please present themselves promptly. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited to meet with us.

J. B. BRADFORD, W. M.

B. GRAHAM WEST, Acting Sec.

The regular communication of John R. Wilkinson Lodge, No. 432, F. & A. M., will be held in its temple, corner of Bellwood avenue and Ashby street, this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. All candidates for examination are requested to be present. Work in the Entered Apprentice degree. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited to attend. By order of

C. A. PITTS, W. M.

O. N. M'ELROY, Secretary.

A regular communication of Chamblee, Ga., Lodge, No. 444, will be held this evening. Work in Entered Apprentice degree. Qualified brothers invited.

P. C. COKER, W. M.

C. V. TAPP, Secretary.

Peachtree Street

That portion of Peachtree street extending from Fifteenth street out to West Peachtree junction is a residential section of especial attractiveness.

The average value of homes in those three squares is $50,000.

Few of them are ever offered for sale; when such are offered buyers are readily found.

The place we have for sale is located near Seventeenth street. THE PRICE IS $20,000. Terms as follows:

Cash required	$ 5,500
One year 6 per cent	5,500
First mortgage, 5½ per cent, 1921	9,000
Total	$20,000

Prompt action is necessary to secure a residence like this at such a price.

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40½ LUCKIE STREET—Loft. The only one left, 40x100.
544 WEST PEACHTREE ST.—Ten-room house.
157 WHITEHALL ST.—Storeroom.
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IVY 825-5560. 314 CANDLER BLDG.

FUNERAL NOTICES

GOBER—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Randolph Gober, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Karr and Mrs. I. E. Gober are invited to attend the funeral of little Frederick Randolph Gober, Jr., today (Thursday), December 12, 1918, at 10 a. m., from the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son. The interment will be at North View cemetery.

ALLEN—Friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Leroy J. Allen, Messrs. Charlie, Henry W., Roy and Misses Bessie, Lucy, Margarite and Mabelle Allen are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Leroy J. Allen today (Thursday), December 12, at 12 o'clock noon from chapel of Barclay & Brandon, Rev. A. A. Little officiating. Interment at Demopolis, Ala., Friday.

SPRINGER—The friends of Mrs. F. M. Springer, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Springer, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Treadwell, Mr. C. E. Springer and Mrs. Eliza Summerly are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. F. M. Springer from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. W. Springer, 283 Gordon street, at 11 o'clock this morning. Interment at Griffin, Ga., train leaving at 12:20 p. m. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

WILLIAMS—The relatives of Mr. W. G. Williams, Mr. J. O. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lowry and Mrs. Willie Russell are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. W. G. ("Uncle Bill") Williams at 10 a. m. at Greenberg & Bond Co.'s parlors today, December 12, Pastor Homer Bush, of Barnesville, officiating. Bolton Lodge of Masons will be in charge of funeral. Grandsons will act as pallbearers.

DABNEY—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. W. Joel Dabney, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. George C. Crawford, of Thomasville, Ga., Miss Frances Mary Crawford, of Thomasville, Ga., and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dabney are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. W. Joel Dabney, Jr., Friday, December 13th, 1918, 11:00 a. m., at the residence of W. J. Dabney, Ponce de Leon avenue and Candler street, in Decatur, Ga. Pallbearers will please meet at the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son at 10 o'clock. Interment at Decatur.

BULLARD—The friends of Chief and Mrs. George C. Bullard, Mrs. Florence Bullard, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Bullard, Mr. J. A. Bullard, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bullard, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Doster, of Macon, Ga., and Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Tribble, of Macon, Ga., are invited to attend the funeral of Chief George C. Bullard this (Thursday) afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Baptist Tabernacle, Lebanon lodge, F. & A. M. No. 655, will have charge of the services at the tomb in West View. The pallbearers will be Mr. J. C. Little, Sergeant T. D. Shaw, Sergeant W. F. Reed, Captain A. L. Poole, Captain E. L. Jett and Mr. J. J. Cowan. The police commissioners, pallbearers and escort from police department will meet at the chapel of Harry G. Poole at 1:30 o'clock.

KAMPER—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Louis E. Kamper, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Kamper, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Kamper, Jr., Captain and Mrs. F. H. Knauff, of Philadelphia, Pa.; Miss Catherine L. Kamper, of New York City; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Spilman, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Mr. Harry Spilman, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Miss Ethel Spilman, of Harrisonburg, Va., and Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Meakin, are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Louis E. Kamper today (Thursday), December 12, 1918, at 2:30 p. m., from St. Luke's Episcopal church. The Rev. C. B. Wilmer will officiate. The interment will be at West View cemetery. The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the office of H. M. Patterson & Son at 1:45 o'clock: Mr. J. Cross, Mr. Carlton Buchanan, Mr. Leroy Webb, Professor Richard Lowndes, Mr. R. W. Evans and Mr. H. M. Hall. The employees of the C. J. Kamper Grocery company will attend in a body and will meet at the church at 2:15 o'clock. The following members of the Retail Grocers' association will act as an honorary escort and meet at the church at 2:45 o'clock: Mr. R. L. Barge, Mr. T. W. Brooks, Mr. E. L. Brooks, Mr. M. Weinberg, Mr. C. D. Wilson, Mr. J. G. Rainey, Mr. W. T. Akin, Mr. E. H. Barnett, Mr. J. H. Bullock, Mr. O. E. Suttles, Mr. O. L. Starnes, Mr. R. C. Kistner, Mr. J. T. Connells, Mr. C. J. McCoy, Mr. J. P. Eve, Mr. V. Chelena, Mr. J. H. Merritt, Mr. George McGaughey, Mr. D. G. McNair, Mr. T. I. McAndrew, Mr. R. A. McMurray, Mr. S. E. Nissenbaum, Mr. Charles Austin, Mr. A. C. Hilderbrand, Mr. O. T. Camp and Mr. N. O. Arrington.

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Portland, Maine.

The albatross spends its life, with the exception of a few weeks given each year to nesting, entirely at sea, and is on the wing practically all the time. Furthermore, it does not progress by flapping its wings, as most birds do, but seems to soar at will, rarely, if ever, giving a stroke of the wing, seeming to need no impetus. At nesting time, which is early in the year, the albatross repairs to an isolated island, such as one of the Crozet islands, in the Southern Indian ocean, or Tristan da Cunha, in the South Atlantic ocean.